Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIV. PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY, JULY 8, 1869. NUMBER 153.

FIRST EDITION.

TWELVE O'CLOCK, M.

THE CAPITAL.

Gen. Spinner Designated Custodian of the Sinking Fund—June Disbursements—More Bonds to be Purchased—President Going to Long Branch—Frauds at New Orleans—Iron Clad Oath in Virginia.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, July 7, 1869.

TREASURY MATTERS.

Secretary Boutwell to-day appointed Gen. F. E. Spinner, U. S. Treaurer, Custodian of the Sinking Fund and of such bonds as may be bought subject to the future action of Congress, with instructions that they must be charged to the account of registered bonds, and books opened which at all times must show the true condition of the fund. He is also instructed to open an interest account with the sinking fund, and credit it with all the interest due, or bonds bought on account of the sinking fund, subject to the future action of Congress, and purchase new bonds with such interest, to be added to the sinking fund.

The following are the disbursements for June:

Civil and Miscellaneous	$3,829,388
War	$5,253,298
Navy	$2,685,096
Indian and Pensions	$2,082,416

The above does not include the amount paid on account of public debt.

Receipts of Internal Revenue to-day, $204,111.

GOING TO LONG BRANCH.

The President will next week accompany his family to Long Branch and occasionally during the summer will be absent from this city, but at no time over two weeks, perhaps never for so long a period. His travelling movements will depend on the state of public business, which will receive his attention at Washington whenever its importance shall so require.

NOT YET SUBMITTED.

The question of administering the iron clad oath to members elect of the Virginia Legislature has not yet been submitted to the Attorney General for his opinion. The President is waiting, before doing so, the receipt of the correspondence which called forth the letter of General Canby, to the effect that the taking of this oath will be necessary.

THE SPANISH MISSION.

It may now be stated with more certainty than heretofore, that Minister Sickles has not been instructed to negotiate for the purchase of Cuba, and the additional assurance comes from one of the best sources of official information that the Government is not looking to the purchase of territory in any other quarter.

MORE BONDS TO BE PURCHASED.

The Secretary of the Treasury has directed the Assistant Treasurer at New York to purchase three millions of United States bonds on Friday next, to be held subject to the future action of Congress. The currency balance in the Treasury has been reduced about six million dollars since the 1st of July, by the withdrawal of the necessary amount to purchase three million dollars of bonds, and $2,500,000 to-day for the use of the army.

FRAUDS AT NEW ORLEANS.

Special Treasury Agent Kinsella, now here, is writing his report. The understanding is that it seriously implicates parties in New Orleans in high standing, as well as former officers of customs, not however including Kellogg and Stockdale. The report in substance substantiates the *Picayune's* statements of customs frauds.

COLUMBUS, OHIO.

The Democratic State Convention—Gen. Rosecrans Nominated for Governor—The Platform Adopted.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

COLUMBUS, July 7.—The Democratic State Convention met at two P. M. and organized with Hon. P. Van Trump as President. General W. S. Rosecrans was nominated for Governor on the second ballot. The other nominations are Lieut. Governor, T. J. Godfrey, of Mercer; Supreme Judge, W. J. Gilmore, of Preble; Treasurer of State, Stephen Buhner, of Cleveland; Attorney General, Colonel J. M. Connell, of Fairfield; Board of Public Works, Benjamin Churchill, of Hamilton.

The State Executive Committee, located at the Capital, are Allen J. Thurman, John G. Thompson, Jacob Reinhard, Geo. W. Meeker, R. P. L. Baber.

The following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That the exemption from tax of over two thousand five hundred million dollars in government bonds and securities is unjust to the people and ought not to be tolerated, and that we are opposed to any appropriation for the payment of interest on the public debts until they are made subject to taxation.

Resolved, That the claims of bondholders that the bonds which were bought with greenbacks, and the principal of which is by law payable in currency, should nevertheless be paid in gold, is unjust and extortionate, and if persisted in will inevitably force upon the people the question of repudiation.

Resolved, That we denounce the high protective tariff, which was designed only in the interests of the New England manufacturers; that said tariff is also, by its enormous impositions on salt, sugar, tea, coffee and necessaries, unendurable and oppressive, especially upon the people of the West, and that we demand its repeal and the substitution of another based upon revenue principles alone, upon the closest possible approximation to absolute free trade.

Resolved, That the Democratic party of the United States have always been permanently friendly to the rights and interests of the laboring man, that they are in favor of a limited number of hours in all manufacturing workshops, hours dictated by the physical and mental well-being of the laborer; that they favor the most liberal laws in regard to household and homestead exemption from sale and execution; that they are also in favor of liberal grants of land from the public domain to the actual settler, without any cost, and are opposed to the donation of them to swindling railroad corporations; and that they are generally friendly to the system of measures advocated by the labor and industrial congresses; and we pledge the Democratic party, if restored to power, to exercise their influence in giving them practical application.

Resolved. That the attacks of Governors Hayes and Lee upon the doings of the late General Assembly are false in fact, malicious in spirit, and unworthy of gentlemen occupying their elevated positions.

Resolved, That the late General Assembly were called upon to make large and extraordinary appropriations to rebuild the burned Lunatic Asylum, to provide a reform school for girls, to construct a new blind asylum, to make appropriations to pay over $80,000 of a judgment obtained in the Supreme Court of the State in favor of the Life Insurance and Trust Company, and to meet a deficiency of over $20,000 of the preceding Republican Legislature, all of which, together with the extra compensation paid to members under a law passed by a Republican Legislature, were provided for without an increase of the State levy, and the appropriations in the aggregate are much less than those of the preceding Republican Legislature, without abstracting $80,000 from the relief fund for the maimed and disabled soldiers and their families.

Resolved, That we hereby return our thanks to the Fifty-eighth General Assembly for their economical expenditures in the administration of the State Government, and for the exposal of the wholesale frauds in the erection of State buildings, whereby the people were swindled out of half a million of dollars by the negligence of Republican State officials.

Resolved, That it is the right of each State to decide for itself who shall possess the elective franchise within it; that by the attempt to regulate suffrage in Ohio, by means of the so-called Fifteenth Constitutional amendment, is subversive of the principles of the Federal Constitution.

Resolved, That the policy and legislation of the Radical party directly tend to destroy all the reserved rights of the States and convert the Republic into a consolidated despotism; that whether such despotism be exercised by an Emperor, a President, or a Congress, the result would be fatal to liberty and good government; that consolidation in this country means the absolute dominion of monopoly and aggregate capital over the lives, the liberty and the property of the toiling masses.

Resolved, That we denounce the national banking system as one of the worst outgrowths of the bonded debt, which unnecessarily increases the burden of the people thirty millions of dollars annually, and that we demand its immediate repeal.

Resolved, That the trial and sentence to death by military commission of a citizen of Texas, not in the military or naval service, when the civil courts were in the unobstructed exercise of their functions in that State, and in the time of profound peace, and the approval of that sentence by Accident Grant, are violations of the most sacred rights of American citizens, guaranteed by their Constitutions, State and Federal, and deserve and should receive the severest condemnation of every lover of liberty and constitutional government.

Resolved, That the numerous palpable and high handed usurpations of the party in power, their many public and private acts of tyrany, trampling under foot the civil law and the guarantees of the Constitution, their continuing to deprive sovereign States of representation in Congress and to govern said States by mere military rule, show them to be the party of despotism and unworthy the confidence and support of a free people.

Resolved, That we extend the right hand of fellowship and recognize as brethren in a common cause all conservative men, not heretofore Democrats, who will unite with us in rescuing the Government from the unworthy hands into which it has fallen, and we pledge the united and cordial support of the two hundred and fifty thousand Democrats in Ohio, whom we represent, to the ticket nominated by this Convention and presented by us to the suffrages of the people of Ohio.

The State Executive Committee organized this evening by electing John G. Thompson, Chairman, Geo. W. Meeker, Secretary, and Jacob Reinhard, Treasurer.

PHILADELPHIA.

The Registry Law Declared Constitutional by the Supreme Court--Twenty-ninth Judicial District Case.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, July 7.—The Supreme Court in *banc* this morning declared constitutional the Registry Law as passed by the Legislature. The decision is very lengthy and includes the opinions of Judges Agnew, Read and Williams. Judges Sharswood and Thompson dissented.

The decision reverses the decree of the Court of *Nisi Prius*, and the special injunction is dissolved. The decision concludes as follows:

"It is true there is a kind of liberty this registry law will destroy. It is that licentious, that odious freedom, which surrenders the polls to hirelings and vagabonds, outcasts from home and honest industry, men who have no citizenship or stake in the Government, men who will commit perjury, violence and murder itself.

"To prevent this is the purpose of this law, and it should have the aid of fair men of all parties to give it a fair trial and secure its true end.

"It may have defects. Doubtless it has; and what system devised by the wit of man has not? But its defects, if any, should be remedied as they are disclosed by experience.

"The law is not unconstitutional. It is a part of the political system of the State on which its affairs and its very continuance depends, and we, as a Court, have no right to put our hands upon the whole system on the ground of mere hardship, and for defects of regulation which are not clear or very spirit of the Constitution."

Judgment entered this morning determines that the act of Assembly passed at the last session repealing the act creating the Twenty-ninth Judicial District and transferring Lycoming county to the Fourth District, is null and void, being unconstitutional. Judge Gamble, therefore, retains his office as Judge of that District, according to the original act of Assembly.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

NEWS BY CABLE.

The Irish Church Bill—Comments of the Press on the Action of the House of Lords—Progress of the French Cable—Ministerial Crisis in Spain Over—The Ecumenical Council at Rome.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, July 7.—The *Daily News* says the Irish Church bill will leave the House of Lords with a very different character from which it entered, and much less acceptable to the country. It will be quite impossible for the Commons to accept the amendments made by the Peers, and it will be their duty to restore the bill in its original form. The Lords have done their best to spoil the measure. They prudently abstained from rejecting, and the Commons must transform the deformed.

The *Times*, commenting on the last night's debate, says: By their last act the House of Lords have completed the transformation of the Ministerial scheme. They have refused by a majority of seventy to approve the clause appropriating the surplus funds of the Church, and have preferred to reserve the question for future consideration. The meaning of the vote is not obscure. The Duke of Argyle condemned it, by anticipation, as an attempt to reverse the vote by which the Duke of Cleveland's amendments, proposing concurrent endowment, was rejected, and although we agreed with the Marquis of Salisbury, that Lord Cairns can scarcely have provision for the residences of Catholic priests at heart, we must acknowledge the justice of the Duke of Argyle's general conclusion, that the vote unquestionably reverses, in spirit, if not in form, the decision against the Duke of Cleveland's scheme.

The *Times* believes the country is ready and willing to support the grant for ecclesiostical residences to the Catholics and Presbyterians. If the opportunity to make it is rejected, it will be because the governing powers, being unable to rise above the catch words of party, dare not look openly and courageously at the truth.

General Sir James Torke Scarlett has been made Knight of the Grand Cross of Bath, and Lord Monck has been made Knight of the Star of India.

The Telegraph Purchase bill, now before the House of Commons, proposes to raise £7,000,000 in bonds for the purchase of the lines, and to make the service a monopoly, to go into existence on the 1st of January, 1870.

GERMANY.

MUNICH, July 7.—Prime Minister Prince Hohenlohe has issued a circular to foreign powers on the Ecumenical Council. He warns the governments of the principal dangers which they ought to guard against, and particularizes the decision which the Council may announce in regard to the infallibility of the Pope, the disposition it may make of the questions of Church property and other points likely to come up of an essentially political character. He believes that all States having Catholic subjects are intimately concerned in the proceedings of the Council and ought to take a common attitude. He suggested that it might be well for these powers to hold a conference and not leave the Council in doubt of their position in regard to its decisions.

FRANCE.

BREST, July 7.—Dispatches through the new cable from the Great Eastern report that up to Tuesday noon she had run 1,524 knots and paid out 1,700 knots of cable. She reports a heavy gale on Monday night, but it was weathered finely. Signals good.

PARIS, July 7.—The *Patrie* denies that ministerial changes are imminent.

The *La France* denies the story of the contemplated evacuation of Rome by the French.

SPAIN.

MADRID, July 7.—The ministerial crisis is over. Zerolla has been appointed Minister of Justice, Marlos Minister of Public Works, and Becarra Minister of Colonies.

MARINE NEWS.

BREST, July 7.—The steamship Lafayette, from New York, arrived to-day.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, July 7—*Evening.*—Consols for money 93¼; account 93¾. Five-Twenty bonds 81¾. Erie 19½. Illinois 96. Stocks firm.

LIVERPOOL, July 7.—Cotton steady and quiet, with middling uplands at 12½d, and Orleans 12¾d; sales ten thousand bales. California white Wheat 10s 6d; red western 9s 3d. Flour 23s 6d. Corn; mixed 28s 6d for old, and 27s for new. Oats 3s 4d. Peas 38s. Pork 99s. Beef 90s. Lard 70s. Cheese 65s. Bacon 62s 6d. Spirits Petroleum 7d; refined 18 6½d. Tallow 44s. 9d.

LONDON, July 7.—Tallow 44s 3d. Sugar 39s 9d. Linseed £32.

Petroleum at Antwerp 49¼ frs.

FRANKFORT, July 7—*Evening.*—U. S. Bonds closed at 87¼.

HAVRE, July 7—*Evening.*—Cotton closed at 147 francs for tres ordinaire on spot.

NEW YORK CITY.

Infected Ports Declared — Filibuster Tugs Bonded—Informer Assaulted.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 7, 1869.

The Board of Health to-day declared Havana and Mantanzas infected ports. This subjects vessels therefrom to rigid quarantine.

The filibuster tugs Cool, Mabel and Chase were to day bonded in $14,500 and released by the United States Marshal.

The examination of Gen. Goicuria was continued to-day. The informer, French, had a narrow escape from summary treatment after the adjournment of Court from a large crowd of Cuban sympathizers. Marshal Barlow was compelled to smuggle him out of the building by a rear door.

VIRGINIA ELECTION.

Walker, Conservative, Elected Governor—The Legislature also Conservative.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

RICHMOND, July 7.—Up to one o'clock to day dispatches received here show that Walker carries the State by forty thousand, and the Legislature by forty on joint ballot.

The following Walker candidates for Congress, are certainly elected: McKenzie, in Seventh District; Milne, in Sixth District; Gibson in the Eighth District; Ridgway in the Fifth; Segar, Congressman at large.

The following Wells Congressmen are elected; Platte, in the Second District; Porter in the Third District; Norton, colored, in the First District.

All the telegrams of this morning give overwhelming gains for Walker, so large as to divest the result of the interest of a doubt. The Walker men are assembled in the streets in great crowds, cheering over the returns.

FORTRESS MONROE, July 7.—The election in this vicinity passed off quietly. The returns from Elizabeth city and county give Wells 1,285 majority, and Warwick county about 120. Harris, the colored candidate for Lieutenant Governor on the Wells ticket, falls behind in the two counties some 30 votes.

ALEXANDRIA, July 7.—Alexandria city and county give a radical majority of 260. Seaton, colored, and Close, white, are elected to the Legislature. Snowden and Taylor, Conservatives, are elected to the Senate. McKenzie's majority for Congress is estimated at from 4,000 to 5,000.

RICHMOND, July 7.—The State, according to the latest returns to-night, has gone by nearly 40,000 majority for Walker, and there is a Walker majority of fifty on joint ballot in the Legislature.

RICHMOND, July 7.—Walker's majority in forty-two counties is 27,000. All of Wells' strong counties are heard from. Those counties to be heard from will nearly double Walker's majority. The city to-night presents the appearance of a Fourth of July night, with fireworks and cheering along the streets.

CUBA.

Important Proclamation by Captain General De Rodas.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HAVANA, June 7.—Captain General De Rodas has issued an important proclamation. He states that the insurrection has been reduced in extent and is now carried on by parties of guerrillas. He declares that parties arrested for robbery, arson or murder shall be tried by Court Martial, while in other cases the civil tribunals shall continue to exercise their functions, and he declares that the accused may rely upon receiving impartial justice.

The journals all praise the proclamation of the Captain General. An order has been issued permitting the newspapers to publish official news reports. This action of the Government is generally commended by the citizens.

General Lesca has taken command of the Central Department and commenced active operations against the insurgents.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—N. P. Banks sails for Europe to-day from New York.

—The Harvard International Crew will sail from New York on Saturday in the steamer City of Paris.

—Geo. Davis, while painting on a steamboat at Cincinnati, fell in the river and drowned, yesterday.

—Favorable reports have been received from all sections of Georgia and Florida regarding the cotton crops.

—Wash. Kemper, proprietor of a plumbing establishment, hung himself in the cellar of his residence, at Cincinnati, yesterday evening.

—A dispatch from Greenville, Illinois, announces the capture of a man named John Morris, on suspicion, as the murderer of Mrs. McAdour.

—The Board Regents of the University of California have unanimously elected Wm. Swinton, of New York, Professor of Literature, Rhetoric and Logic.

—The project of bringing an ocean steamer from New York to St. Louis has been abandoned for the present, the terms not meeting with the views of leading merchants.

—Dr. William F. Fair, of Newark, N. J., has been fined one thousand dollars and costs in the United States Court at Trenton for using a cancelled United States stamp on a deed.

—The State constabulary of Massachusetts have commenced the seizure of lager beer and liquors in earnest. Among the most important is the stock of Plaff Bros, Boston, valued at $1,200, mostly lager.

—Letters received from Jefferson Davis, now at Paris, render it doubtful if his health will ever permit his return. If he recovers sufficiently to permit travel, he will spend the summer in Canada and the winter in Mississippi.

—A Mr. Smith, of New York, and daughter were killed at New Providence, on the Morris and Essex Railroad, Tuesday evening, and Mrs. Smith seriously injured, by standing in front of one train while awaiting another train. Another daughter and a Mrs. Mahony escaped unhurt.

—Hon Richard Fletcher, of Boston, lately deceased, left a residuary legacy to the Dartmouth College, his *alma mater*, estimated at $100,000, to be invested as a permanent fund and the income used at the discretion of the trustees. He also leaves $5,000 to the Baptist Publication Society of Philadelphia.

—Isadore, youngest daughter of Gen. Albert Pike, was found dead in her bed at Memphis, Tenn., yesterday morning. She had retired complaining of nervous headache, and from an empty chloroform bottle found beside her it is supposed she had used it to soothe pain, and in her sleep had upset the bottle upon her pillow.

—The Congressional Committee on Ways and Means, after investigating the San Francisco Custom House, Mint, Sub-Treasury and certain alleged improper transactions of the Sub-Treasurer with the banks of California, reported the former all right. The charges against the latter are groundless. The Committee are about to leave for Oregon and perhaps Vancouver's Island.

WILLIAMSPORT.

Its Beauty Wealth and Growth—United States Court—Judge McCandless and Others--Wedding in High Life--Dickinson Seminary.

Visitors to this charming city are at once impressed with the thrift and progressive spirit of the people, especially in the western end. The plan of the lots and streets indicate a liberal spirit, and the buildings, generally, are of the most progressive and modern finish. The valley in which the city is located, and through which the West Branch of the Susquehanna courses, is one of the loveliest that graces the northeastern tier of counties of our State. The opening of railroad communication from the sea board to the lakes, and to other interior points, have had a magic influence upon the place, and the *live* men of the City have not been slow to use the power. The chief article of trade is lumber, though quite a number of other manufacturing interests flourish. The extent of the lumber business is a matter of surprise to visitors, Think of one firm owning ninty-two thousand acres of timber land, and other firms own extensive domains of forest. Many of the lumber merchants are immensly wealthy, and they have done much towards building up the city, by their liberal gifts.

In the latter part of June and early part of July, a great many strangers are attracted to the city to attend the United States Court, and the closing exercises of Dickinson Seminary. Sessions of the Circuit and District Courts are usually held, as is the case this time. The session opened some days ago, and from the number of cases, it is expected it will extend into the second week of this month. Judges Grier and McCandless are in attendance. Most of the cases before the Grand Jury were for using fraudulent means to break the Internal Revenue laws, especially for illicit distilling. Strange; to say, not one case of counterfeiting was before the Grand Jury. The administration of law by General Grant on offenders deters such an infringement. The Grand Jury are as follows: Gen. John Patton, Clearfield county; W. M. Hall, Bedford; W. H. Koontz, Somerset; M. Waters, Warren; James Pierce and M. C. Trout, Mercer; J. Irwin and G. W. Johnson, Huntingdon; L. P. Willston and W. P. G. Painter, Lycoming; A. B. McCalmont, Venango; W. E. Lathy, Forrest; J. F. Quay, Clinton; F. E. Smith, Tioga; J. Ziegler, Butler; D. J. Neff, Blair; P. C. Shannon, Joseph Knox, David Holmes and W. H. Kincaid, Allegheny county. Gen. Patton, Foreman, represented the Twenty-fourth District in the Congress of 1861 and 1862, with great credit and honor to himself. The war record of General McCalmont, Clerk, is well known generally.

Among the Traverse Jurors is that sterling old Republican editor, D. W. Shryock, of the *Greensburgh Herald*, an excellent family weekly, and Rev. Mr. Johnson, of Washington, Pa. The only Pittsburghers on this jury are Messrs. John McKennan, G. Morgan Watson, Addison Arthurs, M.D., W. A. Scandrett, S. C. Holland and John Hall.

Judge McCandless maintains the dignity of his high office, and is universally admired for his courteous bearing, candor and impartiality. His suavity of manner makes him popular everywhere. Since his induction into office the duties have more than quadrupled, and involve constant attention, affording very little time for vacation. His judicial career is an honor to Pittsburgh. The venerable Judge Grier, though feeble in body, appears to be vigorous in mind. The families of both the judges are here. Mr. S. C. McCandless, the Judge's son, is very devoted to the clerical duties of his office, and is quite proficient. The venerable H. Sproul occupies his old position as Clerk of the Circuit Court. The new Marshal, Gen. Murdoch, has had large experience in the duties of his office. He is a gentleman of great probity of character, courteous and dignified, and like his worthy predecessor, Gen. Rowley, fills the position with credit. Deputy Marshal, Mr. John Hall, is quite at home in the duties of his office. He is much liked and deservedly so.

Among the great improvements and attractions of the city is the "Herdic House," erected at the West End, by a princely lumber merchant, Mr. Peter Herdic. Its spacious halls and rooms, and beautiful grounds attached, render it one of the best and pleasantest houses in the country. The management of the hotel is in the hands of Mr. George Murray, a young gentleman of great energy. Under his careful direction and pains taking, the house is becoming quite popular. The house is elegantly furnished throughout.

Some days since a wedding in "High Life" occurred. Among the distant visitors was Mr. David Holmes, Eighteenth ward representation in the Select Council of Pittsburgh, and his family. We noticed also among the transient visitors to the city, Mr. Thomas Bakewell and Mr. John Lippincott, of Pittsburgh, and Hon. Eli Slifer, Secretary of State under Gov. Curtin.

The Commencement Exercises at Dickinson Seminary always attracts a large concourse of visitors. The exercises are quite interesting and varied. Both sexes are educated in this Institution. Four persons graduated, two young ladies and two young gentlemen. Rev. Dr. Mitchell, President, is a brother-in-law of Mr. John Morehead, of Pittsburgh. The prospects of the Seminary look quite bright and promising in the future.

CRESSON SPRINGS.

A visit at any time to the summit of the Allegheny mountains is full of interest, especially during the summer months. The grand scenery, rugged and sublime, of the mountains, cannot fail to be attractive to the true lover of nature. At the present time the view from the summit, in every direction, is beautiful, and the "everlasting hills" are decked in rich foliage. Right upon the top of the highest range of the Allegheny mountains, full two thousand feet above the level of the sea, is located the "Mountain House." The great Central Pennsylvania Railroad sweeps along the edge of the spacious grounds, numbering hundreds of acres. The main building with its spacious wings and the elegant cottages, afford accommodation for four hundred persons. The ground is admirably adapted, in its natural state, for a place of resort, but a large outlay of money has been expended to make it still more attractive. Cottages, built in the most modern finish, owned principally by Pittsburghers and Philadelphians, dot the ground immediately on either side of the hotel buildings. Every facility is also provided for healthful recreation and innocent amusement.

During the past season the hotel and other buildings have been painted, and the rooms elegantly carpeted and furnished. The interior throughout has been beautified and rendered cheerful looking and comfortable. The excellent drives and walks, are generally known. Most, if not all the cottages have been renovated and rendered cozy and inviting. Already quite a number of the permanent boarders have taken rooms, and it is confidently expected ere long, the house will be as full as on former seasons, and transient visitors are coming and going all the time. We noticed among the families who have commenced to occupy their cottages, that of Mr. David E. Parke. The pretty cottages of Wm. Thaw, A. S. Bell, Byron Painter, of Pittsburgh, and John A. Wilson, formerly of Pittsburgh, are being elegantly fitted up and will soon be occupied. Among the temporary sojourners, since the hotel opened some days since, from Pittsburgh, we observed the names of Robert Pitcairn, J. A. Lowrie, Captain W. J. Moorhead and wife, T. S. Mitchell and wife, W. R. Murphy, J. Horne and son, Miss Anna C. Thaw, Geo. Albree, J. E. Swartz and wife, J. D. Long, C. M. Swope, A. B. McVay and wife, Mrs. Ira B. McVay, Frank Tack, J. A. Cosgrave, F. G. Taylor, E. Waring, S. S. Pinkerton, W. H. Edgerton, B. W. Stauffer, E. Mills, G. H. Simpson, R. McClelland, D. P. Reighard, G. Rafferty, J. M. Fahnestock, J. J. Howard, F. A. Evans and wife, E. L. Boggs. Quite a number of visitors are registered from Philadelphia and New York. We noticed also among the visitors, E. H. Williams, of Altoona, and H. W. Gwinner, of Philaelphia, of railroad fame.

The ever to be remembered "Independence Day" was observed on Tuesday in fine style. Without much display of exuberant feelings, there was a happy vein of pleasant and social intercourse among the guests, largely re-inforced by pleasure seekers for the day. The following dispatch was sent to Philadelphia to the Hon. David M. Fox, Mayor: "To the citizens of Philadelphia, the guests of the Mountain House, Cresson Springs, send greetings and congratulations in recognition of the graceful ceremonies in front of Independence Hall, of the illustrious memory of the man of the great anniversary." Signed. G. W. Mullin, Proprietor. Mayor Fox replied: "The statue of Washington is in place, and commands the entrance to the Hall from where the Immortal Declaration was first made known to the world. It admonishes that the patriotism of "76" is a sacred one and must be cherished by all who love their country. The compliments of the Mayor of Philadelphia to the guests of the Mountain House, trusting that they revel in patriotic enjoyment on this memorable day."

The pleasure of a visit is greatly enhanced by the courteous and constant attentions of the affable and gentlemanly proprietor, Mr. George Mullin. His brother, Mr. Alex. G. Mullin, associated in conducting the house, is also quite a favorite with the guests, as is Mr. DeArmet, in the office. The attentive and excellent corps of servants, and admirable *cuisine* of the hotel, are too widely known to need any comment from us.

—Advices from the west say that on the morning of the 26th ult. a party of Indians, supposed to be Cheyennes, and about twenty in number, made a dash on three trains near Sheridan, Kansas, stampeding about fifty mules and scalping one Mexican. One party came within two hundred yards of the engine house, capturing thirty mules. Two parties of citizens have gone in pursuit of the Indians. The Mexican killed was within eight hundred yards of the depot.

Additional Markets by Telegraph.

BUFFALO, July 7.—Receipts—188,000 bush wheat, 68,000 bush corn, 5,000 bbls flour. Shipments—7,000 bush wheat, 15,000 bush corn. Freights—wheat 13c, corn 11c, oats 7½c, to New York. Flour dull, western spring $6,50@6,75. Wheat quiet and firm; sales of 7,500 bush No. 2 Chicago at $1,34; 13,000 bush No. 2 Milwaukee, part to arrive, at $1,27; 600 bush white Michigan at $1,70. Corn active and higher, closing firm; sales of 12,000 bush No. 1 on private terms; 11,000 bush rejected at 72c; 16,000 bush No. 2 at 79c; 24,000 bush by sample at 77½c; 8,000 bush kiln dried at 76c; 24,000 bush No. 2 at 80. Oats active, and at the close firmer, being held at 71c; sales of 28,000 bush western at 69½c; 11,000 bush do at 69¾c. Rye quiet; sales of 1,000 bush at about $1,20. Barley dull; sales of 900 bush Canada, to arrive, at $1,35. Pork, lard and high-wines dull and unchanged.

OSWEGO, July 7.—Flour in good demand and steady, with sales 220 bbls at $6,75 for No. 1 spring, $7,25 for amber winter, $8,25 for white, and $9 for double extra. Wheat firm, but quiet; No. 1 Milwaukee club held at $1,48@1,50, and amber Michigan at $1,15. Corn steady and quiet; No. 1 held at 82c. Rye quiet. Lake imports—22,000 bush corn. Canal exports—5,500 bush wheat, 8,000 bush corn. Amount of grain on canal from Buffalo and Oswego for tide yesterday noon—1,466,000 bush wheat, 406,000 bush corn, 168,000 bush oats.

NEW ORLEANS, July 7.—Cotton easier; middlings 32½c; sales, 290 bales; receipts, 32 bales; exports, 1,350 bales. Gold 136½. Sterling 49¾. New York Sight ½ premium. Sugar quiet; common 9½@10c; prime 13@14c. Molasses; retailed 55c. Flour dull; superfine $5,55; double extra $6,25; treble extra $6,25. Corn; white $1,05@1,07½. Oats 73@74c. Bran $1,15. Hay; prime $27. Pork $34,50. Bacon retailing at 15@18¾c. Lard; tierce 20½c; keg 21½@22c. Whisky 97½c@$1,05. Coffee; fair 14¼@15c; prime 16½@16¾c.

CHICAGO, July 7.—At Open Board in the afternoon there was a moderate movement in grain markets and prices firmer; No. 2 spring wheat closing at $1,30, No. 2 corn at 78, both seller for this month; other grains neglected. Provisions and freights inactive; in the evening there was a light business transacted, but markets closed firm with buyers; wheat at $1,30, and No. 2 corn at 78 seller this month, 78½ seller last half.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 7.—Flour in fair demand at unchanged rates. Wheat—sales new at $1,60@1,62½ for choice. Legal tenders 75½.

NASHVILLE, July 7.—Cotton market firm; low middling 31c; good ordinary 30c.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

[For the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LINES ON THE DEATH OF MRS. C. W. ROBB.

Another soul from earth has passed—
A mother, wife so dear,
Has followed where her Savior led
Regardless of all fear.

The angel came, but not in wrath,
His voice was soft and sweet,
He smiled with heavenly radiance,
And said, thy Divine Master meet.

Thy work on earth has all been done,
Thy conflict now is o'er;
Go lay thy trophies at His feet
And live to die no more.

Earth's anthems oft delighted thee,
Its music filled thy soul;
But now angelic praises high
Around the throne will roll.

A husband, mother, children dear,
On earth are left to sorrow,
But in that brighter land she lives,
That land which knows no sorrow.

Farewell, dear mother, wife and friend,
'Tis God who calls thee home;
Into Jerusalem's shining gates
Thou hast passed no more to roam.

M. McC.

EPHEMERIS.

—Tight bather's suits are fashionable at the sea side this year.

—A man named Levi Rowell hung himself the other day near Stork, N. H.

—Rochefort, of *La Lanterne*, was married to a wealthy Belgian widow on the 10th ult.

—George Wilkes, of the *Spirit*, and General D. E. Sickles sailed for Europe together.

—Mrs. Hallet, of Chatham, Mass., cut her throat on Saturday week, and died on the following Tuesday.

—The Cuban Junta in New York is in a bad way, short of funds and not endowed with any superfluous credit.

—The Ocean Bank offers 25 per cent. of the whole amount to the robbers who cleaned out its vaults, if they will return their spoils.

—Ex-Minister Hale is a candidate for U. S. Senate from New Hampshire. Mr. E. H. Rollins and some half a dozen others are his competitors.

—Low shoes are coming into fashion for ladies, in Paris. The high shoes are much prettier and exceedingly becoming, but we suppose they must go.

—Ketchum, the Wall street forger, has friends who are trying very hard to get him out of Sing Sing before his time expires, so that he may not lose his citizenship.

—A few days ago, a Mrs. Rosanna Ryan, of Stow, Mass., whipped her stepson, a lad of six years, so severely that he died. The feminine brute was arrested.

—There is some talk of dividing Massachusetts,—as if it were not already small enough—and making a new State out of the western counties with Springfield as capital.

—Reports from England are not creditable to the Prince of Wales. If all we hear be true, he has succeeded in being even worse than his illustrious predecessor George IV.

—The Kaw river, in Kansas, rose so suddenly during a storm the other day that a colony of Swedes encamped upon its banks was engulphed and twenty were drowned.

—Sam Hildebrand, the Missouri desperado, who had committed at least eighty murders, died recently from the effects of a wound received in one of his encounters. The Governor of Missouri had offered a reward of $10,000 for his head.

—A German named Launsberg, was drowned at Newburyport on Friday, and another German, named Beared, was killed on Saturday, at Middletown, Conn., by being caught in a belt at the Russell Manufacturing Company's works and being whirled to pieces.

Washington Items.

The Pennsylvania Republican politicians are full of confidence that their State is to be represented in the Cabinet before the October election. Some of them who are here declare that it is positively determined that Attorney General Hoar will resign in August and that Benjamin H. Brewster will be appointed to fill the vacancy. Judge Hoar is to be provided, it is said, with one of the Circuit Judgeships. Another plan, in case Brewster is not selected, is to transfer Secretary Robeson to the Attorney General's office, and appoint Ex-Speaker Grow, of Pennsylvania, to the head of the Navy Department. There is no doubt but some such change has been talked over with the President.

The statements frequently printed during the past week, that General Sickles has been instructed to negotiate for the purchase of Cuba, are without foundation. In fact, we have the most accurate information that he has been instructed to inform the Spanish government that the United States will preserve the same policy towards the insurrectionists in the island that it would towards the most powerful and wealthy powers of the globe who were struggling for the supremacy of republican institutions. At the same time he will assure the Spanish authorities that our Government will adhere strictly to the letter of its proverbial neutrality. Gen. Sickles, it is learned, took out most important instructions as Minister to Spain, on matters relating to the Cuban question. The object can be positively stated to be an attempt on the part of the Administration to put an end to further bloodshed in Cuba, by offering a friendly intercession. It is said to be in such a shape that there is little doubt but that Spain will accept. However, this inference is speculation, but the fact of the offer can not be disputed.

SHAMELESS AVOWAL.—The New York *Commercial* (Republican) says: "It is as plain as a nose on a man's face that the Democratic party will boldly enter upon the next national campaign with repudiation emblazoned on the banners." And it might have added, that after the campaign is over those "banners" will be borne aloft in triumph.—*Savannah Republican.*

IT IS said that the territory covering the marble quarries of Rutland, Vt., was sold within the memory of men now living for one old mare and colt. The property is now valued at millions.

JULY MAGAZINES.

Harper for July opens with a profusely illustrated article on "Early Aeronautics," embodying much useful as well as entertaining information. "Border Reminescences" smacks of the marvelous and not a little of the romance of life found in western experience. There is much to gratify the curious in the paper on "Making Watches by Machinery." Next we have a chapter upon "The Malay Archipelago," a charming-gossipy book, recently issued by Harpers', relating to "Birds of Paradise." Two short, readable articles, "A Night at Sea," and "Giants and Dwarfs," follow. An appreciative paper on "Grant on the Battle Field," and above the average, occupying full fifteen pages. Sandwiched between the latter and an installment of "A Brave Lady," we are treated with the dashing poem "A Street Arab." The author of "John Halifax, Gentleman," and "My Enemy's Daughter," by McCarthy, need no words from us. Alice Carey sings of love. The other articles are worthy of notice. The "Editor's Easy Chair" sparkles with keen hits; "Editor's Book Table" scholarly; "Monthly Record of Current Events" full, and "Editor's Drawer" spicy as usual.

The Galaxy for July commences a new volume under propitious circumstances. Reade's new story is continued and not flagging in interest. There is much to think of after reading "Our Impending Chinese Problem." "The Throne of Louis Phillipe," by John S. C. Abbott, is a glowing account of a momentous period in the history of France. James' article, "A Light Man," is a racy sketch. The very name of the title of the next, "Our Great Farmers," indicates its matter-of-fact character. It is instructive. Mrs. Edwards gives us three chapters of "Susan Fielding," the merits of which are known by the readers of the Galaxy. "A Woman's Last Gift" is pretty. Thoughtful readers will not overlook the capital paper "The Practical view of Spiders' Silk." The chapter relating to the late war is worthy of a reading. Richard Grant White, as usual, has something sensible to say. The departments "Miscellany," "Drift-wood," "Literature and Art," and "Nebulae," are conducted with spirit and toned up to the age.

Lippincott for this month begins volume fourth in a way, we think, cannot fail to be satisfactory to its admirers. Trollope's "Vicar of Bullhampton" will attract many new readers, as well as interest old ones. The fragment of Edward Everett, "Thorwald's Lament," comes next. "My Summer Pets" and "Inside a Chinese Gambling-Hell," are short, but readable withal. "Beyond the Breakers" still maintains its interest as the *finale* is reached. Two articles, short and crispy, follow, "The Housekeeper's Millenium" and "The Philosophy of Absurdy." Mrs. Wister's "Only no Love" is a phase in love that is frequently seen without the name. There is a species of interest in the article "The Devil's Cave," that many will admire. Carl Benson's "Fancy Signatures" is gossipy. The weather is getting too warm to trouble ourselves about "Our Relations with England." We have sent Mr. Motley to attend to that matter. "Our Monthly Gossip," as usual, is capital.

The Atlantic Monthly is admirably suited for the season, and rather of the light-sketchy style. The first article is a ghostly-affair of the war type, which, of course, will please multitudes. "Birch Browsings" is a pleasant article and smells of nature, and is well timed for July. "The Foe in the Household" occupies thirteen pages. The paper on "Thomas Crawford," the well-known sculptor, is as admirable as generous. The story of "Gabrielle De Bergerac," by Henry James, Jr., will find hosts of readers. It is written in a graceful style. "Marrying a Pickpocket" is a startling title and will hardly be over looked. "The Greek Godesses," by that polished writer, Higginson, is scholarly, even though we may differ with his views. Thoughtful persons will find much in "Our Inebriates, Harbored and Helped," to think of. Reviews and Literary Notices are candid and dignified in tone.

Putnam is always laden with readable and well flavored articles. It is an honor to the Magazine literature of this country. "That Night at Fort Wagner," the opening paper, will awaken vivid thoughts of that memorable event in our war history. The little bit of poetry "After Death," is oppertune and well placed, "Victor Hugo with the Constables," written by his son, is amusing and full of graphic words. Few can read "Our Established Church" without being deeply stirred. Caroline Chessbro has commenced a story —"Lavinia." "The Stage and Nature," is readable and instructive. Miss Alcott's graceful and charming style is seen in the new story "Scarlet Stockings." Kimball's Romance "To-Day" holds its admirers with unflagging interest. The department of "Brevities" always has some good bits. "Maternity" ought to be read. The "Monthly Chronicle of Events" is pithy without useless words. Bayard Taylor's department "Literature, Science, and Art Abroad," is what might be expected from one so competent. And Stedman and Cook honor their place in "Literature" and "Table-talk."

Hours at Home opens with paper number five on "Syrian Rambles—A Day on the other side of Jordan." Its name is enough to commend its contents. The paper of Prof. De Vere, "A Knight in Armor," is of that class that conveys instruction as well as entertainment. "Reminiscences of English Lawyers," gives amusing incidents of the British bar. Explorations relating to a country of such general interest as Palestine will attract attention. "The Castle-Ruin of Clisson" is a story of startling interest. The poem, "A Bargain," is a dainty, tender bit of versification. Sensible words are embodied in the paper "The Books we Read." The name of Froude is a tower of strength, and his views on "University Education" will command attention. The opening chapters of "Compton Friars," which will be continued each month until the December issue, by the author of "Mary Powell," indicates the character of the story. Installments of "Sunnybank Papers,' and' "Christopher Kroy" appear. The departments of "Leisure Moments," "Books and Authors Abroad," and "Literature of the Day," are conducted with spirit and taste.

Our Young Folks for July ought to please young poople. Without disparaging, "The Story of a Bad Boy," which is as fascinating as ever, or Trowbridge's "Lawrence in a Coal Mine," with valuable information on mining, we ask a careful and thoughtful reading of "How to Write," by Edward Everett Hale. It begins at the beginning *how to do it*, and it is a pity many of us old ones had not known the information when we were boys. Parton gives us a capital paper on "Navigation and Discovery before Columbus." Young people ought to be made happier after reading "In the Happy Valley." "In the Cottage," illustrated, is a tender bit. Another chapter, "Gardening for Girls," containing much that is valuable and instructive. The publishers promise rich things in future numbers.

LITERARY WEEKLIES.

Harper's Weekly is in the fullest sense what it purports to be, a "Journal of Civilization." Every event of any public importance is illustrated with life-like precision, with explanatory text in terse and well expressed language. Its editorials are varied, scholarly, progressive, and marked with a breath of thought that gives them weight and authority in journalism. Besides the excellent summary of news, each number contains brief articles or serials, of decided literary merit. Many of the illustrations speak volumes, both in point and fact. Nothing either in illustration, or matter, is calculated, or designed, to mar the most delicate or refined taste.

Harper's Bazar is worthy of the high enconiums and universal acclaim of the press. It not only contains the best and most complete information on fashion in all its parts, but treats of manners, etiquette and practical questions pertaining to the household, and the progressive steps of society, and also gives important items that float about in newspaperdom, which lose their common place look, in the beauty of the language used to express them. Running through each number are literary articles of the most approved kind. Taking it in all its parts, it is complete for the family circle. Harpers neither spare money or labor to make these weekly publications up to the highest standard.

Every Saturday, published by Field, Osgood & Co., gives a rich gleaning from European publications. It is edited with much taste, and the selections exhibit a discriminating judgment on the part of its conductors. Its convenient form suits the traveler as well as the family circle. The issues of a year make two large sized volumes of valuable and entertaining matter, and it is furnished at a low price.

Clearfield Bank Robbers.

J. E. Lemoine, of the Clearfield Bank robbers, was tried in the Clearfield county court, last week, and was convicted, the indictment charging him with breaking and entering a certain building with intent to commit a felony. J. M. Newman, a second one of the gang, plead guilty to the same charge. Lemoine and Newman were then tried on an indictment for larceny of money, etc. In the first case the court sentenced the prisoners each to pay a fine of one dollar and costs of prosecution, and undergo an imprisonment of three years in solitary confinement in the Western Penitentiary. In the second case, each to pay a fine of one dollar and costs of prosecution, restore the money and property, or its value, to the bank, and undergo an imprisonment of one year in solitary confinement in the Western Penitentiary. John Nelson, alias Jilson, having turned State's evidence, a *nolle prosequi* was entered in his case, after which he was discharged from custody, by order of the Court.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—Thomas and John Kelley were buried by the caving in of an immense bank of earth on the Rock Island and Pacific Railroad track, about three miles west of Davenport, Iowa, on Monday. John was got out alive. It was several hours before Thomas was reached.

—Seventy-five thousand pounds of wool from Southern Colorado and New Mexico were shipped east from Sheridan, Kansas, last month, and one hundred and fifty thousand pounds additional are now waiting shipment at that point. The wool trade of that region promises to be very large.

—The officers of the Army of the Potomac held a reunion and banquet at New York, on the evening of the 4th, which was numerously attended, and presided over by Gen. Sherman. Batchelder's grand historical painting of the Battle of Gettysburg was unrolled at the banquet and elicited the utmost enthusiasm.

—Thompson's hotel, at Lake Mahopac, New York, was entirely destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon. All the guests, numbering three hundred, were removed to neighboring hotels. A great part of the furniture and baggage was saved in a damaged condition. The loss is estimated at $300,000, mostly covered by insurance.

—A dispatch from Booth Bay, Maine, says a party of young ladies and gents in a small boat, rowing from the schooner Josephine Swanton to Neuse Island, were run down and sunk by the schooner Young Sultan. Miss Greenlaw and Miss Caswell were drowned. Two other young ladies were injured, but it is hoped not seriously.

—A meeting of the Labor Reform Agitators was held in old Harmony Grove, in Framingham, Mass., on the 4th. Numerous speeches were made, and resolutions were adopted denouncing the Republican party and Massachusetts Legislature, and favoring the immediate payment of the national debt by direct assessment.

—The billiard match for the championship of Illinois took place Monday evening in Crosby's Music Hall, Chicago. The contestants Jos. Vermeleau and Frank Parker. On the sixty-first inning Parker closed the game by a simple carom, the game standing Parker 1,202, Vermeleau 523. Vermeleru played very poorly and seemed to be in ill luck.

—The anniversary of National Independence was universally observed in Chicago and vicinity on Monday. There was no famous celebration, but each went in for individual enjoyment. There was a very large amount of powder and fire works consumed. Fortunately, no accident or fire occurred worthy of notice. The weather was all that could be desired, thermometer ranging from 70 to 75 degs.

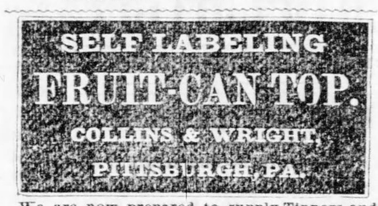
—The trial of the model air-ship Avitor, at San Francisco, on the Fourth, was pronounced a success by the *Times*, while the *Alta* says the performance was something like a failure. The wind was blowing so hard it was impossible to make the experiment in the open air, so the trial was made under cover. The ship rose in the air propelled backward and forward and guided in any desired direction by the steering apparatus.

—Mrs. McAdams, living four miles south of Steubenville, Ill., was murdered on Monday afternoon by an unknown man, supposed to be from St. Louis. He entered her house when she was alone and offered personal violence, but being foiled, he cut her throat from ear to ear, then stabbed her several times in the side. The whole country in the vicinity is deeply exasperated and aroused, and squads of armed and mounted men are scouring the country looking for the murderer.

GAS FIXTURES

WELDON & KELLY,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Lamps, Lanterns, Chandeliers,
AND LAMP GOODS.
Also, CARBON AND LUBRICATING OILS.
BENZINE, &c.
No. 147 Wood Street.
se9:n22 Between 5th and 6th Avenues.

FRUIT CAN TOPS.



We are now prepared to supply Tinners and Potters. It is perfect, simple, and as cheap as the plain top, having the names of the various Fruits stamped upon the cover, radiating from the center, and an index or pointer stamped upon the top of the can.

It is Clearly, Distinctly and Permanently LABELED,

by merely placing the name of the fruit the can contains opposite the pointer and sealing in the customary manner. No preserver of fruit or good housekeeper will use any other after once seeing it. mh25

WATER PIPES,
CHIMNEY TOPS
A large assortment,
HENRY H. COLLINS,
ap14:h37 2d Avenue, near Smithfield St.

CARPETS.

OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.
HAVE JUST RECEIVED A
FINE SELECTION OF
BRUSSELS,
TAPESTRY BRUSSELS
THREE PLY AND
INGRAIN CARPETS.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF
WHITE, CHECK & FANCY
MATTINGS,
FOR SUMMER WEAR,
IN THE CITY.
STOCK FULL IN ALL DEPARTMENTS
AT
OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO'S.
23 FIFTH AVENUE.

NEW CARPETS!
June, 1869.
We are now opening an assortment unparalleled in this city of FINEST
VELVETS BRUSSELS THREE-PLYS,
The Very Newest Designs,
Of our own recent importation and selected from eastern manufacturers.
MEDIUM AND LOW PRICED
INGRAINS,
VERY SUPERIOR
QUALITY AND COLORS.
An Extra Quality of Rag Carpet.
We are now selling many of the above at
GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
M'CALLUM BROS.,
No. 51 FIFTH AVENUE,
je12
NEW CARPETS.
FINE CARPETS.
CHEAP CARPETS
OIL CLOTHS,
WINDOW SHADES.
Mattings.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
21 FIFTH AVENUE.
my24:d&wT

OFFICES, COUNTING ROOMS,
STORES AND BANKS
Fitted up on short notice and in the best manner with
CARPETS.
Cocoa Mattings, of all grades.
Well seasoned Sheet Oil Cloths.
French Manilla Matting.
Tanned Ratan Matting.
Buff, Green Blue, Drab and White
HOLLAND SHADES.
LETTERED OR PLAIN SHADES,
Of every size or color.
Inside and Outside Door Plates, &c.
McFARLAND & COLLINS,
No. 71 and 73 FIFTH AVENUE,
je23 (Second Floor).

TRIMMINGS, NOTIONS, &C.
NEW AND DESIRABLE GOODS.
Silk Fans,
Linen and Palm Leaf Fans,
New Japanese Fans.
SILK PARASOLS, all the New Styles.
WHITE GOODS,
A Beautiful Line.
SUMMER BOULEVARD SKIRTS
At Reduced Prices.
New Puffed Collars and Cuffs,
In Paper and Linen.
CORSETS, a Complete Stock.
GENTS' SUMMER UNDERWEAR,
In Merino, Gauze and Cotton.
WHITE AND STRIPED MUSLIN SHIRTS.
Our Stock of
COTTON HOSIERY
Defies Competition.
EMBROIDERIES,
LACES,
HANDKERCHIEFS.
MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.
78 & 80 Market Street.
je9

SUMMER TRADE!
WHITE GOODS,
STOCKINGS AND GLOVES,
Hats, Bonnets and Sundowns,
HOOP SKIRTS, FANS, HAIR GOODS,
Paper Goods, Linen Handkerchiefs,
SUMMER UNDERGARMENTS,
PLAIN STAR SHIRTS,
FANCY SHIRTS, NECK TIES,
SHIRT FRONTS, SUSPENDERS,
BUTTONS, FRINGES,
GIMPS, BRAIDS,
ZEPHYR SHAWLS, LACES,
And a full line of
NOTIONS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
AT
Wholesale and Retail.
Stock always complete and fair prices. Wholesale Agents for MERSEROLE & LIBBY'S superior make of PAPER COLLARS. Trade supplied at Factory Prices.
Merchants can save time and money by "sorting up" from our stock.
JOSEPH HORNE & CO.,
77 AND 79 MARKET STREET.
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NEW SPRING GOODS
AT
MACRUM & CARLISLE'S
No. 27 Fifth Avenue,
Dress Trimmings and Buttons.
Embroideries and Laces.
Ribbons and Flowers.
Hats and Bonnets.
Glove fitting and French Corsets.
New Styles Bradley's Skirts.
Parasols—all the new styles.
Sun and Rain Umbrellas.
Hosiery—the best English makes.
Agents for "Harris' Seamless Kids."
Spring and Summer underwear.
Sole Agents for the Bemis Patent Shape Collars. "Lockwood's" "Irving," "West End," "Elite," &c; "Dickens," "Derby," and other styles.
Dealers supplied with the above at
MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
NO. 27
FIFTH AVENUE.
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WALL PAPERS.
WALL PAPER
AND
WINDOW SHADES,
OF
New and Handsome Designs,
NOW OPENING AT
No. 107 Market Street
(NEAR FIFTH AVENUE,)
Embracing a large and carefully selected stock of the newest designs from the FINEST STAMPED GOLD to the CHEAPEST ARTICLE known to the trade. All of which we offer at prices that will pay buyers to examine.
JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.
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WALL PAPER.
THE OLD PAPER STORE IN A NEW PLACE,
W. P. MARSHALL'S
NEW WALL PAPER STORE,
191 Liberty Street,
(NEAR MARKET,)
SPRING GOODS ARRIVING DAILY. mh8

FLOUR.
PEARL MILL FAMILY FLOUR.
PEARL MILL Three Star Green Brand, equal to
FRENCH FAMILY FLOUR.
This Flour will only be sent out when especially ordered.
PEARL MILL BLUE BRAND,
Equal to best St. Louis.
PEARL MILL RED BRAND,
Equal to best Ohio Flour.
WHITE CORN FLOUR AND CORN MEAL.
R. T. KENNEDY & BRO.,
Allegheny, Sept. 9, 1868. PEARL MILL.

DRY GOODS.
ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,
No. 115 Wood St., Pittsburgh,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Dry Goods and Notions,
AT EASTERN PRICES.
G. ARBUTHNOT. W. T. SHANNON. J. G. STEPHENSON

NEW SPRING GOODS
JUST OPENED,
AT
THEODORE F. PHILLIPS',
87 Market Street.
Prints, Muslins, Dress Goods,
SILKS, SHAWLS.
FULL LINE OF
SILK SACQUES,
Very Cheap.
87. MARKET STREET. 87.
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CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,
No. 94 WOOD STREET,
Third door above Diamond alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

PIANOS, ORGANS, &C.
BUY THE BEST AND CHEAPEST PIANO AND ORGAN.
Schomacker's Gold Medal Piano,
AND ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN.
The SCHOMACKER PIANO combines all the latest valuable improvements known in the construction of a first class instrument, and has always been awarded the highest premium exhibited. Its tone is full, sonorous and sweet. The workmanship, for durability and beauty, surpass all others. Prices from $450 to $1150, (according to style and finish,) cheaper than all other so-called first class Piano.
ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN
Stands at the head of all reed instruments, in producing the most perfect pipe quality of tone of any similar instrument in the United States. It is simple and compact in construction, and not liable to get out of order.
CARPENTER'S PATENT "VOX HUMANA TREMOLO" is only to be found in this Organ. Price from $100 to $550. All guaranteed for five years.
BARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER,
No. 13 ST. CLAIR STREET.
Orders for tuning and repairing will be promptly attended to by C. F. Mathews.

WINES, LIQUORS, &c.
SCHMIDT & FRIDAY,
IMPORTERS OF
WINES, BRANDIES, GIN, &C.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
PURE RYE WHISKIES,
409 PENN STREET.
Have Removed to
NOS. 384 AND 386 PENN,
Cor. Eleventh St., (formerly Canal.)
JOSEPH S. FINCH & CO.,
Nos. 185, 187, 189, 191, 193 and 195,
FIRST STREET, PITTSBURGH,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Copper Distilled Pure Rye Whiskey.
Also, dealers in FOREIGN WINES and LIQUORS. HOPS, &c. mh28:n53

STONE.
WEST COMMON
Machine Stone Works,
Northwest corner of West Common Allegheny,
FRED'K ATVATER & CO.
Have on hand or prepare on short notice Hearth and Step Stones, Flags for Sidewalks, Brewers' Vaults, &c. Head and Tomb Stones, &c.
Orders promptly executed. Prices reasonable.

DR. WHITTIER
CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL
private diseases. Syphilis in all its forms, all urinary diseases, and the effects of mercury are completely eradicated; Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness and Impotency, resulting from self-abuse or other causes, and which produces some of the following effects, as blotches, bodily weakness, indigestion, consumption, aversion to society, unmanliness, dread of future events, loss of memory, indolence, nocturnal emissions, and finally so prostrating the sexual system as to render marriage unsatisfactory, and therefore imprudent, are permanently cured. Persons afflicted with these or any other delicate, intricate or long standing constitutional complaint should give the Doctor a trial; he never fails.
A particular attention given to all Female complaints, Leucorrhea or Whites, Falling, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Womb, Ovaritis, pruritis, Amenorrhoea. Menorrhagia, Dysmenorrhoea, and Sterility or Barrenness, are treated with the greatest success.
It is self-evident that a physician who confines himself exclusively to the study of a certain class of diseases and treats thousands of cases every year must acquire greater skill in that specialty than one in general practice.
The Doctor publishes a medical pamphlet of fifty pages that gives a full exposition of venereal and private diseases, that can be had free at office or by mail for two stamps, in sealed envelopes. Every sentence contains instruction to the afflicted, and enabling them to determine the precise nature of their complaints.
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PITTSBURGH LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

PENN'A CENTRAL STOCK YARDS, WEDNESDAY, July 7, 1869.

SHIPMENTS.

The following are the daily shipments of live stock for the week ending Tuesday, July 6th.

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.	Horses.
Wednesday,....	191	1,595	3,506	16
Thursday,.....	807	1,443	5,076	91
Friday,.....	633	1,530	974	67
Saturday,.....	668	1,844	441	20
Monday,.....	39	2,412	237	32
Tuesday,.....	835	2,558	874	30
Total.....	3,173	11,382	11,108	256
Last week.....	3,734	20,465	16,071	264

The following are the monthly shipments from January to June:

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.	Horses.
January.....	9,509	48,377	53,488	2,103
February....	8,696	40,348	56,308	2,365
March	9,777	50,480	63,735	2,573
April.....	11.560	63,609	69,465	1,806
May.....	11,362	74,106	66,632	1,782
June	16,283	86,124	71,170	1,566
Total.....	67,187	363,044	380,798	12,195

CATTLE.

With moderate arrivals and a continued good shipping demand, the market has been fairly active thus far this week, and prices are firm and fully sustained, compared with last week. New Yorkers have bought the great proportion of cattle thus far this week, though it is probable that Philadelphia buyers will take hold freely to-morrow, and between the two it was expected to-day that the market would hold up pretty well during the balance of the week. Prime shipping steers may be quoted at 7½@7¾, with a sale of 8 car loads of extra at 8 cts., which is now regarded as an outside price. Stock cattle continue very dull, there being but very few buyers for this grade in attendance, and prices are nominal at 4@5½, as to quality and condition. Mr Martin, the weighmaster, reports having weighed about 800 head to-day, though some of these were sold yesterday.

WEDNESDAY, June 30.—Holmes, Lafferty & Co; for Moore to Miller 21—price not given; Benson to W. Hedges 30, weighing 44,950; Holmes, L. & Co. for Morris to Miller 20; same for Tate to McArdle 18; Alsdorf to same 18, weighing 20,900, at 7; Smith to Klemen & Mayne 36, weighing 46,350, at 7; same to same 26, weighing 26,625, at 6,35; Holmes, L. & Co. for Benton to Voter 35, weighing 58,300, at 6,80; L. Smith to Hutchberger 34, weighing 34,875, at 7; Bruce to Lamb 60, weighing 77,375, at 7,60; Sprake to McGarvey 14, weighing 16,525, at 7¼; Snively to Miller 20, weighing 20,750, at 6,80; Nickey to Gruber 17, weighing 19,150, at 7½; Holmes, L. & Co. for Morris to Huntsberger 42 weighing 42,450, at 6, and $45 premium; Brasee to Lamb 30, weighing 35,825, at 7,35.

THURSDAY, July 1.—Holmes, L. & Co. for Morris to Aull 46; same for Beals to Aull & Co. 40; Martin to Kelly 20, weighing 19,300, at 6,40; Holmes, L. & Co. for Brown to McArdle 32, weighing 41,475, at 7¾—$10 off; Robbins to Traurman 14, weighing 17,975, at 7,85; Jarrett to same 16, weighing 20,350, at 7,85; Underwood to McArdle 17, weighing 18,775, at 6¾; Smith & Blue to Klemen 40 oxen, weighing 5,975, at 6¼; Holmes, L. & Co. for Naylor to Voter 21, weighing 19,260, at 6; Hedges & Taylor for Johnston to Voter 52, weighing 62,125, at 7, and $30 over; Holmes, L. & Co. for Morris to Briggs 20, weighing 21,800, at 6¾.

FRIDAY, July 2.—Holmes, L. & Co. for Eddy to Briggs 17, weighing 20,050, at 7½; same for Wolcott to Klemen 16, weighing 16,650; Hedges & Taylor for Welch to Klemen 20, weighing 18,375, at 6¼; Smallwood to Briggs 64, weighing 85,650, at 7¼.

MONDAY, July 5.—Leedon to Klemen 33, weighing 33,875.

TUESDAY, July 6.—French to McAuley 18, weighing 19,650, at 6,85; Keenan to Klemen 46, weighing 60,200, at 7¼, and $50 over; Hedges & Taylor for Munhall to Voter 27, weighing 27,950, at 6¾; Hazlewood & B. to Beach & Bray 16 weighing 20,725, at 7¾; Hedges & Taylor for Munhall to McPherson 26, weighing 29,250, at 6,65.

WEDNESDAY, July 7.—Holmes S. & Co., for Hadduck to Lamb 65, weighsng 78,225; Berry to Wilrich 21, weighing 20,100, at 7,20; Kidd to Mussellman 32, weighing 33,600, at 6¾; Young to Donnell 30, weighing 38,725; Berry to Wildrich 38, weighing 42,478; Evans to Landis 15, weighing 17,930, at 9¼; Hising to Donnell 17, weighing 21,176, at 7¼; Holmes, S. & Co., for French to Briggs 50, weighing 59,250, at 6½; Ford to O'Donnel 32, weighing 40,125, at 675; Berry to Wildrick 38, weighing 42,375, at 720; Hedges & Taylor for Stewart & Co., to Caoney & Co. 71, weighing 65,400 at 5; Holmes, S. Co., for Fronce to Briggs 36, weighing 40,250; Jedy to McMahon 20, weighing 21,000; Holmes, S & Co., for Brown to Moses 18, weighing 19,100; same for Tole to Beach & Bray 69, weighing 80,725, at 7¼; Hedges & Taylor to Johnston 16, weigh 22,850, at 7; Patterson to Hazlewood & B. 22, whighing 19,900, at 5; Casterline to Brudabaker & Co., 46, weighing 39,900, at 645.

HOGS.

The hog market has been quiet but steady during the entire week, the receipts keeping pace with the demand, and as a consequence, there is but little change to note in prices. Philadelphia hogs are quoted at 9½@10c. and Yorkers at 8½@9. Following is a daily report of the sales:

Wednesday.....	889
Thursday.....	659
Friday.....	953
Saturday.....	447
Monday.....	816
Tuesday.....	911
Total.....	4,675

SHEEP.

The sheep market is a shade stronger than last week, under the influence of decreased receipts, and prime fat sheep may be quoted higher with but very few of that kind on sale. Inferior and common, however, continue very dull as shippers do not want to pay these grades, and prices are no better than last week. The former may be quoted at 4¼@5c. while letter sold from 3½ down to 2½. Following is a report of the daily sales:

Wednesday.....	5,490
Thursday.....	1,081
Friday.....	827
Saturday.....	—
Monday.....	—
Tuesday.....	667
Total.....	8,062

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, July 7.—Market firm for all descriptions of staple cotton goods, and a good inquiry is noticeable; there are but few changes of importance to note, however; the Agawan F 4-4 Brown Sheetings have advanced from 12½ to 13c; the Stark A do. are ½c higher, and bring 16½c; Clark's do. are up to 17c, and Indian Orchard Corset Jeans to 14c.

BALTIMORE, July 7.—Flour firm with a fair demand: sales of western superfine at $5,25@5,50, extra at $5,75@6,75, family at $7,25@7,75. Wheat lower with sales of new red at $1,45@1,60. Corn firm; sales of white at 98c, yellow at 95c. Oats at 70@75c. Provisions unchanged. Whisky firm and held at $1,03.

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, July 7.—Cotton rather weak, with sales of 2,900 bales at 34½c for middling uplands. Flour—receipts, 15,678 bbls; heavy and 5@10c lower, with a little more inquiry from the trade; sales of 6,800 bbls at $5,00@5,40 for superfine State and western, $6,25@6,75 for extra western, $6,80@7,25 for white wheat extra, $6,30@9,00 for R. H. O., $6,75@7,50 for extra St. Louis, $8@11 for good to choice do. Rye Flour dull at $4,00@6,30. Cornmeal dull. Whisky quiet at $1,25 for western, and 99c@$1,00 for free, latter price an extreme. Wheat—receipts of 83,507 bus; unsettled and 1@2c lower, with a good export demand; sales of 16,300 bus at $1,46@1,48 for No. 2 spring, $1,51@1,53 for No. 1 do., $1,58 for amber Michigan, $1,65 for white wheat, $1,55 for white and red Canada in bond. Rye quiet and steady. Barley and Malt nominal. Corn—receipts of 57,903 bus; without decided change, with sales of 74,000 bus at 67@88¾c for new mixed western via canal; 86@88¾ do. via rail; 81@83c for kiln dried, and 92c for white western. Oats; receipts of 36,010 bushs; the market is 1c better, with sales of 49,000 bushs at 78@79½c for western afloat, and 79c for stale Canada. Peas, reported yesterday at $1,16, should have been $1,17½. Rice quiet. Coffee dull. Sugar dull, with sales of 125 hhds Cuba at 11@11½c. Molasses dull. Petroleum quiet, at 16@16½c for crude, and 32½c for refined. Hops quiet at 9@15c for American. Linseed Oil is quiet at 98c@$1 in casks. Coal quiet at 7@8c for Anthracite. Leather; Hemlock Sole firm at 30@32c for Buenos Ayres light and middle weights. Wool is quiet with sales of 120,000 pounds at 48½@50c for domestic fleece. Naval stores are quiet. Sheeting Copper is dull and lower at 32c. Ingot Copper is quiet and steady at 32@32½c for Lake Superior. Pig Iron is quiet at $39@44 for Scotch, and $36@42 for American. Bar Iron is in moderate request at $85@90c for refined English and American. Sheet dull at 11½@13¼c gold for Russia. Nails dull at 4¾c for cut, 6¼c for clinch, and 26@30c for horse shoe. Pork heavy and lower, with sales of 850 bbls at $31,87@32,00 for new mess, closing at $31,87 cash, $31,50 for old do, $26,00@27,00 for prime, $28,50@29,00 for prime mess. Beef steady, with sales of 145 bbls at $8@8,50 for new plain mess, $17@18 for new extra mess. Tierce beef nominal at $20@25 for prime mess, $26@30 for India mess. Beef Hams quiet with sales of 100 bbls at $30@31,50. Cut meats; sales of 175 pkgs at 14c for shoulders and 16@17c for hams. Middles firm, with sales of 375 boxes of ice cured, part at 16½c. Lard dull and irregular, with sales of 450 tierces at 16¼@19¼c for steam, 19½@19¾c for kettle rendered. Butter dull at 16@30c for Ohio. Cheese heavy at 11@15½c. Freights to Liverpool very firm, with shipments of 42,000 bush wheat at 8d per sail.

Latest—Flour closed rather more steady, with moderate inquiry for low grades of extra. Wheat a shade firmer at $1,47@1,48 for No. 2, and $1,52@1,53 for No. 1 spring. Rye firm at $1.28@1,30. Oats firm at 79@79¼c for western afloat. Corn firm at 87@89½c for sound mixed western via canal and railroad. Pork quiet and nominally unchanged. Beef quiet and steady. Cut Meats dull and heavy. Bacon quiet and in buyers' favor. Lard nominal at 19¼c for prime steam. Eggs steady at 21@22c.

ST. LOUIS, July 7.—Tobacco steady, quiet and unchanged. Cotton, nothing doing. Hemp dull, with sales of undressed at $1.15@1,30. Flour: very firm for low grades, which are scarce and wanted; supers range $4,75@5,50; X, $5,25@5,75; XX, $5,50@6,50; fall XXX, $6,75@7,50. Wheat heavy and lower; $1,15@1,16 for No. 2; $1,18@1,19 for No. 1; $1,20@1,22 for choice and fancy club; new fall declined 5@10c; choice new red sold at $1,30; choice old red $1,20@1,37½; choice new white $1,31@1,35; do old do $1,40. Corn active and higher for best grades; mixed in sacks 81@82c; prime to choice yellow 85c; prime to choice fancy do 95@97c. Oats—holders firm and buyers stood off—offering at 65@68c for round lots of mixed and white; dealers took mixed at 66; choice and fancy at 68@70. Rye better, at $1,10 for choice. Whisky better, at 93½c, and held higher. Groceries, fair business, at 22@25c for good fair to prime Rio Coffee, 12@14¼c for Louisiana Sugar, and 70@80c for Plantation Molasses. Pork dull and lower, $32,75. Dry salt meat, very little doing, there being a stand off between holders and smokers; small sales of shoulders, packed, at 13@13¼c. Bacon firmer, and slightly better prices were obtained for order lots. shoulders sold at 14@14½c; rib sides 17c; crear rib 17½@17¾c; clear sides 17¾@18¼c. Lard dull and weak, at 19@19¼c for order lots in in tierce; 20@21c in keg. Receipts—1,800 bbls flour, 7,300 bush wheat, 10,000 bush corn, 1,400 bush oats.

CHICAGO, July 7.—Exchange steady. Flour fairly active; sales at $7@9,25 for winter extras, $5,25@6,50 for spring extras, and $4,75 for spring superfine. Wheat easier but unsettled and irregular; sales of No. 1 at $1,30@1,31½, and of No. 2 at $1,27@1,29; closing at outside. Corn tolerably active and market excited and prices 4@4½ higher; sales of No. 1 at 77, and of No. 2 at 77¼@77½; closing at 76¼@76½. Oats a shade more active and 1¾@2¼ higher; closing at 66¼@66¾ for No. 2. Rye steady and quiet; closing at $1,06 for No. 1; sales at $1,05@1,06. Barley dull and nominal at $1,45 for No. 2. Highwines dull and easier at 94½@95. Provisions dull and almost lifeless; sales of 40,000 Dry Salted Shoulders, extra heavy, at 12½. Mess Pork nominal at $33. Lard at 18½@19. Freights more active at 4@4½ for corn, and 4¼ for wheat to Buffalo. The receipts for the past twenty-four hours amounted to 6,236 barrels of flour, 70,300 bushels of wheat, 34,895 bushels of corn, 23,286 bushels of oats, 1,900 bushels of rye, 1,906 hogs. The shipments for the same were 7,289 barrels of flour, 18,777 bushels of wheat, 87,576 bushels of corn, 7,947 bushels of oats, 1,864 hogs.

CINCINNATI, July 7.—Flour firmer under an improved want and order demand, and prices advanced 10@15c; super $4,90@5; extra $5,10@5,50, and family $5,75@6. Wheat firm but not active at $1,25@1,30 for No. 2 and 1 red winter. Corn in request at 72@73c for mixed, and 75c for white. Oats firmer and in demand at 68@70c for No. 2 and 1, and not much to be had at these rates. Rye weak and easier; No. 1 $1,12@1,13; No. 2 $1,08@1,10. Barley dull and nominal. Provisions inactive. Mess pork $32,50. Bulk meats at 12¾c for shoulders; rib sides 15¾c; clear rib 16@16¼c; clear sides 16½@16¾c. Bacon firm but quiet at 14c for shoulders; rib sides 17c; clear 17¾c. Lard 19c and dull. Whisky sold at 94c, and is firm at this rate. Cotton 33c. Money tight. Exchange heavy at 1-10@½ discount.

TOLEDO, July 7.—Flour steady at $4,50 for superfine, and $6,25 for double extra red. Wheat—amber lower, with a downward tendency; No. 1 and 2 red firm; amber at $1,40½@1,41; white Michigan regular at $1,41; No. 1 do. at $1,71; No. 1 red at $1.39; No. 2 red at $1,36, and No. 3 red at $1,20. Corn 2@2½c better, with sales No. 1 at 79c on spot; 80c, buyer for July; No. 2 at 76¼c; Michigan at 77c. Oats better; Michigan at 68½c; No. 1 at 68c. Rye in demand and none on the market. Barley dull.

MILWAUKEE, July 7.—Flour dull and nominally unchanged. Wheat steady at $1,33 for No. 1, and $1,29½ for No. 2. Oats firm at 70c for No. 2. Rye and Barley nominal. Grain Freights are dull at 5c to Buffalo and 9c to Oswego. The receipts were 1,000 bbls flour, 61,000 bus wheat, 1,000 bus oats. The shipments were 2,000 bbls flour, 13,000 bus wheat, 1,000 bus oats.

PHILADELPHIA, July 7.—Flour steady. Wheat dull; new crop Delaware red sold at $1,60@1,65, Pennsylvania and western at $1,40@1,50. Rye unchanged. Corn unsettled but higher; sales of mixed western at 90@93c. Oats steady at 75@76c. Provisions unchanged. Petroleum firmer with sales of crude at 22@22½c, refined at 32@32¼c. Whisky unchanged.

MEMPHIS, July 7.—Cotton; no sales; receipts 38 bales; exports 11. Flour in better demand at $5,25 for super, and $7,25@8,50 for family. Wheat; new $1,25@1,45. Corn 90@92c. Oats 78c. Hay $26. Bran $21. Corn meal $4,25 for kiln dried. Pork $34,50. Lard 20@21½c. Bacon weaker, with shoulders at 14½c, and sides 18½c.

CLEVELAND, July 7.—Flour firm but unsettled with an upward tendency. Wheat; No. 1 red winter held at $1,39, No. 2 do. at $1,29. Corn is held at 77@78c. Oats held at 67c. In Petroleum buyers are offering 27½@28c for July and August for round lots refined, and sellers are asking 28@28½c; crude is nominal at $6,40.

LOUISVILLE, July 7,—Flour at $6,25 for superfine. Wheat at $1,25 for red, and $1,35 for white, Corn shelled in bulk at 68c. Oats in bulk 70c. Rye $1,20. Tobacco—sales 339 hhds at $5,25@35. Mess Pork at $33. Bacon—shoulders at 14½c; clear rib at 17¾c; clear sides at 18½c; hams at 19½c. Lard at 19½c. Highwines at 93c.

DETROIT, July 7.—Flour; the demand is fair for choice mill. Wheat dull; extra white $1,77; No. 1 do. $1,58; No. 2 do. $1,37@1,38; No. 1 amber $1,39. Corn 77@79c. Oats 70c. Bran $14; coarse middlings $18; fine $23.

Live Stock Markets.

NEW YORK, July 7.—Cattle firm and selling quick at a shade above Monday's prices, or at least weights are made to favor owners. Nearly all the droves were bought up by the brokers and speculators, who make a good commission on them. Fully 1,418 head of fresh stock arrived since Monday, and less than 200 head were held from that day. The close of the market is the strongest, and stock sold off early. Most of the droves were fat Kentucky and Illinois cattle, and the bulk were sold at 14½ to 16 cents, with the best at 16½c; a drove of 60 Kentucky grades, 8¾ cwt, brought 15 to 16c; 108 fine Kentucky, same weight, averaged 16c, while the best full drove of 123 Illinois cattle, 8½ cwt., brought 15¼@16½c. Sheep scarce to-day, only 1,500 arriving after 3,450 yesterday; good lots have advanced ½c, while the rest will sell at about the old rates; a poor 78 lb Ohio brought 4½c; a car of better, 79 lbs, 5c, and 2 cars fat Illinois, 83 lbs, 6¼c, with some of 87 lbs, at 6¾c. Lambs; sales 30 thin Ohio, 80 lbs, at 8½c; 150 Canada, 62 lbs, 10½c; 140 Kentucky, 50 lbs, good, 11c; 126, 64 lbs, 10¾c, and 80 State, 60 lbs, 11¼c. Hogs very firm but unchanged, with arrivals 26 cars to-day, all to slaughterers.

CHICAGO, July 7.—Cattle firm and steady at 4 25@4,75 for common to good cows, 6,25@6,60 for fair to medium, 7@7,50 for good to choice. Hogs dull and weak at 8@8,25 for common, 8,40@8,75 for fair to medium, 9@9,25 for good to choice.

ST. LOUIS, July 7.—Cattle quiet and unchanged, 3½@6¼c. Hogs in light supply and firmer, 7½@9¼c.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, July 7.—13 cars metal, Superior Mills; 6 do do, Bryan & Caughey; 6 do do, Nimick & Co; 5 do do, Zug & Co; 5 do do, Hailman & Hammett; 2 do do, Rees, Graff & Dull; 10 bbls eggs, H Rea Jr; 10 do do, W H Graff & Co; 59 bdls spokes, T Hare & Bro; 6 bbls eggs, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 45 bxs cheese, A Poe; 47 bgs rye, W J Meek; 100 bbls flour, T C Jenkins & Bro; 60 bbls marble dust, C Brustelbaugh; 2 cars stone, J L L Knox; 1 do do, C Miller; 1 do do, John Hinchcliff.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, July 7.—2 cars jackson ore, Hussey, Wells & Co; 4 cars limestone ore, McKnight, P & Co; 100 empty bbls, Waring & King; 170 sks wheat, J S Liggett & Co; 220 sks oats, H Schnelbach; 100 bbls oil, J Spear; 46 sks wheat, Scott & Gisal; 52 do do, W Welsh & Co; 51 bxs boots, W Pickersgill & Co; 20 bxs tobacco, C C Bauer; 20 bgs oats, Head & M; 20 bxs cheese, Bruggerman & O'Brien; 1 car lumber, J Ramsey.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, July 7.—1 car metal, Brown & Co; 1 car stone, Henderson & Co; 22 sks oats, Adams & Austin; 1 car lime, D L Reynolds; 16 bbls eggs, owners; 1 car tan bark, J C Lappe; 1 do do, Flaccus & Son; 1 do locust posts, A M'Clintock; 65 sks oats, J B McKee; 20 sks rye, W H Kirkpatrick & Co; 5 cars limestone, Shoenberger & Blair; 2 cars metal, H Woodsides; 3 do do, McKnight & Co; 1 do do, John Moorhead.

PITTSBURGH CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, July 7.—40 bbls flour, W H Nanker & Son; 100 do do, 40 sks do, S Myer, 88 sks rye, 185 do oats, W J Meek; 8 bbls hams, T P Barr; 100 doz brooms, McElroy & Co; 45 sks tan bark, A H Childs & Co; 39 do oats, Meaner & H; 30 do wheat, Voigt, M & Co; 11 do rye, Woodworth & D; 5 tcs beef, E H Myers & Co; 25 do hams, J H Parker; 5 bbls whisky, A Glockner.

ALLEGHENY STATION, July 7.—1 car wheat, Kennedy & Bro; 1 car lime, J Abdell; 3 cars limestone, Superior Iron Co; 3 do stone, F Altwater; 1 do cooperage, Ralya & Robertson; 6 bbls clay, Jos Craig; 23 bales cotton, Kennedy, Childs & Co; 1 car middlings, R Knox & Son.

RIVER PACKETS.

LOUISVILLE.

FOR CINCINNATI and LOUISVILLE.—The fine passenger steamer KATE PUTNAM.....Capt. G. W. REED.
Will leave as above on FRIDAY, the 9th inst., at 4 o'clock P. M.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
jy7 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

UPPER MISSISSIPPI.

FOR ST. LOUIS, KEOKUK, DUBUQUE and ST. PAUL.—The steamer GLENDALE.....Capt. JOHN M. HARE.
Will leave for the above ports THIS DAY, at 4 o'clock P. M.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents
or CHAS. BARNES, Agent.

PARKERSBURG.

PITTSBURGH, WHEELING AND PARKERSBURG LINE.—Leave Company's Wharf Boat, foot of Wood Street, daily at 12 M., WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS.
GREY EAGLE.....G. L. BRENNAN, Master.
Freight will be received at all hours by
JAMES COLLINS,
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD,
ap13 Agents.

A NEW ARTICLE.

GANTZ'S SICILY LEMON SUGAR, for making lemonade; wants neither sugar or lemons. Put in one pound cans to make thirty tumblers lemonade. Just received and for sale by
JNO. A. RENSHAW,
je29 Corner Liberty and Ninth streets.

CEMEMT—100 bbls Louisville Hydraulic Cement, for sale by
J. B. CANFIELD

RIVER NEWS.

The river continues to recede slowly with six feet eight inches in the channel, by the Monongahela marks. Weather warm but pleasant and just what is needed for the crops.

The New State and Petrolia arrived and departed as usual. The Kenton from Portsmouth is due to-day.

The Kate Putnam, Capt. Geo. W. Reed, is filling up steadily for Cincinnati and Louisville, and will be the first boat out.

The Glendale, Capt. John M. Hare, one of the best boats in the trade, is announced for St. Louis forthwith. The veteran Mellon still retains charge of the office.

The engines for the new steamer Lotus No. 3, were built by Capt. James Rees. Capt. Rees has but few equals in the business of engine building.

Business is rather dull at the landing, freights for all points being scarce, though this is usually the case at this season of the year.

—The Glasgow from St. Paul to Pittsburgh, arrived at St. Louis on Sunday.

—The Nat. Williams is engaged in wrecking the mail boat America, sunk and burned near Warsaw on the 4th of December last.

—Capt. Holcroft has sold his one-eighth interest in the steamer Virginia to Capt. Chas. Schultz, at the rate of $26,000 for the whole boat.

—If Mr. Alter and others want to build a propeller, they will consult their own tinterests by coming to Pittsburgh before conracting at Louisville or any other place.

—Gen. Weitzell advertises for proposals for the excavation of 4,500 cubic yards of rock out of the mouth of the Louisville and Portland canal. Bids will be received until July 28th.

—Capt. J. W. Parker, formerly commander of the Canada, is now a coal merchant of Dubuque and dealing largely. On Thursday last he received 50 car loads or 1,000 tons from Pittsburgh, the freight bill on which was $4,000.

—We announced a few days ago that Wm. Ater and others, of St. Louis, were coming to this city to build a propeller for the dock grain trade. We have been asked if our mechanics are prepared to do this sort of work. Will our steamboat builders answer the question?—*Louisville Courier.*

—The Glasgow, from Pittsburgh, arrived yesterday morning with about 175 tons of freight for this city. Her cargo consisted chiefly of glass, nails, &c. She left Pittsburgh on the 18th of June with 475 tons of freight, mostly for the Upper Mississippi. She left here last evening, and has freight engaged below.—*St. Paul Press*, June 30th.

—We clip the following from a late St. Louis paper: It is said a festive young steamboat clerk is in trouble on account of having been too oppressive in his attentions to a fair married lady on a recent trip. She is afflicted with an insanely jealous lord. Whether the matter will end in a trip to Arkansas is just what everybody is now discussing.

—The St. Louis *Republican* says: There was much gossip on Change yesterday, and in business circles generally, over the disappearence the day before of a former steamboat captain and owner, and an insurance company president, who is said to have made his flight in company with a bad woman, after obtaining about $5,000 on loans and forged paper. Until the alleged circumstances are found to be facts, we withhold the name of the party in question.

—Fort Benton advices under date of June 21, report as follows: The Andrew Ackley, Huntsville and Sallie left port during the past three days. The Peninah is expected in with half of the Arkansas freight. A new storage and forwarding house opened last week, with a full house. The style of the house is Haney & Clevenger. Quite a sensation among freighters, merchants and those who take an interest in such matters, was created by the arrival and putting in running order of a large train of new wagons, built by J. Murphy, of St. Louis Mo., for Messrs. I. G. Barker & Bro., of this place.

—The negro that sued the Keokuk Packet Company came to his senses yesterday by withdrawing his suit. The following dispatch from Quincy explains the case: The case of the negro, Washington vs. the Keokuk Packet Company was concluded to-day. Washington claimed damages for being refused a seat at first table, and stateroom, and for being put ashore. The Keokuk Packet Company claimed that they had sold him no such privileges, but simply a seat at the second table and a cot, and that they put him ashore to prevent him from being thrown overboard by the passengers, who had become incensed at his attempt to take a seat at first table. At the conclusion of the testimony Washington dismissed his suit.

—A correspondent of the Louisville *Courier-Journal* writing from Memphis, under date of June 27, says: A case of considerable interest to steamboatmen has recently been decided in the Supreme Court of this State. Some three years ago a Mr. Bradford took passage on the steamer Morning Star (then plying the Louisville and Memphis trade) for Osceola, Arkansas, eighty-five miless up the river, Osceola is in a bend behind a bar, and difficult of access in low water. Before reaching his destination, Bradford was notified that he could not be landed at Osceola, and must get off about some three miles above, which he did, but afterward brought suit against the boat for $10,000 damages. After a tedious law suit, Bradford got judgment in one of the Memphis courts for $1,000. The owners of the boat appealed the case to the Supreme Court of Tennessee, and that court has affirmed the decision of the lower court,

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1869.

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Leave.		Arrive.	
Chicago Ex....	2:08 a m	Chicago Ex..	1:58 a m
Erie & Yg'n Ex.	7:28 a m	Chicago Ex..	12:03 p m
Cl. & Wh'g M'l	6:13 a m	Wheeling Ex	10:48 a m
Chicago Mail..	6:58 a m	St. Louis Ex	7:08 p m
Chicago Ex....	9:43 a m	Chi'go Ex&Mail	4:08 p m
Cl. & Wh'g Ex	2:08 p m	Cleveland Ex	3:53 p m
Chicago Ex	4:23 p m	Erie & Yg'n Ex	5:88 p m
W'e & Erie Ex	4:38 p m	Cl. &

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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THURSDAY, JULY 8, 1869.

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET.

STATE TICKET.

GOVERNOR,
JOHN W. GEARY.
SUPREME JUDGE,
HENRY W. WILLIAMS.

COUNTY TICKET.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE DISTRICT COURT,
JOHN M. KIRKPATRICK,
ASSISTANT LAW JUDGE, COMMON PLEAS,
FRED'K. H. COLLIER.
STATE SENATE,
THOMAS HOWARD.
ASSEMBLY,
MILES S. HUMPHREYS,
ALEXANDER MILLAR,
JOSEPH WALTON,
JAMES TAYLOR,
D. N. WHITE,
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SHERIFF
HUGH S. FLEMING
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CLERK OF COURTS,
JOSEPH BROWNE.
RECORDER,
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COMMISSIONER,
CHAUNCEY B. BOSTWICK.
REGISTER,
JOSEPH H. GRAY.
CLERK OF ORPHANS' COURT,
ALEXANDER HILANDS.
DIRECTOR OF POOR,
ABDIEL McCLURE.

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second page: Poetry, Ephemeris, July Magazines and Literary Notes, Brief Telegrams, etc. Third and Sixth pages: Commercial, Financial, Mercantile and River News, Markets, Imports. Seventh page: Notes of Travel and Local Intelligence.*

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 49¼f.

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 87¼.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 135⅜.

THE CONSERVATIVE or Democratic party of Virginia carried the election in that State on Tuesday. WALKER has been elected Governor, and the Legislature is largely Democratic.

THE Indian policy, for the summer, is to keep the savages within their reservations, and to regard all who shall remain outside of such direct jurisdiction as enemies and liable to the tender mercies of our military power.

THE STRIKE in the anthracite coal fields has led to one result; a responsible New York firm has proposed to the Delaware and Hudson Canal Company to take one of its mines and run it with Chinamen, as an experiment. It is not announced to what conclusion the Company has come, or is likely to arrive.

THE PEOPLE OF TOLEDO have given nearly an unanimous vote for a public subscription to the new railway line projected to connect with the Atlantic division of the Erie road at Akron.

The road from Newark to Sandusky has been absorbed by the B & O. Company, which thus secures a present terminus at a Lake port, with an eye to participation in the grain business of the Northwest.

THE DEMOCRATIC party of Ohio has shown its wisdom and diplomacy in nominating the gallant Gen. ROSECRANS for Governor, and shelving the willing gentleman of the CAREY stripe. We presume he will accept the nomination and thus place in jeopardy the reputation he made and sustained in the late war, for a man is generally judged by the company he keeps, and if so in this case, down will go the General in public estimation with a vengeance.

WHEN the Registry Law was under discussion, the Philadelphia *Age* mildly suggested that one of the Judges, WILLIAMS, being a candidate this year, was so far interested in the result that it was indelicate for him to take part in any adjustment of this controversy. As that decision will hold as well of future years as of the present, it is difficult to see how the objection of the *Age* would come short of disqualifying the entire bench, every member of which may also be a candidate for re-election within the five years to come. We can afford to smile at this objection, since the appeal to Republican delicacy is so natural, habitual, and, in the experience of party politics, so uniformly one-sided. It is never worth our while to hope for any Democratic embarrassment on that particular score. Talk of "indelicacy" to SHARSWOOD or THOMPSON, when a political question comes before them! The base suggestion of such a proposal would put every lawyer in Pennsylvania on the broad grin.

THE REGISTRY LAW SUSTAINED.

The Supreme Court, after an exhaustive examination, pronounces in favor of the Registry Law of last winter, as a constitutional enactment. This decision was rendered at Philadelphia yesterday, and our meagre telegraphic report barely covers the leading points adjudged.

A vexed question is at last settled, finally and by an authority from which there is no appeal. The honest people of this Commonwealth are safely delivered, by this judgment, from much the greater part of that varied scheme of fraud and outrage by which partizanship has so often heretofore contrived to overlay and smother the expression of their opinions and wishes at the ballot box. Hereafter, no more Philadelphia frauds, no more colonizing and repeating, no more Clearfield villainies, no more Democratic electioneering of that sort which tramples upon all law, and which has not even stopped at murder to compass a political triumph! The suffrage is henceforth to be effectually protected in honest hands, and to every hand entitled to hold it,—and no other hand can touch it.

Had this Constitutional law prevailed two years since, we should not now have to regret the partizanship of one Judge who has dissented from the righteous verdict of his associates. Never a Justice of that Court would Mr. SHARSWOOD have been—to protest, as he now does, against a decision which in effect declares himself an intruder—had a registry-law then existed to protect the suffrage from the unlawful devices of his friends. He owes his seat to the success of such shameful practices as this law has been expressly framed to check and to punish. It was not to be expected that he would unite in upholding legislation which puts his own re-election quite out of the possibilities. But it is to be regretted that his Democratic associate, Justice THOMPSON, should have been unable to rise above the low plane of mere partizanship. In declining to assent to this judgment of the Court, he has missed an admirable opportunity to vindicate his higher regard for that pure justice which is the essence of an intelligent democracy of opinion. He had not SHARSWOOD'S temptation, although he may anticipate sharing in SHARSWOOD'S ultimate descent.

The law stands vindicated and declared. Henceforth, it is to be respected and obeyed by all the people of the Commonwealth. Liberty is wholly free, since it is purged from all the perils of license. Our next October's vote, however full, will be an honest one. And so, we abide its result contentedly, leaving complaints, now or then, to a partizanship which an honest vote never satisfies.

VAGUE ACCUSATIONS.

The Court of Quarter Sessions has responded to that extraordinary application from its Grand Jury, of which we remarked a few days since. The opinion of Judge STERRETT thereon was given yesterday, and we print it in full. It is a cogent and exhaustive resume of the existing law, clearly exhibiting the impropriety of the submitted propositions, and wholly denying their authority.

To the concluding paragraphs, in the opinion of the Court, we invite the especial attention of our readers. It may there be seen how easy it is, for those who may be cognizant of any truth in "rumors and newspaper accusations," to secure their investigation in a strictly legal form. It will be there seen, also, how "the malicious and cowardly" might use the powers for which the Grand Jury had so unwisely asked, "as a cover for persecution," turning that Inquest into a "detective organization," an "inquisition," at the mere call of common rumor, or after the idle inventions of unprincipled journalism.

The people of Allegheny are sensible of a marked obligation to the Court, which thus decisively frowns upon the vague and indiscriminate impeachment, without an effort at proof, of citizens, whether in public or private life. The forms of public justice are thus vindicated, and the rights of the individual are protected. In that judgment, a simple truth, of the highest public and personal moment, is maintained and enforced, with a directness of application which must at all times have an especial value. It is seen that a wide gulf separates the vague and loose talk of the streets, the "cowardly and malicious persecution" of mere rumor, in and out of the public press,—from the dignity of a respectable accusation, preferred in a sincere zeal for justice, or prosecuted through the accessible but orderly channels which invite all good citizens to the pursuit, detection and punishment of crime.

It is especially fortunate, at this time that the public mind should be thus enlightened as to the real value of the vague rumors, in the streets and in some of our journals, which have been heard so freely of late. Until these shall be revealed as upon some responsible authority, honest enough and confident enough to prosecute them in the only legal way, the people of Allegheny will find no difficulty in regarding them as malicious and cowardly slanders, invented for some base motive and persisted in, in a flagrant defiance of the law, of the public sense and of common decency.

We take pleasure in exculpating the members of the Grand Jury from the suspicion of any unfair intent, in making the application which has been thus decisively denied. We are quite sure that they acted from upright motives, although with a remarkable ignorance of the law. But we must reiterate the expression of our belief that, individually, or as a body, they were misled by outside influences, which ought to be exposed to public reprehension, and perhaps to the just responsibilities which could then be visited upon them. Such influences could scarcely fail to be recognized as malicious and cowardly, abusing the Grand Jury-room as a cover for persecution. Such was clearly the intent, none the less that the scheme has utterly failed of its purpose.

THE WAY OF SAFETY.

A correspondent urges the need for a more perfect communication with the Lakes, upon the attention of our people. It is a subject upon which we have written much, heretofore, but which is by no means exhausted. Nothing is clearer, among the promises of our material future, than that the manufacturers of Pittsburgh, in the absence of vigorous and well directed efforts to the contrary, must see their formerly predominant influence in that department of western trade, gradually but surely slipping away from them. We depend already, in a large degree, for our supplies of the metallic ores, upon a broken system of carriage from a far distant lake port. This description of freight is not one in which the absence of competition permits much expensive handling. The transfer now required, from vessel to car, at the ports of Erie or Cleveland, with the increased cost of the railway transit thence to Pittsburgh, over that of a simple water carriage, in unbroken bulk, and in the same bottom, and by a canal deep enough to float the Escanaba trader, is just so much of a discriminating tax against our manufacturers, and in favor of those more fortunately located either upon the lake shore, or convenient to a more accessible fuel.

Undoubtedly, the near-by markets for our iron will be made more and more valuable by the growth of the adjoining populations in numbers and wealth, and it is possible that here may be found, in the coming and not very far distant future, a demand co-extensive with a capacity for supply which it has been the Pittsburgh fashion to boast of as illimitable—but we do not regard the fact as probable. Rather, we can foresee a comparatively early day, when the iron-masters of Erie, Cleveland, the Mahoning valley, and of the new district of Indiana which has of late been found to contain an abundance of the most suitable coals, will enter into these near-by markets of ours, and prove, by their effective competition, that even these markets are to be ours no more.

The ore and the fuel *will* come together by the shortest cut, with an irresistible attraction. It is the length of that cut, with the expenses of handling and of a more costly carriage for a part of the way by rail, which alone stands now, and will stand more and more if unrelieved, in the way of Pittsburgh interests. We have here everything else requisite—the skilled labor, the capital, the enterprise, and the fixed "plant" which will easily double, in any twelve month, our present production. It only remains to shorten, or cheapen which is the same thing, that cut which now separates ore from fuel and skill, to confirm the Pittsburgh iron trade in its old and opulent predominance throughout the regions which the Ohio drains and waters.

There is but one way to do this. The ore shipped at Escanaba and Marquette must be laid down here in unbroken bulk—and that can only be accomplished by the construction of a canal hence to the Lake, of capacity which shall float the Upper Lake schooners directly to our levee. Such a canal will cost something. Will it cost more than we are certain to lose, if without it? And how long must we wait to ascertain either figure?

We like to look these matters square in the face, and to use plain words in discussing them. We do not like to share in the general apathy, with which our iron-trade seems to surrender itself to the gentle but mighty current which bears material interests, of the greatest value to Pittsburgh, down, down, to be stranded hopelessly at last, while an earnest, timely effort in the right direction, and with the means which await our willing hands, would avert the peril and restore to us all that we have lost.

REPUBLICAN PERIL AND ENCOURAGEMENT.

The year after a presidential election has always been perilous to the political party that triumphed therein, and in an especial degree if they were in the ascendancy immediately preceding the contest. Nothing happens more naturally than this, and for these reasons:

1. A deep popular agitation is necessarily followed by a period of repose. This apathetic condition is naturally proportioned to the preceding tension. In the political world, as in the physical, action and reaction are precisely equal.

2. A presidential victory involves the distribution of honors and emoluments, and this cannot be accomplished without offending more than are suited. On an average there are twenty applicants for every place to be filled, and each one is confident that his claims are paramount to those of either of his competitors. Then each applicant has his friends, who take his rejection to heart, as compassed without cause, and perhaps, by unworthy means.

3. Wherever a government exists those charged with the duty of administering it are assailed with general accusations of corruption. There never has been a President in this country so upright as to escape denunciation on this head. Even Washington was berated worse than any of his successors during the last thirty years. It is so the world over. People will not pay taxes without enjoying the immemorial privilege of grumbling. Doubtless some dishonest and unscrupulous men do get into high places, and by bad practices furnish excuse for a general outcry against corruption; but whoever looks fairly into the matter, in this country, will find that the majority of the men who have been conspicuous in politics have either died poor or barely in circumstances of ordinary pecuniary comfort. Several of the Presidents were reduced to great straits during their later years. Of all the surviving Governors of this Commonwealth not one is rich. Few men who have served long in Congress have approached the end of life with a liberal competency unless they made it before emerging from private ranks. This is equally true of Cabinet Ministers. Representatives at first class foreign courts are invariably subject to heavy losses, the salaries allowed not more than half defraying the expenses.

4. Since the establishment of the Internal Revenue System, taxes and offices have been multiplied beyond all former precedent. This resulted from the immense cost of the Rebellion. An accumulation of burdens and placemen has produced two evils. It has augmented the thirst for public service, and it has placed the private interests of large classes of active and enterprising business men in sharp competition with the interests and demands of the government. It would be idle to deny that frauds have been perpetrated, or that fortunes have been made, both by office-holders and business men by means of these frauds. The facts are so conspicuous as to fall within the notice of the most ordinary observers. Happily, however, as is disclosed in the last reports of the Treasury Department, the new administration is succeeding admirably in stopping these sources of demoralization, and in removing causes of complaint. The increased revenue now received will serve as a fair index to guage the amount of fraud inflicted, through the connivance of officers recently removed.

In addition to these general reasons for apathy, there is this year a special one. Among the men who have been most prominent and influential in the Republican ranks, are a considerable number of Abolitionists. They have been in politics not for the sake of honors, or emoluments, or ease, or the esteem of friends and acquaintances; but for the vindication of the cardinal ideas of Liberty, Equality and Fraternity. For years they were accounted as the offscourings of the earth. In church, in state, and in social life, they were cruelly derided as "pronounced enemies of the country and of religion." From the press, the platform and the pulpit they were assailed with equal bitterness and vituperation. The storm of obloquy to which they were exposed did not shake their faith in ultimate triumph, nor did it induce them to truckle to the leaders of popular opinion. It rather developed in them a superior strength of character, through which they were enabled to question and try all opinions, to sift the real from the seeming, and to await in unshaken confidence the decision of the future.

These men now see the end of all their labors and sufferings accomplished, and are satisfied. Even while they yet live the ideas and principles they adhered to through abounding contumelies are vindicated, and by the adoption of the XVth Amendment will be fully incorporated into the Constitution of which they were in myriad slanders and libels pronounced to be the most dangerous and unrelenting enemies. No wonder they feel like putting their armor off, and taking a season of rest before they depart hence to be known among men no more forever! Their sturdy shoulders will not henceforward be felt at the wheel as in former days. An active moral force and a dominating intellectual power, pass, not into opposition, but into a condition of comparative quiescence. Of course, a crop of young men are ready to take the place of those veterans; and herein is the reason for not falling into despondency.

We mention these facts that the Republican leaders in Pennsylvania may comprehend the situation; and gird up their loins to meet it with resolution. They have an arduous work to do, but they are abundantly competent to the full performance of all the responsibilities resting upon them. In a few days the Democrats will formally draw out their array, by designating their standard bearer and inscribing on their colors the issues they mean to make. As to both these points, they are in trouble. For the gubernatorial candidate, their choice balances between two millionaires—one of the East and the other of the West—for however much the masses may prefer Democracy of any conceivable sort, their leaders are in social life, intensely aristocratic, and will always remain so. The chances are that the aspirant whose money-bags are heaviest will secure the prize. As to principle, the dilemma is most perplexing. All their former doctrines have fallen hopelessly into disrepute, so that a revival of them is altogether impossible. So far as the measures they proposed bore any proper relation to their definite ideas, they too have become unsuitable and even impossible. The old animus survives just as the tongue of a serpent will hiss after its head is severed from its body; and so the Democrats will continue to appeal to the passions and prejudices of all "lewd fellows of the baser sorts" against the blacks.

This opportunity may last this season out, or may not. If the fifteenth amendment shall be ratified and officially proclaimed in time to have the election laws of this Commonwealth altered, the blacks will have the ballot in their hands before October; and then the Democratic occupation of scoffing at them will be gone.

For our part, we care nothing what principles or purposes the Democrats may avow. We shall not judge them by their professions, but by their record—by that judgment which, through successive years, they deliberately made up against themselves. Individual repentance is not only conceivable, but of constant occurrence. The repentance of a political party surpasses our conception of the possible. We have heard of it, by the hearing of the ear, but it has always proved to be a gigantic deception and hypocrisy. So soon as the necessity for dissimulation has passed away, the repentance has been recanted, and the old deformity displayed with unblushing front, in the light of day.

It is time the Republican leaders were making ready for the contest. Let the call go out that shall summons them to their respective posts of duty.

The Augsburg Confession and the Lord's Day.

MESSRS. EDITORS: In an editorial in the GAZETTE of July 3d, entitled "Proof Furnished," reference is made to the Augsburg Confession in a way liable to do injustice to that venerable symbol and to the very large body of Christians who embrace it. The editorial takes exception to certain expressions in the seventh resolution adopted at the meeting of citizens of the preceding Thursday, in which those intending to take part in the Sunday desecration are warned that "they must be regarded as deliberately declaring war upon our institutions and aiming to destroy the foundations of good order and of public morals, and we shall be constrained to regard and treat them as the pronounced enemies of our country and our liberties." The editorial, commenting on this, says: "Will any sensible man seriously pretend that the German Evangelical Lutheran ministers and membership of these cities and elsewhere are bad men, opposed to good order and public morals, and enemies of the country and its liberties because they follow the venerable Augsburg Confession of Faith in respect to Sunday, instead of the Westminster?" The impression made by these words is that the German Evangelical Lutheran ministers and membership, and the Augsburg Confession, favor the unfortunate position taken by a misguided part of our fellow-citizens, and sanction the unhallowed celebration in which they engaged on last Sunday, whereas the direct reverse of this is the truth. The Augsburg Confession introduces the question of the Sabbath in one of its articles on the *Abuses of the Romish Church*, more by way of illustration and argument, than for the purpose of setting forth the complete doctrine in regard to it. It teaches that "*because it was requisite to appoint a certain day, that the people might know when they ought to come together, it appears that the (Christian) Church did for that purpose appoint the Lord's day.*" This coming together of the people evidently is for the purpose for which the Sabbath is appointed, viz: for the worship of God and the hearing of His Word. No sensible man will seriously pretend that the Augsburg Confession recommends or sanctions a coming together of the people for the purpose of moving in procession through the streets, with bands of music, and so disturb the peace and quiet of the day, and of listening to infidel orations, in which the church of Jesus Christ is held up to shame and reproach.

Luther, in his Larger Catechism, says: "To sanctify the Sabbath day, signifies to keep it holy. What then is implied by keeping it holy? Nothing else but to be employed in holy words and actions." "We should know that God desired to have this commandment strictly observed, and that He will punish all who reject His Word and are unwilling to hear and learn it, especially at the time appointed for this purpose. Therefore not only those sin against this commandment who grossly abuse and impiously profane the Sabbath day, as those who, on account of their avarice or wantonness, neglect to hear the Word of God, or lie in taverns full and stupid like swine; but those also who listen to the Word of God as to idle talk, and attend preaching merely for the sake of fashion, and when the year has gone by know as little as they did before." This shows what that great reformer considered a proper observance of the day.

Melancthon, who penned the Augsburg Confession, certainly knew what it taught. A quotation from his Catechism for Youth, will show how the Sabbath is to be kept in the spirit of the confession: "Sins against this commandment * * * to spend sacred days in feasting and sports, not in pious meditation—to lead others by our example from public worship, and give occasion for their thinking lightly of it—*contumaciously to engage on the sacred day in works which hinder the ministry of the word and of worship.*" "Works enjoined by the precept * * * to employ sacred days for the celebration of the public service—likewise in pious meditation, and in setting an example which will win others to piety," &c.

The German Evangelical Lutheran ministers and membership of these cities took action against the ungodly demonstration of last Sunday, condemning and protesting against it, and charging that those who inaugurated and carried it out, were "rationalists, free thinkers and confirmed infidels."

No one would pretend to claim that that ungodly celebration was a work of necessity or of mercy, or a worship of God and a devout listening to his Word. And from the statements above given it is clear that neither the Lutherans nor their Confession sanction or excuse it. Lutherans do claim liberty of conscience, but not the liberty to sin against God, or offend against the peace and good order of society.

A LUTHERAN.

OUR WAY TO THE LAKES.

EDITORS GAZETTE: I read your remarks in your issue of the 23d ultimo, commendatory of the city of "Erie" as a point that should command a higher and more important business position. This is all true, and I will tell you, in a few words what will do it. Let her citizens and our own of Pennsylvania, with Northeastern Ohio, go vigorously to work, and construct a ship canal between those important terminal points, and the future of the two places will be promoted to such an extent that our business and population will be increased three fold, within ten years after its construction, and very palpably in a much greater ratio. We are not alone interested in this great work, but the States of Pennsylvania, Maryland, Western Virginia, the vast West and Northwest, are deeply concerned in this great project. The various railroads radiating hence are equally interested in the enterprise. Just reflect one momoment. There was mined in the Lake Superior region in 1868, four hundred and ninety-three thousand two hundred and ninety tons (493,290) of Iron Ore, most of which found its way to Western Pennsylvania and Northeastern Ohio, for smelting, and to be manufactured and manipulated in the various work shops, and then distributed to the various sections of our country, through our system of railways. The same with the copper, lumber, and plaster of the Lake regions, and the cereals of the progressive west. In a very few years the Northern Pacific Railroad will be completed, connecting Lake Superior and the chain of Lakes of the Northwest, with Pugets Sound on the Pacific, creating a business and trade that we must reach after and accommodate. Let us act well our part, and endeavor to comprehend the question of our future greatness.

H.

THE Providence *Journal*, owned and supposed to be edited by Senator ANTHONY, says:

There is authority for stating that no Cabinet changes are contemplated, and that all which has recently been said on that subject in various newspapers is merely speculation.

THE ingenious mutilations which the Dog Indians recently practiced upon their victims are explained. By scalping they prevented their entrance to the happy hunting grounds, and by cutting strips of flesh from the thighs, pinning them behind with telegraph wire, and hanging the boots of the murdered man thereon, they fixed him so that in the next world he must go on his haunches and not on his feet.

THERE is a plow in Peoria that will cut thirty-two inches wide and eighteen inches deep. From the point to the hinder end of the mold-board it is seven feet, and it is expected to require sixteen oxen to draw it. It is worth $100, and is built for ditching puposes.

—The reunion of the Ninth Army Corps and Burnside's Expedition was held at Rocky Point, Rhode Island, yesterday, and was in every respect successful. There was a very large gathering, including many distinguished officers. At the business meeting General Burnside was elected President. Boston was selected as the place for holding the next reunion, and the 14th of September, 1870, as the time, being the anniversary of the battle of South Mountain.

THE SYMPTONS OF CONSUMPTION.

Paleness of the countenance.
Spitting, or expectoration of pus.
This pus sinks in water.
It is sometimes streaked with blood.
There is chilliness or shiverings, and flashes of heat.
There is a pearly whiteness of the eyes.
The hair of the head falls off.
At times there is a circumscribed red spot on one or both cheeks.
There is swelling of the hands and feet.
There is great debility and emaciation of the body.
There is a high colored state of the urine.
With a deposit on standing like brick dust.
There is oftentimes a great thirst.
The blood is hurried through the arteries and veins.
The pulse is over a hundred, and even as high as one hundred and forty a minute.
The veins on the surface of the body are bluer than usual, and languid.
As the disease progresses the debility increases.
The expectoration becomes more copious.
The finger nails are incurvated.
There is a marasmus and wasting of all the powers of life.
There is often pain in one or both lungs.
There is often diarrhoea and faintness.
There is great sinking of the vital forces.
When there are turbercles, small portions of turberculous matter will be expectorated.
This tubercular matter has an offensive odor.
On an examination with a lung sound, rattling and gurgling is heard.
There is always more or less cough.
Some of these symptons are always present in pulmonary consumption, and nearly or quite all of them in different stages of the disease.

No disease of which we have any knowledge is so common and so almost invariably fatal; yet this need not be the case if the earlier symptoms were heeded. Time and again we have called attention to Dr. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE, which will in every instance of a recent cough arrest the progress of the disease and hinder its development, and even after it has become settled will often cure it and arrest further decay of the lungs.

Sold at the great Medicine Store, No. 167 LIBERTY STREET, one door from St. Clair. Dr. Keyser may be consulted at his LIBERTY STREET OFFICE EVERY DAY UNTIL 12 o'clock, and at his resident office, No. 120 Penn street, from 1 to 4 o'clock.

THE SEASON OF EXHAUSTION.

No matter how vigorous by nature the system and the constitution may be, they must necessarily suffer more or less from the depleting effects of the temperature of midsummer, unless strengthened and sustained by wholesome tonic treatment. The extra pressure upon the vital forces must be met and counterbalanced by an extra resistant power; the unusual and rapid consumption of the animal fluids by profuse perspiration must be compensated by the perfect digestion and assimilation of the food taken into the stomach, from which both the fluids and the solids of the body are derived. Otherwise the physical strength declines, and the mind, sympathizing with the machinery through which it acts, becomes depressed and enervated. A STIMULANT is therefore absolutely required at this season; not a violent one, calculated to produce febrile excitement, but something which will recruit and reinforce the whole organization in proportion to the extraordinary drain to which the torrid heat subjects it.

This desideratum is supplied in a palatable and most efficient form in HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, which the people of this country, after more than twenty-five years' experience, have accepted and endorsed as the best tonic, alterative and antibilious preparation which medical chemistry has yet succeeded in obtaining from the strength-sustaining, healing and purifying products of the vegetable kingdom. Every ingredient of this famous compound has its own specific virtue, and the result of their combination is the most genial invigorant, aperient and regulating medicine ever administered, either as a preventive or cure of the disorders most common in our variable climate. Among these may be enumerated dyspepsia, biliousness constipation, fever and ague, nervous debility, and all the ailments proceeding from imperfect digestion. A course of HOSTETTER'S BITTERS is the best possible safeguard against the dangers which menace persons of both sexes, and all ages, during the heated term.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞**EXHIBITION.**—The pupils of MOORHEAD DISTRICT SCHOOLS, Eleventh Ward, will give a public exhibition, on FRIDAY, 9th inst. The Allegheny Quartette Club will be present and render some of their favorite pieces.

Admission, 25 cents; doors open at 7:30.
jy8:178

OFFICE OF THE
BEN FRANKLIN INSURANCE COMPANY
No. 41 Ohio Street,
ALLEGHENY, PA., July 6th, 1869.

☞**THE DIRECTORS OF THE** BEN FRANKLIN INSURANCE COMPANY have this day declared a Dividend of ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS PER SHARE out of the profits of the last six months, payable in cash on and after WEDNESDAY, July 14th, 1869. GEORGE D. RIDDLE,
jy8:180 Secretary.

FOR SALE.

3 STILLS, each 9 feet diameter and 16½ feet long, with about 300 feet condensing pipe, from 4-inch down to 2½-inch gas pipe to each still, for $900 apiece.

2 BOILERS, each 32-inch diameter and 14 feet long, with chimney bridging, steam drum, stand pipe, &c., for $500.

2 KEYSTONE STEAM PUMPS, each 12 inch steam cylinder, 7-inch water cylinder and 12-inch stroke, for $300 apiece.

1 IRON AGITATOR, 16 feet diameter and 16 feet deep, with cast iron bottom for $500.

700 feet 2½-inch GAS PIPE at 40c per foot.

Apply to FERNY, JAGEMAN & CO., at works, near Sharpsburg Bridge. jy8:179

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
Pittsburgh, July 8, 1869.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—SEALED PROPOSALS for GRADING, PAVING and CURBING the following streets will be received at this office until MONDAY, July 19th, 1869:

FORBES STREET, from Magee to Chestnut street.

WILLOW STREET, from Fortieth to Forty-fourth street.

THIRTY-FIRST STREET, from Liberty street to Allegheny Valley Railroad.

And for Grading and Paving:

SNOWDEN ALLEY, from Hemlock alley to the Allegheny Valley Railroad.

APPLE ALLEY from Marion to Miltenberger street.

Specifications and blanks for bidding can be had at this office, and no bids will be considered by the Committee unless made out on the proper blanks. The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids. H. J. MOORE,
jy4:191 City Engineer.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

I have this day associated with me in the Hat, Cap and Fur Business, Messrs. JOHN W. OGLEVEE and JOHN G. BENNETT. The business will be conducted as heretofore at the old established stand, No. 139 WOOD STREET, under the firm name of

WM. FLEMING & CO.

WM. FLEMING, J. G. BENNETT, J. W. OGLEVEE.

WM. FLEMING & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Hats, Caps, Ladies' Furs,

AND

STRAW GOODS,

No. 139 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.
jy5

CHERRY SEEDER.

CHERRY SEEDER.

Every family using Cherries, whether for pies, canning or drying, should have one of these valuable machines. It not only saves time and labor, but will more than pay for itself in seeding one bushel of cherries.

The Machine is cheap, simple, durable and handsome. The hopper is adjustible, thereby adapting it to all sizes of cherries.

RETAIL PRICE - - - - - - - $2.00.

FOR SALE BY

JAMES BOWN,

No. 136 WOOD STREET.
je15-THS

SELECT BOARDING SCHOOL

FOR

YOUNG LADIES.

EILDON SEMINARY,

North Penna. Railroad, seven miles from Philadelphia.

Miss CARR'S seventeenth session will open

SEPTEMBER 15, 1869,

At this healthful and beautiful situation. Terms moderate, instruction thorough. Apply for circular at Gazette Counting Rooom, or office of Jay Cooke & Co., Bankers, Philadelphia, or to the Principal, Shoemakertown P. O., Montgomery county, Pa. je21:k80

PITTSBURGH

BANK FOR SAVINGS,

NO. 67 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH. CHARTERED IN 1852.

OPEN DAILY from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on SATURDAY EVENING, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of six per cent., free of tax, and if not withdrawn compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.

Board of Managers—Geo. A. Berry, President; S. H. Hartman, Jas. Park, Jr., Vice Presidents; D. E. M'Kinley, Secretary and Treasurer.

A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Follansbee, Joshua Rhodes, Jno. Scott, Robt. C. Schmertz, Christopher Zeg.

D. W. & A. S. Bell, Solicitors. my23-TF

DREKA

Importer and retail dealer in

FINE STATIONERY,

WEDDING, VISITING, PARTY AND BUSINESS

CARD ENGRAVING,

MONOGRAMS, ARMS, ILLUMINATING, &c.

Orders by mail receive prompt attention. Send for samples.

1,033 Chestnut St., Phila.
my8:l77-THS&T

WOOD TURNING,

SCROLL SAWING,

AND MOULDING

Done promptly to order at 161 Lacock street, Alleghedy City, by

P. LEBZELTER & CO.

The best attention will be given to all who want anything in our line. We always keep a large lot of turned work, such as Balusters, Newl Posts, Hubs, &c. Also, a good stock of dry Walnut, Cherry and other lumber on hand.
myl1:j7 P. LEBZELTER & CO.

J. E. SWINT.....J. M. BRATT

SWINT & BRATT,

ARCHITECTURAL AND

ORNAMENTAL CARVERS

No. 63 Sandusky St., Allegheny, Pa.

A large assortment of NEWEL POSTS and BALUSTERS constantly on hand. TURNING of all descrip ns done. my9:v38

GOOD NEWS.

CHEAP BREAD IN DEAR TIMES.

Enquire for WARD'S Bread.

The largest and best. The initials "H. W." on every loaf. Take none else. au4:T78

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SWIFT'S

LAWN MOWERS,

A shipment of these celebrated machines, now so generally in use, just received.

W. W. KNOX,
jy8:174 137 Liberty street.

GARDEN AND

FIELD ROLLERS,

Of all sizes and weights, just received and for sale at Factory prices.

W. W. KNOX,
jy8:175 137 Liberty street.

REFRIGERATORS AND

ICE CHESTS.

The best ventilated refrigerators in the market, for sale at lowest prices.

W. W. KNOX,
jy8:76 137 Liberty street.

ICE CREAM

FREEZERS AND REFRIGERATORS.

Of the most approved styles, at lowest market prices.

W. W. KNOX,
jy8:177 137 Liberty street.

HEADQUARTERS

FOR

MEN & BOY'S CLOTHING.

GRAY & LOGAN,

NO. 47 SIXTH STREET,

Are now offering a complete stock of Summer Clothing of medium and fine goods at the very lowest prices.

Children's Cassimere Linen and Suits.
Youths' Cassimere and Linen Suits.
Boys' Cassimere and Linen Suits.
Gents' Blue Flannel Sacks.
Gents' Alpaca Sacks.
Gents' White and Brown Duck Suits.
Gents' Scotch Chevoit Business and Walking Suits.

CLOTHING OF ALL KINDS

AT

GRAY & LOGAN'S,

No. 47 SIXTH STREET,

LATE ST. CLAIR.
jy1:180

HOLTZMAN & WIEDERHOLD

No. 100 Third Avenue,

Upholsters and Dealers in Curtain Goods,

Direct the attention of their friends and the public to their finely assorted stock of

Lace and Nottingham curtains Vestibule Laces, Damask Reps, Ferry's Mexican cloth, Satin, Delanes, Gilt Cornices, Gilt and Walnut Mouldings, Spring Beds of superior make, Hair Matrasses (pure white hair,) Pillows, Bolsters, and everything pertaining to a first-class bed. The latest Paris and Berlin designs for Draperies at the inspection of their customers. Pure white Eastern Show Feathers always on hand.

HOLTZMAN & WIEDERHOLD,

NO. 100 THIRD AVENUE.
my8:193

ROCK THE BABY

IN

EARNEST'S PATENT CRIB.

SOLD ONLY BY

LEMON & WEISE.

Practical Furniture Manufacturers, &c.,

118 FOURTH AVENUE.

Where may be found a full assortment of Parlor, Chamber and Kitchen Furniture. je26

GRAY'S FERRY

PRINTING INK WORKS.

C. E. ROBINSON,

MANUFACTURER OF

Black and Colored Printing & Lithographic

INKS, VARNISHES, &C.

Gray's Ferry Road and 33d Street,

fe16:e60 PHILADELPHIA.

JOHN H. STEWART.....ROBT. H. PATTERSON.

ROBT. H. PATTERSON & CO.,

LIVERY, SALE AND

COMMISSION STABLES

COR. SEVENTH AVENUE & LIBERTY ST.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.
ap26:h4

REMOVAL.

H. HIGBY & CO.

Have removed their stock of China, Glass and Queensware from No. 22 Wood street to the spacious warehouse,

189 LIBERTY STREET,

A few doors above SIXTH, (late St. Clair St.,) where they will be pleased to show their old friends and the public the elegant stock of new goods just now opening. je17

FRESH SHAD RECEIVED daily at BENJAMIN PULPRESS popular Fish Stand, No. 45 Diamond Market, Pittsburgh, and at the Twin City, Allegheny City, corner of Ohio and Federal streets. Can be had all kinds of Sea and Lake fish, Halibut, Shad, Scale, Codfish, Haddock and Eel. Also, large supplies of White, Lake Fish, Salamon, Bass, Sturgeon, Herring and Mackinaw Trout, which enables us to sell at the lowest market prices, wholesale or retail. We invite all lovers of Fresh Fish to give us a call, and we will insure them a treat. mh19

KEYSTONE POTTERY.

S. M. KIER & CO.,

Manufacturers of

QUEENSWARE, BRISTOL WARE &c.

office and Warehouse, 363 LIBERTY STREET

☞ All orders promptly attended to

J. B. YOUNGSON & CO.,

FANCY CAKE BAKERY, CONFECTIONARY, ICE CREAM and DINING SALOON,

83 Smithfield street, corner of Diamond alley, Pittsburgh.

☞ Parties and families supplied with Ice Cream and Cakes on short notice.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,

GREEN OIL CLOTH
FOR WINDOW SHADES.
TRANSPARENT
WINDOW SHADES,
TABLE AND FURNITURE
OIL CLOTHS
IN EVERY VARIETY.
J. & H. PHILLIPS,
26 and 28 Sixth Street

FISH! FISH!—Potomac Shad in half barrels; Potomac Herring in barrels; Mackerel No. 1, 2 and 3 in various sized packages; White Fish; Lake Herring. For sale Low to the trade by WATT, LANG & CO., 172 and 174 Wood street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OPEN THIS MORNING.

NEW STOCK OF

Nainsook Muslins.
Jaconet Muslins.
White Marseilles,
Swiss Muslins.

AT 25 CENTS.

Fine, Plain, Striped and Plaid

NAINSOOK MUSLIN.

AT 22 CENTS.

WHITE MARSEILLES.

AT 37½ CENTS.

Fine White Marseilles,

AN EXTRA BARGAIN.

OPEN THIS MORNING.

SQUARE AND LONG

Black Thibet Shawls.

OPEN THIS MORNING.

Fine Black Mohair Alpacas

AT VERY LOW PRICES.

OPEN THIS MORNING.

New Ribbons and Flowers,

HATS AND SUNDOWNS.

Making our stock full and complete.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

AT

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

No. 180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

WILLIAM MILLER & CO.,

Nos. 221 and 223 Liberty Street.

Corner of Irwin, now offer to the trade at low figures, strictly

Prime New Crop New Orleans Sugar and Molasses.

Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Sugars.
New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore Refined do.
Golden Drips, Loverings, Brunjis, Stuart's, Adams' and Long Island Syrups.
Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Molasses.
Young Hyson, Japan, Imperial, Gunpowder and Oolong Teas.
Carolina and Bangoin Rice.
Java, Laguayra and Rio Coffees.
Tobacco, Lard Oil, Fish, Nails, Glass, Soaps, Cotton Yarns, &c., constantly on hand.

ALSO,

IMPORTERS OF

Fine Brandies, Wines and Segars.

Rhenish, Moselle, and Sparkling Hock Wines of Hinkel & Co., in bottles.
Sparkling Moselle, Scharsberg and Johannisburg, Hockheimer, Burgundy, &c.
Brandenburg & Freres' Fine Olive Oil.
do do Clarets, imported in bottles.
do do White Wines, in bottles.
M. Work & Sons' Sparkling Catawba.
Fine old Sherry, Madeira and Port Wines.
Free Old Monongahela Rye Whiskies, pure.
do Very Superior Old Scotch do do.

ALSO,

Sole Agents for Moet & Chandon's Grand Vin. Imperial.
Verzenay and Sellery Champagne.
Brandies of our own selection and warranted.
j 2:d43

BANKRUPTCY PLAYED OUT!

$2.00.—THIS CARD entitles the bearer, on presentation, to **TWO DOLLARS** abatement on a cash purchase of $25.00 at the great cheap clothing house of

S. C. TRAUERMAN,

ORIGINAL BIG NUMBER 11,

Sixth Street, late St. Clair.

Nobody beat by this establishment, but fair dealing to all! Call and be convinced. All clothing plainly marked by printed cards, at

LOWEST CASH PRICES,

So that no one may be deceived. Remember the place, original BIG number 11, SIXTH STREET, late St. Clair.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS OF THIS!

S. C. TRAUERMAN.
de25:TU-8

TRADE MARK.

DITHRIDGE'S

FIRE-PROOF

Lamp

CHIMNEYS.

10:e26

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
PITTSBURGH, July 3, 1869.

NOTICE.—The assessment for Grading and Paving FOSTER'S ALLEY, from Butler street to the Allegheny Valley Railroad, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until WEDNESDAY, July 14, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.
jy5 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
Pittsburgh, July 1st, 1869.

NOTICE.—The Assessment for the Boardwalk on Boundary and Laurel streets is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until MONDAY, July 12th, 1869, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.
H. J. MOORE,
jy1:128 City Engineer.

REBECCA STREET.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, appointed viewers to assess damages and benefits for opening Rebecca street, First ward, Allegheny, from Craig to Federal street, will meet on the premises to attend to duties of their appointment on WEDNESDAY, July 23d, 1869, at 4 o'clock P. M.

JOHN RAMSEY,
A. HOUSON,
A. M. MARSHALL,
jy6:165

SEDGEWICK STREET.—The undersigned, appointed to assess damages and benefits for opening Sedgewick street, Sixth ward, City of Allegheny, will meet on the premises on FRIDAY, July 23d, 1869, at 4 o'clock P. M., to attend to duties of their appointment.

T. J. HERMANN,
LEONARD WALTER,
THOMAS SMITH.
jy6:165

HYDRAULIC CEMENT.—100 bbls Louisville Hydrulic Cement for sale
J. B CANFIELD

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HOUSEKEEPING DRY GOODS

AT

LOWEST PRICES!

Sheeting Muslins,

Pillow Case Muslin,

Linen Sheeting,

Pillow Case Linen,

Table Linen,

Table Napkins,

Towels,

Towellings,

White Quilts,

Colored Quilts,

Wool Table Covers,

Toilet Mats,

Irish Linens,

Skirting Muslins,

Linen and Cotton Diaper,

Cotton Table Cloth, &c.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

AT

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

No. 180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

J. L. DILLINGER.....A. E. STEVENSON

DILLINGER & STEVENSON,

DISTILLERS AND DEALERS IN

Pure Rye Whiskies.

IMPORTERS OF

BRANDIES, WINES, GINS, &C.,

No. 87 Second Avenue,

ap20 PITTSBURGH, PA.

ESTABLISHED BY A. & T GORMLY, 1814.

W. M. GORMLY,

WHOLESALE GROCER,

No. 271 Liberty Street,

(DIRECTLY OPP. EAGLE HOTEL,)

PITTSBURGH, PA.
se :y16

M. STEELE.....J. A. STEELE.

M. STEELE & SON,

Commission Merchants,

AND DEALERS IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, FEED, &c.,

No. 95 OHIO STREET, near East Common,

ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

PETER KEIL.....JAS. F. RICHART

KEIL & RITCHART,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, SEEDS, MILL FEED, &c.,

349 Liberty St., Pittsburgh,
my24:b37

L. J. BLANCHARD,

Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

No. 396 PENN STREET.
ap18:x89

LITTLE, BAIRD & PATTON, Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants and Dealers in Produce, Flour, Bacon, Cheese, Fish, Carbon and Lard Oil, Iron, Nails, Glass, Cotton Yarns and all Pittsburgh Manufactures generally, 112 and 114 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

JOHN SHIPTON.....A. WALLACE.

SHIPTON & WALLACE, Wholesale Grocers and Produce Dealers, No. 6 SIXTH STREET, Pittsburgh.
ja12:r68

JOHN I. HOUSE. EDW. HOUSE.... WM. H. HOUSE.

JOHN I. HOUSE & BROS., Successors to JOHN I. HOUSE & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Corner of Smithfield and Water Streets, Pittsburgh.

2,000,000 ACRES OF CHOICE LANDS FOR SALE.

BY THE

Union Pacific Railroad Company,

EASTERN DIVISION,

Lying along the line of their road, at

$1,00 TO $5,00 PER ACRE,

And on CREDIT OF FIVE YEARS.

For further particulars, maps, &c., address

JOHN P. DEVEREUX,

Land Commissioner, Topeka, Kansas,

Or CHAS. B. LAMBORN, Sec'y,

au14: St. Louis, Missouri.

WOOL.

100,000 Pounds of Wool Wanted by

MEANOR & HARPER,

AT THE WHITE FRONT,

329 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
je30

ROSADALIS

PURIFIES THE BLOOD.

FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.
de7:b1&MWF

DIVIDENDS.

☞**DIVIDEND.**—The President and Directors of the BIRMINGHAM and PITTSBURGH BRIDGE CO. have declared a Dividend of ONE DOLLAR and FIFTY CENTS per share out of the earnings of the past six months, payable forthwith

EDWARD MOYE, Treasurer.
jy7:168 185 Liberty street.

MERCHANTS & MANUFACTURER'S NAT. BANK,
PITTSBURGH, July 6th, 1869.

☞**DIVIDEND.**—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last six months, payable forthwith, free of all taxes.
jy7:170 JOHN SCOTT, Jr., Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE CASH INSURANCE CO.,
PITTSBURGH, July 6, 1869.

☞**DIVIDEND.**—The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of THREE DOLLARS PER SHARE out of the profits of the last six months, payable on demand, free of Government tax.
jy7:173 JOSEPH T. JOHNSTON, Secretary.

ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK,
July 3d, 1869.

☞**THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS** of this Bank have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of SIX PER CENT., payable to the stockholders forthwith, free of all taxes. R. W. MACKEY,
jy5:186 Cashier

PITTSBURGH, JULY 3.
NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY,
No. 423 Penn Street.

☞**THE DIRECTORS OF THIS** BANK have declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable on or after the 12th inst., free of Government tax.
jy5 ROBT. J. GRIER, Cashier.

☞**QUARTERLY DIVIDEND.**
FIRST NATIONAL BANK PITTSBURGH,
Pa., (late Pittsburgh Trust Company.)

The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of THREE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last three months, payable forthwith, free of State and Government Tax.

J. D. SCULLY, Cashier.
JULY 5, 1869. jy5:162

PITTSBURGH, July 1, 1869.

☞**THE MECHANICS NATIONAL BANK** will pay a dividend of EIGHT (8) PER CENT., free of taxes, on and after July 13th inst. JNO. G. MARTIN,
jy2:132 Cashier.

TRADESMENS NATIONAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH, July 1st, 1869.

☞**DIVIDEND.**—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT., payable on demand, free of all tax.
jy2:131 CYRUS CLARK, Jr., Cashier.

OFFICE PENNA. INSURANCE CO.,
PITTSBURGH, June 30, 1869.

☞**THE DIRECTORS OF THIS** Company have this day declared a dividend of THREE (3) PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable on demand, free of U. S. tax.
jy1:129 HUGH McELHENY, Secretary.

OFFICE ALLEGHENY BRIDGE COMPANY,
PITTSBURGH, July 1st, 1869.

☞**DIVIDEND.**—The President, Managers and Company, for erecting a bridge over the Allegheny river, opposite Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, have this day declared a dividend of ONE DOLLAR AND SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS on each share of the capital stock of the Company, payable to stockholders or their legal representatives by the Treasurer forthwith.

WM. ROSEBURG,
jy2:133 Treasurer.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

An elegant new Brick Dwelling, 7 rooms, attic and wash room.

House of 4 rooms, 2 lots, 16th ward, $1,800.
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 16th ward, $1,500.
House of 4 rooms, 2 lots, 17th ward, $2,800.
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 17th ward, $2,400.
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 15th ward, $2,600.
House of 2 rooms, 1 lot, 15th ward, $800.
10 lots, Siebert & Williams' plan, $700 to $800.
2 lots, 44th street, $1,200 each.
4 lots, 45th street, $1,000 each.
3 lots, Hatfield street, $800 each
1 lot, Sherman street, $7,50.
5 lots, 40th street, 20x240, $12,000.
4 lots, Butler street, $4,000.

BARGAINS IN BLOOMFIELD.

Lots 20x137 feet, $600; ten years to pay. A house cost $500; interest on both, $66 a year. Many pay $180 year rent. At Bloomfield you would save $114 a year and your house and lot in less than 10 years. Churches and schools near.

30 acres of land, a mile from Sharpsburg, $6,000; 25 acres of it, $3,500.

D. S. WILLIAMS, 17th ward.
jy2:136

FOR SALE.

12 acres of COAL LAND, 3 miles from Temperanceville, on the Little Saw Mill Run.

137 acres near Louisville, Indiana county, Pa., on Livermore Station, W. P. R. R., well improved and cheap.

HOUSE AND LOT on Market street, Manchester.

HOUSE AND LOT on Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

HOUSE AND LOT on Fourth avenue.

4 HOUSES AND LOTS in Elizabethtown

Choice and cheap farms in Tennessee and Missouri. TUSTIN & KLEE,
my29 87 Grant street.

A NEW AND COMPLETE RESIDENCE FOR SALE—Very pleasantly situate in the 17th ward; lot of ground 80x110 feet; the house is arranged with hall, double parlor, dining room, kitchen, pantry, wash room, large cellar, 5 chambers and finished attic. Graff's range, marble mantles, cornice, centre pieces, &c.; everything finished in the best manner. The location is retired and pleasant. Price $13,000. Terms easy.

S. CUTHBERT & SONS,
jy8 39 Sixth avenue.

GARDENERS TAKE NOTICE.—FOR SALE.—The FOURTEEN MILE ISLAND, on the Allegheny River, and now used for gardening purposes; well improved and in a high state of cultivation; containing 40 or 50 acres, now offered at a bargain. Call soon.

Also, other Farms in good locations. Woolen Factory, two Houses, and twenty acres of land on the Central Railroad. Houses and Lots For Sale and To-let in both cities. For further particulars inquire of WILLIAM WARD,
fe26 116 Grant street, opposite Cathedral.

MAPLE SUGAR.—10 barrels on consignment at WATT, LANG & CO'S, 172 and 174 Wood street.

PEARL ASH.—20 sacks or sale
J. B. CANFIELD.

ENTIRE NEW STOCK OF DRESS GOODS AT J. W. BARKER & CO'S.,

59 Market and 20 St. Clair Streets.

ALL OF THE LATEST NOVELTIES JUST RECEIVED.

TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. LESS THAN FORMER PRICES.

EVERY DEPARTMENT REPLENISHED WITH NEW GOODS.

J. W. BARKER & CO.,

59 Market and 20 St. Clair Street.

☞*NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES, will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.*

WANBED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED.—A SITUATION as TEACHER by one who has had fifteen years experience in teaching, and who has been three years County Superintendent of common schools. Address, J. H. C., GAZETTE OFFICE.

WANTED—ROOMS.

WANTED.—A FURNISHED SLEEPING ROOM, within twenty minutes walk of Pittsburgh Postoffice. Address, stating terms and location, J. J. N., GAZETTE OFFICE, Pittsburgh.

WANTED---HELP.

WANTED—HELP.—AT EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, No. 1 St. Clair Street, BOYS GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

WANTED---AGENTS.

WANTED.—AGENTS.—$75 to $200 per month everywhere, male and female, to introduce the GENUINE IMPROVED COMMON SENSE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. This machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, quilt, cord, bind, braid and embroider, in a most superior manner. Price only $18. Fully warranted for five years. We will pay $1,000 for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful, or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the "Elastic Lock stitch." Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth can not be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay agents from $75 to $200 per month and expenses, or a commission from which twice that amount can be made. Address SECOME & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa., St. Louis, Mo., or Boston, Mass.

CAUTION.—Do not be imposed upon by other parties palming off worthless cast iron machines, under the same name or otherwise. Ours is the only genuine and really practical cheap machine manufactured.

WANTED—AGENTS.—To sell the American Knitting Machine. Price $25. The simplest, cheapest and best Knitting Machine ever invented. Will knit 40,000 stitches per minute. Liberal inducements to agents. Address AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE CO., Boston, Mass., or St. Louis, Mo.

TO LET.

TO-LET.—Four commdious and conveniently located ROOMS, on Federal street, Allegheny, just adjoining the toll gate. Rent, $12 per month. Apply to JOHN S. ASHWORTH, on the premises.

TO-LET.—Room on 3d floor Dispatch Building. Rent very low for balance of year. Gas, water and stationary stand. Enquire at Photograph Gallery, Dispatch building.

TO-LET.—ROOMS.—Two fine ROOMS in GAZETTE BUILDING. Apply to Counting Room, 84 and 86 Fifth avenue.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—SALT WORKS, DWELLINGS AND FIFTY ACRES OF LAND ON WEST PENNA. R. R.—The works are now in successful operation. The land is under aid with coal, now open and mined, and would make a splendid vineyard; best of salt water at the works. There is money in this property. The owner would not sell were he able to attend to it. Railroad runs through the land. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE.—LOOK HERE.— FARM.—The cheapest farm in Armstrong county, Pa., 100 acres for $4,000 on easy terms. Splendid buildings and orchard. No. 1 land, all tillable. The improvements are worth the price of the entire property. There is at least $500 of a barg in in it at the above price. We have seen the property and know it. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE.—A light and profitable business. No opposition. Capital required, $5,500. One or two men going into the business can clear over $5,000 per year. Inquire of M'Clung & Rainbow, Real Estate Agents, 195, 197 and 199 Centre avenue.

FOR SALE.—About 120 acres of land in the best situation for country seats; only 4 miles from the West Pittsburgh Ferry Landing. Will be sold altogether or in pieces to suit purchasers. Enquire of F. C. NEGLEY, office at the south end of the Monongahela bridge. je14-T&F

FOR SALE.—COUNTRY HOME. —A beautiful residence and fifty-three acres of choice land, on Perrysville Plank Road. The house has eleven rooms, is built and finished in modern style, with all necessary outbuildings, abundance of choice fruit, and in fact everything to make it pleasant and comfortable. Will be sold as a whole or divided to suit purchasers. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIP'S, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth Avenue.

FOR SALE.—A New Brick Residence, built by days work, having eight rooms, gas, hot and cold water throughout, marble mantles and wash stands, a bath room and piazza. Lot 120x140 feet, delightfully located in the beautiful town of Alliance, Ohio, having 6,000 inhabitants and noted for its colleges, rapid growth, enterprise and manufactories. 94 miles from Pittsburgh and 56 from Cleveland Junction, Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago, and the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railways. Address Lock Box 89, Alliance, O. je12:k28

FOR SALE.

Property on Spring Hill, 7th ward, which commands a delightful view of the surrounding country for several miles. The ground contains 4 lots 22 feet front by 250 feet deep, on which there is about 250 grape vines in good bearing order, a few choice pear, apple and peach trees; also a variety of small fruits; good stable, good well of water and cistern, new frame house containing 4 rooms, with hall, and cellar under whole house; everything in good order.

Also, house and lot on Ledlie street; house two story frame; contains 5 rooms and hall; lot runs through to Carroll street.

Other houses and lots in good localities. Inquire of M. WHITMORE,
Real Estate, General Brokerage and Insurance Agent, corner Ohio and Sandusky streets, Allegheny. je20

FOR SALE.

3 lots in Mansfield, 60x120 each. 11 acre of land, grapery, peaches and small fruit, good spring of water, log house, &c; price low. 70 acres, Economy township, 1 mile over Ohio; price $75 per acre; good orchard of 300 bearing fruit trees. House of 7 rooms, 1½ miles from Economy station. 1,100 acres, Gilmore Co., West Va.; good soil, well timbered and watered; price $4 per acre. 205 acres, same county, good home and orchard; price $8 per acre. 1,240 acres, Braxton Co., West Va.; rich soil and well timbered; price $3.50 per acre.

Bonds and Mortgages wanted by

THOS. SIMPSON & R. M. HOLLAND

89 GRANT STREET
je16 Office, back room.

FOR SALE.—A new 7 octave H. GALE PIANO FORTE. Price $275. Address J. N., THIS OFFICE.

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DUQUESNE WORKS.

COLEMAN, RAHM & CO.,

Manufacturers of

IRON, NAILS, STEEL,

AXLES AND SPRINGS,

DUQUESNE, L X AND JUNIATA,

FLAT BAR, ROUND AND SQUARE IRON, BAND, HOOP, SHEET AND TANK IRON, BOILER PLATES AND HEADS, GUARD IRON, DRAG and DROPPER BARS, FLANGE, CUTTER BARS, CYLINDER IRON.
T AND FLAT RAIL, for Coal Roads.
CROW BARS, WEDGES & HARROW TEETH, SPRING, PLOW AND CULTIVATOR STEEL, STEEL WINGS AND MOULDS cut to pattern.
STEEL TIRES, STEEL SHAFTING, A. E. STEEL.
COACH, BUGGY and WAGON SPRINGS and AXLES.
CUT NAILS AND SPIKES.

All Goods First Class and Warranted.

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Sixteenth Street and Allegheny River, and 77 Water Street, Pittsburgh.

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SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,

PITTSBURGH, PA..

Manufacturers of every description of

CAST AND GERMAN STEEL,

RAILW SPRINGS, ELLI.. C AND PLATFORM SPRINGS, AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c

Warehouse, 83 Water and 100 First Sts.

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN.

GENERAL PARTNERS:
WM. METCALF, GEO. W. BARR, REUBEN MILLER, CHAS. PARKIN.
SPECIAL PARTNER—S. M. KIER.

CRESCENT STEEL WORKS,

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,

Office, No. 339 Liberty St,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

fe14:d48

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STEEL WORKS.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

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PITTSBURGH.

IRON WORKS.

JAS. VERNER, Pres't.....W. P. PORTER, Sup't.

PITTSBURGH FORGE

AND IRON CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Bar Iron;
Railroad Fish Bars and Bolts;
Railroad Car Axles Rolled;
Railroad Car Axles Hammered;
Locomotive Frames;
Locomotive Frame Shapes;
Side Rods;
Yokes, Straps;
Piston Heads;
Steamboat Shafts;
Steamboat Cranks;
Piston Rods, Wrists;
Pitman Jaws, Collars, &c,

Office, No. 177 PENN STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ELLERSHAUSEN PROCESS.

The Trustees are now prepared to grant licenses for the use of the ELLERSHAUSEN PROCESS.
The superior quality imparted to good iron, the great improvement in inferior iron, and the reduced cost, commend it to all manufacturers of iron.
Parties wishing to use it can obtain licenses by applying to

JAMES P. SPEER

Attorney for the Trustees,

ROOMS 1 and 2, English's Building, 96½ Fourth avenue.
Parties interested are invited to visit the SHOENBERGER WORKS, where the process is now in successful operation. fe8:d67

EVERSON, PRESTON & CO.,

Pennsylvania Iron Works.

Warehouse, Nos. 155 and 157 FIRST STREET, opposite Monongahela House,

ap24:d6 PITTSBURGH

BRASS FOUNDERS.

JOHN M. COOPER.....HENRY BIER,

JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,

Bell and Brass Founders.

BRASS CASTINGS

MADE PROMPTLY TO ORDER.

Malleable and Grey Iron Fittings,

GAS PIPE AND TUBING,

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ALL GLOBE PATTERN.

IRON COCKS,

Brass Work of every description for Steam, Water and Oil.

MANUFACTURERS OF J. M. COOPER'S

Improved Balance-Wheel Steam Pump.

Agents for Dreyfus' Patent Oilers, the best in the Market.

Office and Works, corner Thirteenth and Pike Streets. sp2o

COAL AND COKE.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,

Having removed their Office to

NO. 567 LIBERTY STREET,

(Lately Chess, Lorar & Mill) SECOND FLOOR.

Are now prepared to furnish good YOUGHIOGHENY LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK, at the lowest market prices.
All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly.

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SINGERLY & CLEIS, Successors to GEO. F. SCHUCHMAN & CO.,

PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS.

The only Steam Lithographic Establishment West of the Mountains. Business Cards, Letter Heads, Bonds, Labels, Circulars, Show Cards, Diplomas, Portraits, Views, Certificates of Deposits, Invitation Cards, &c., Nos. 73 and 75 Third street, Pittsburgh.

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FOUNDRY COMPANY.

OFFICE AND WORKS,

TWELFTH STREET,

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☞ Engines, Rolling Mill Machinery, Nail Machines, Retorts, and Castings generally.

NATIONAL FOUNDRY

AND PIPE WORKS.

Corner Carroll and Smallman Streets,

(NINTH WARD,)

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WILLIAM SMITH,

Manufacturer of

CAST IRON BOWL PIPE

FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.

My Pipes are all cast invariably in Pits, in dry sand, and 12 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of general

Castings for Gas and Water Works.

I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

DUQUESNE FORGE.

WILLIAM MILLER,

(Successor to JOS. P. HAIGH & CO.,)

Has facilities co-extensive with the leading Forges in the East, and is prepared to promptly and satisfactorily fill all orders for STEAMBOAT SHAFTS, CRANKS, PISTON RODS, LEVERS, PITMAN JAWS, WRISTS, RAILROAD AXLES, LOCOMOTIVE FRAMES, together with every description of SHAPE WORK. Office and Forge,

Corner of Duquesne Way and First Street.

ap14:h40

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLER,

WASHINGTON WORKS,

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS, PITTSBURGH,

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions: Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.
Office, No. 14, corner First and Smithfield Streets.
Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding Boilers. ja11:r52

THOMAS CARLIN & CO.,

Fourth Ward Foundry and Machine Works,

SANDUSKY ST., ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.,

Manufacturers of Stationary and Portable Steam Engines, Oil Presses, Pulleys, Shafting, Grist and Saw Mill Work, Rolling Mill and Machine Castings, Grate Bars, Weights, Wagon Boxes, &c. Build to order and have on hand Engines of all sizes. my14:q6

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AND ROLL WORKS

880 Penn Street.

BOLLMAN, BOYD & BAGALEY.

Chilled Rolls, Mill Castings, Roll Lathes, &c.

OILS.

WARING AND KING,

Commission Merchants and Brokers in

Petroleum and its Products,

DALZELL'S BLOCK, DUQUESNE WAY,

PHILADELPHIA ADDRESS,

Room 17, Chamber of Commerce,

133 SOUTH SECOND STREET.

ap10

ECLIPSE PETROLEUM REFINERY.

HERBERT W. C. TWEDDLE,

MANUFACTURER OF

Lubricating & High Test Burning Oils.

Eclipse Railroad Axle Oil.

Stands great heat without change; remains limpid at lowest temperatures. Special Oil for tropical climates or hot weather.

Locomotive, Engine, Machine Shop, Will cut Screws.

Saw Mill and Planing Mill Oils, Adapted for high speed.

Spindle Oil, Wool Oil, Tanners' Stuffing & Finishing Oil, Harness Oil. Head-Light Oil, Benzole, Gasoline, Parraffine.

ARMOR VARNISH, to preserve Bright Iron Work and Machinery from Rust.
These products are manufactured under Dr. Tweddle's patent by Superheated Steam in Vacuo. The Lubricating Oils are almost odorless, perfectly pure, uniform, and mostly light colored, stand a high temperature unchanged, and remain limpid during extreme cold. The Railroad Oils are unequalled, and are in constant use on many of the principal Railroads. Samples can be examined and orders left at 174 WOOD STREET, Works at Sharpsburg Bridge.

TACK BROTHERS,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

Petroleum and its Products,

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Philadelphia Office—137 WALNUT ST.

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DIAMOND OIL WORKS,

H. M. LONG & CO.,

Office, DALZELL BUILDING,

fe13 Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh, Pa.

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PITTSBURGH

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Founded A. D. 1833.

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Jamis Faced Pa... Door Locks and Latches, Pair... Coffee Mills, &c.

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Pittsburgh, Penn'a.

ENGINES, BOILERS, &c.

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Cor. Point Alley and Duquesne St.,

(NEAR THE POINT.)

Engine Builders, Founders and Machinists.

Manufacture STEAMBOAT ENGINES and STATIONARY ENGINES, of all sizes.
Special attention invited to our new STATIONARY OIL WELL ENGINE AND PORTABLE BOILER, of 15-horse power.
CASTINGS, of every kind, made to order at our Foundry, on THIRD STREET, below Market.
RIGS for OIL Wells, SHAFTING, PULLEYS, HANGERS, HOUSE and TOBACCO SCREWS and IRON TOBACCO PRESSES, on hand and made to order, at the

INDUSTRIAL WORKS,

Fronting on the Allegheny River, near the Point,

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☞ All orders promptly filled. TRY US.

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BOILER, STILL AND TANK WORKS.

CARROLL & SNYDER,

MANUFACTURERS OF

TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED TUBULAR, FIRE-BOX AND CYLINDER STEAM BOILERS.
OIL STILLS AND OIL TANKS, CHIMNEYS, BREECHING AND ASH PANS, SETTLING PANS, SALT PANS AND CONDENSERS;
STEAM PIPES, GASOMETERS AND IRON BRIDGES;
PRISON DOORS AND COAL SHUTES

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☞ Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to. mh7:l89

WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

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Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breechings, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of Barnhill's Patent Boilers.
Repairing done on shortest notice. ja5:c21

JAMES M. RITER,

Nos. 55 and 56 Water Street,

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MANUFACTURER OF

IRON OIL TANKS,

SETTLING PANS, COPPER STEAM PIPE,

BOLLING MILL STACKS,

And SHEET IRON WORK,

For Steamboats.

JARED M. BRUSH.....EDMUND D. BRUSH

JARED M. BRUSH & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Steam Boilers, Oil Stills, Tanks.

SHEET IRON WORK, &C.

61 Penn Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

STOVES, CASTINGS, &c.

A. BRADLEY & CO.,

NO. 30 WOOD STREET,

Manufacturers of the greatest variety of

Cook, Parlor and Heating Stoves,

TO BE FOUND.

In our assortment will be found all the LATEST PATTERNS AND IMPROVEMENTS, and the reputation of our Stoves is such that any one in want of a good article should purchase none but those manufactured by us, as they will be found the most durable as well as economical. Would call particular attention to our new VOLCANO STOVE, for churches, halls and stores. Over 500 sold in three months. Intended for with or without casing. All who have used them pronounce them superior to any other and far cheaper.
Send for Catalogue and Price List. je30

GRAFF, HUGUS & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY VARIETY OF

STOVES,

BOSTON COOKING RANGE,

"THE FIERY FURNACE,"

FOR WARMING BUILDINGS.

THE NEW ANTI-DUST COOKING STOVE, "REGULATOR," COLUMBIA COOK STOVE, VAN'S (Cincinnati Pattern) PORTABLE RANGE CAST IRON MANTLES, WELLMAN'S REFLECTOR GRATES, free from dirt and dust; GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, &c.

206 and 208 Liberty Street,

se25:y17 PITTSBURGH, PA.

COOK STOVES.

GET THE BEST.

BISSELL & CO.'S

TRIUMPH,

FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any other Stove in the Union.

BISSELL & CO.,

No. 235 Liberty Street.

also on hand and for sale,
PARLOR STOVES,
HEATING STOVES,
GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS,
COOKING RANGES, &c.

LUMBER.

TO BUILDERS!

500,000 feet Dry Pine Boards.
150,000 feet 1¼ inch Clear Plank;
25,000 feet 1½ inch Common Plank;
25,000 feet Dry 1 and 2 inch Oak;
25,000 ft. ½, 1, 1¼, 2 and 3 inch Poplar;
10,000 feet Dry Poplar Scantling;
10,000 feet Dry Yellow Pine Boards;
100,000 feet Hemlock Scantling.
303,000 feet No. 1 18 inch Sagina Shingles.
200,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, sawed;
50,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, shaved;
50,000 Fire Brick;
1,000 Fire Tile.
100 Tons Fire Clay;
Also, Saw Mill Lumber, Locust and Cedar Posts, and all articles in the line on hand and for sale by ALEXANDER PATTERSON, Yards—No. 157 Rebecca street and corner of Preble and Juniata streets, Sixth ward, Allegheny, late borough of Manchester. ap:6

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES

H. B. LYON,

Sealer of Weights and Measures,

No. 5 FOURTH STREET,

(Between Liberty and Ferry streets.

Orders promptly attended to. ap13:

FINANCIAL.

AMERICAN BANK.

NO. 80 FOURTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH.

CASH CAPITAL - - - - - $200.000

Stockholders Individually Liable.

BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.

JOHN FLOYD, President. WM. FLOYD, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

Thos. M. Marshall, Wm. T. Shannon, James W. Arrott, Chas. B. Leech, John Floyd, John M. Murtland, Archibald Wallace, Jas. D. Kelly, Wm. Floyd.

This Bank is now fully organized and prepared to do a general Banking business.

je10k48

FORT PITT BANKING COMPANY.

No. 169 Wood Street.

CAPITAL, : : : : $200,000.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

DEALERS IN

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

AND GOLD.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.

Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas.

DIRECTORS:

D. Hostetter, James Gordon, D. Wallace, E. Fawcett, Jno. O Fisher, Robt. H. King, Andrew Miller, James M. Bailey.

SAM'L. McCLURKAN, Pres't.

D. LEET WILSON, Cashier.

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

Corner Third and Wood Streets,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.,)

DEALERS IN

Exchange, Coin, Coupons,

And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

COVERNMENT BONDS.

Sight Drafts on London.

my1:85

N. HOLMES & SONS,

BANKERS,

57 Market Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

Stocks, Bonds and other Securities

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

United States Securities.

ja30:a1

JAY COOKE & CO.,

Bankers,

114 SOUTH THIRD STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS and BONDS of all descriptions bought and sold.

Special attention given to the purchase and sale of Government Securities. mh30

CITY BANK.

112 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

CAPITAL, $100,000.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE

Bought and sold, and when desired remitted to Europe. Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canada.

DOMINICK IHMSEN, President.
JAMES McCABE, Vice President.
JOHN B. GORMLEY, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

D. Ihmsen, Thomas Rourke, J. J. Dunlevy, Jr., Patrick Kane, Chas. B. Barr, Jno. Jos. Hermann, Hugh Keating, James McCabe, John Savage, Terence Campbell, James Phelan, H. A. Freyvogle, Thomas Barnes, je1:k5

PEOPLES' SAVINGS BANK

Of Allegheny.

CORNER FEDERAL AND LACOCK STREETS.

CAPITAL - - - - - - - - $100,000

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

Bank of Discount and Deposit.

PRESIDENT—S. H. HARTMAN.
CASHIER—E. P. YOUNG.

DIRECTORS.

S. H. Hartman, J. P. Henderson, J. Kohen, Samuel Dyer, W. G. Gibson, W. H. Burt, J. C. Patterson, B. F. Brown, B. B. Megraw, my21:j72

DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK.

NO. 65 FOURTH STREET.

CHARTERED IN 1855.

ASSETS ..... $2,503,431 33.

Open daily, from 9 o'clock A. M. to 3 o'clock P. M., and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, from 6 to 8 o'clock.

Deposits received of all sums of not less than ONE DOLLAR and a dividend of the profits declared twice a year, in June and December. Interest has been declared semi-annually in June and December since the Bank was organized, at the rate of six per cent. a year.

Interest, if not drawn out, is placed to the credit of the depositor as principal, and bears the same interest from the 1st days of June and December, compounding twice a year, without troubling the depositor to call, or even to present his pass book. At this rate money will double in less than twelve years.

Books containing the Charter, By-Laws, Rules and Regulations, furnished gratis, on application at the office.

PRESIDENT—GEORGE ALBREE.

VICEPRESIDENTS:

John G. Bankofer, Benj. F. Schmestock, James Hoffman, James McAuley, James B. D. Meeds, Isaac M. Pennock, A. M. Pollock, M. D., Robert Pollok, John H. Shoenberger, James Shidle, Alexander Speer, Christian Yeager.

TRUSTEES:

Wm. J. Anderson, Calvin Adams, John C. Bindley, George Black, Hill Burgwin, Alonzo A. Carrier, Charles A. Colton, John Evans, John J. Gillespie, William S. Haven, Peter H. Hunker, Richard Hays, James D. Kelly, Robert C. Loomis, Henry J. Lynch, Peter A. Madeira, John Marshall, Walter P. Marshall, John B. McFadden, Ormsby Phillips, Henry L. Ringwalt, Wm. E. Schmertz, Alexander Tindle, William Van Kirk, Isaac Whittier, Wm. P. Weyman.

TREASURER—CHARLES A. COLTON.
SECRETARY—JAMES E. D. MEEDS.

FINANCIAL.

GOLD,

SILVER AND COUPONS

Bought at Highest Prices.

PH. R. MERTZ, Banker

Cor. Wood and Fifth Streets.

my6

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

(Successors of S. JONES & CO.,)

Corner Fourth and Wood Sts.,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

☞ Interest Allowed on Deposits.

☞ Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.

Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

GOVERNMENT BONDS!

We will register all kinds of Government Bonds free of charge. This gives the holder absolute security against theft, loss, or destruction.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

Dealers in Government Bonds,

COR. FOURTH & WOOD STS.

my13:j25

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE,

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, July 7, 1869.

The money market being exceedingly tight, gold, stocks and bonds declined from 2 to 3 per cent. The opening price of gold was 135¼, declined to 134⅜, but it reacted quickly, and closed at 135⅝. Fluctuations during the week are likely to be very violent, and higher prices for gold must be looked for. Foreign bankers are the principal purchasers of gold, and their bills are now selling up to the specie shipping point.

Government bonds were strong, declining, however, about ⅜ per cent. and closed with a slight recovery.

Stocks had suffered a further decline to-day, but at the last board the entire market had recovered to last night's quotations. A large number of *bona fide* holders of stocks get tired of paying high interest for money and sell out, so the market is without any outside support, and must relapse after every effort to sustain it. Money easier at the close.

Quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz: Gold, 135¾; Silver, 129; Eighty-one's, 116¼; Five Twenties, 1862, 121¼; do 1864, 117⅜; do 1865, 118¼; do 1865, Consols, 116⅛; do 1867, 116⅛; do 1868, 116; Ten Forties, 107¼ New York Central, 90; Erie, —; Reading, 96¾; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad, 51½, ex. div; Ohio & Mississippi, 31¾; Michigan Southern, 106⅝; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 103; Chicago & Rock Island, 147⅞; Chicago & North Western, 79⅛; Chicago & North Western Preferred, 94; Adams Express Company, 59; Merchants Union Express, —; Pacific Mail, 89; Western Union Telegraph Company, 37¼; Am. W. Express, 40.

EXCHANGE,	*Large.*	*Small.*
London, per £	$6,68	$6,75
Paris, per franc	26¾c	27¼c
Berlin Thaler	98¼c	99¼c
Frankfort, florins	56¾c	58c

—Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co. Gold, 134¾; United States Sixes, 1881, 116⅜; Five-Twenties, 1862, 121¼; do. 1864, 117⅜; do. 1865, 118¼; Ten-Forties, 107⅛; Five-Twenties, January and July, 1865, 116¼; do, do. 1867, 116⅜; do. do, 1868, 116; Due Compounds, 119; Union Pacific Railroad, 90; Central do. do., 99; Cy. Pacifics, 106; Lake Superior 99.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

NEW YORK, July 7, 1869.

The money market which had been active and very firm at 7 per cent. with a commission of ⅛@¼, became suddenly easy; about three o'clock the depression gave way to buoyancy; tight money vanished almost in an instant and low prices quickly succeeded by higher ones in gold, exchange bonds and stocks. It soon leaked out that advices had been received from Washington that the Secretary would purchase another large amount of bonds this week, with a view of easing the market: the amount was variously stated at three to ten millions. The Assistant Treasurer has no advices in regard to the matter, and the whole thing may only be a canard. It was stated on the street this afternoon that several officers of National Banks had been summoned before the Grand Jury in relation to the sharp practices now current in Wall street. Money was freely loaned at the close at 7 per cent. currency.

Sterling firm at 9⅝@10 per cent., which rates admit of shipments of specie at a profit.

Gold opened at 135¼; sold down to 134, became active and excited and advanced to 135⅝, and closed firm at 135¾. Carrying rates, ⅛@¼ per cent. Clearances, $123,000,000; exports, $640,000.

Governments strong. Coupons 1881, 116⅝@117; do. '62, 121⅜@121½; do. 64, 117⅛@117⅝; do. '65, 118⅛@118⅝; new do., 116¼@116½; do. '67, 116⅜@116½; do. '68, 116¼@116½; 10-40s, 107⅛@107¾; Pacifics, 105¾@106.

State Bonds dull but steady; Missouris, 88; new Tennessees, 57; new North Carolinas, 49½.

Stock market active and buoyant on the bond story and the easier condition of the money market. The recovery was very marked on leading speculative stocks, the advance ranging from 1 to 4 per cent. from the lowest point of the day. This sharp improvement was not fully sustained at the close and the market was unsettled. The rise in New York Central and Hudson has been assisted by the report that terms for consolidation had been agreed upon.

Bidding Prices at 5:30: Canton, 59; Cumberland, 32½; Western Union Telegraph, 37¾; Quicksilver, 15; Mariposa 8; do. pre-ferred, 15; Pacific Mail, 89; Adams Express, 58¾; Wells & Fargo 26½; American, 40; United States, 68; Merchants Union, 15; New York Central, 191¼; Hudson, 160¼; Reading, 97½; Erie, 28; do. preferred, 54¼; Michigan Central, 128; Michigan Southern, 107; Illinois Central, 140; Pittsburgh, 102¼; Northwestern, 80; do. preferred, 94; Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati, 73¼; Rock Island, 115¾; St. Paul, 73¾; do. preferred, 85; Wabash, 71; do. preferred, 75; Fort Wayne, 150¼; Terre Haute, 35; do. preferred, 58; Chicago and Alton, 157; do. preferred, 155; Ohio & Mississippi, 31¾; St. Joseph, 115.

Mining shares: Gregory, 160; Smith & Parmelee, 190; Quarz Hill, 50.

Coppers at Boston: Calumet, 54; Copper Falls, 7¼; Franklin, 12; Hecla, 80; Minnesota, 1¼; Quincy, 25.

Exports for the week, $4,431,637. Receipts at Sub-Treasury to-day, $2,067,525 payments, $2,448,108; balance, $97,830,419.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, July 7, 1869.

The markets in a general way present but little that is new or really important. The advices from New York and Chicago, on Tuesday, reported flour and wheat excited, and considerably higher; we are glad to state, however, that it was owing mainly to the reports from Europe and not the weather, as has been the case recently. There has been no rain here for four days, and the warm sun and dry winds are ripening wheat rapidly, and what is true of this vicinity seems to be general, as our advcies from the west report but very little rain within the past few days. It is now generally conceded that there will be a good crop of wheat, notwithstanding the unfavorable weather, but considerable apprehension is felt in regard to corn, which if reports are correct, is more seriously injured by the recent rains than wheat. Later advices, however, may throw a different light on the matter, and it is probable that corn, as in the case of wheat, will turn out much better than expected.

BUTTER—The demand is light, and market dull, though prices are unchanged. 20@25 for fair to choice.

BEANS—Dull at $2@2,25.

CHEESE—Is very dull, as the market is glutted with Western Reserve, which was sent here before being properly cured, and, as a consequence, is in a very precarious condition. Holders very anxious to realize.

CARBON OIL—Is dull, but firm, and while the demand is light, there is not much offering; may be quoted in a jobbing way at 28@30.

EGGS—Sales fresh packed at 19@20.

FEATHERS — Supply in hands of commission men almost exhausted. Live geese may be quoted at 85@90, to the trade, and $1 in a retail way.

FLOUR—The market is firm, but there is no perceptible improvement in the demand, and dealers continue to sell at about western prices, with freight added. This is very well for consumers, but hard on dealers—many of whom are selling at prices at which it cannot be replaced.

GRAIN—Wheat is in limited supply, though the demand is not urgent and millers here refuse as yet, to pay any advance, notwithstanding the upward movement at other points; we continue to quote prime to choice Red, at $1,35@1,38. Oats firmer, and dealers generally are expecting an advance, though, as yet, the demand continues light; we now quote at 66@67 on track, and 68@70 in store. Corn is scarce, with sales of prime mixed at 78@80, and prime Yellow may be quoted at 82@83. Rye is firm, and we now quote at $1,20 for small lots, and $1,25@1,30 for round lots. Barley none in market.

HAY—Is selling from country wagons $25@33, according to quality.

HEMP—Very dull, and prices tending downward—nominal at $210 per ton.

HUSKS—Sales at 2¾@3 cts per pound.

LIME—Cleveland Lime is quoted at $2,50, per bbl, and Common White at $1,75.

LARD OIL—Sales of No. 1 Extra at $1,50, and No. 2 at $1,18@1,20.

PROVISIONS — Shoulders, 14¾@15; Ribbed and Clear Sides, 17¼@18¾; Plain Hams, 18¼@18¾; Plain Sugar Cured, 20; Canvassed, 21. Dried Beef, 21@21¼. Lard in tierces 20, in kegs and pails 21. Mess Pork $33,50@33,75.

POTATOES—New Potatoes are being sold at $3,50 per bbl. and dull. Old still quoted at 40@45 cts per bushel.

PEANUTS—Small sales at 12.

SALT—Is dull and drooping—may be quoted at $1,65@1,70 for car load lots, and the usual advance for small lots in store.

SEEDS—Small sales of Flaxseed at $2,45@2,50. No demand for Clover or Timothy Seeds.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY July 7, 1869.

The market, compared with yesterday, presents no new or important characteristics worthy of special notice. Crude is about a quarter higher, in consequence of a little flurry in the oil regions, while refined is weak and closed with a drooping tendency.

CRUDE.

But two sales reported, 1,000 spot at 14¾, and 1,000 seller July at same figure, Seller all year, firm at 15.

REFINED

Sales 500 each, Augnst and September, at 33; 1,000 August at 33; 500 July at 32; 500 each, August, and December; at 33¼; and 1,000 each, August to October, at 33¼.

OIL SHIPMENTS PER WEST PENNA. R R.

Ralston & Waring, 55 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

G. W. Holdship & Co., 54 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Excelsior Oil Manf. Co., 100 bbls ref. to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

LUBRICATING OILS.

Eclipse Winter Lubricating oil	40c
Eclipse Railroad Axle	35c
Eclipse Machinery	75c
Eclipse Spindle	80c

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Citizens Oil Co. 750 bbls refined to Tack & Bro., Philadelphia.

Lockhart, Frew & Co. 723 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co. Philadelphia.

Lyons & Bro., 527 bbls refined to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Fawcett, L. & S. 400 bbls refined to W. P Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Livingston & Bro., 200 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

J. C. Kirkpatrick, 500 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

McKelvy & Bro., 492 bbls refined to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Montzheimer, Kohler & Co. 250 bbls ref. to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Thos. Hackett, 54 bbls refined to Tack & Bro., Philadelphia.

B. W. Morgan & Co., 156 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Pennock & Beeson, 50 bbls refined to G. W. White, Philadelphia.

Keystone Oil Works, 100 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Total shipments Refined..... 4,702

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

NOTES OF TRAVEL.

[Correspondence of the the Pittsburgh Gazette.]
SURVEYOR'S CAMP, KANSAS P. R. W., }
Near Colorado Line, June 22. }

I must defer any farther account of Kansas, and briefly relate some fresher matters.

I arrived at Sheridan, the western terminus of the Kansas Pacific Railway, last Wednesday. It is a queer medley of town, one-third tents, another houses, and the third third, cars used as dwellings, &c., by the employes of the railroad. Skirting the town there is always a large assemblage of wagon trains from the plains, corralled temporarily, which adds to the already much mixed population a large sprinkling of Mexicans, Pueblo Indians, half breeds, &c. This year a large trade is being done with New Mexico, principally in wool, which is exchanged for goods. The fact that of eleven persons buried here, none died a natural death, but all by murder, hanging or suicide is indicative of the morals of the place. The Indians are constantly infesting its vicinity. Having recently stampeded three hundred mules from the town itself, the citizens of Sheridan sent a petition to General Schofield so numerously signed that the General curtly answered that he thought there were enough of the petitioners to defend themselves. The guard has not been sent. North and east of Sheridan many persons have been murdered by the Indians; some of them employes of the railroad company.

I missed being engaged in a hot encounter with Indians by arriving one day too late to join a surveying party on the route to Denver. It was attacked last Saturday by about fifty mounted Cheyennes. Mr. Schuyler, in charge of the party, had to cut his way through to his men, killing several Indians. The same afternoon a Government wagon train was taken but recaptured about five miles from Sheridan.

This morning I accompanied Mr. Schuyler's party on their return to the scene of conflict to resume the survey. Some articles belonging to both sides were found. At noon the wagon train halted, while the surveyors proceeded several miles.

While passing alone, but well armed, from the train to the surveying party, I observed an Indian apparently watching me, out of range of my rifle, and signs of camp in a ravine more than a mile beyond. Reaching our party I found them on the alert, having seen with their glasses the tops of several Indian tents and another sentinel besides the one seen by myself. The survey was continued without interruption, but as the Indians were close at hand and know our numbers and whereabouts, they will probably attack our bivouac to-night. Surveyors are their especial aversion as the precursors of railroads, which they significantly call "bad medicine."

JUNE 24, 1869.

Our Cheyenne neighbors failed to call, and our numbers not being sufficient to take a respectable appearance before the noble red man, we passed on without an encounter with Indians by arriving one day too late to join a surveying party on the route to Denver. It was attacked last Saturday by about fifty mounted Cheyennes. Mr. Schuyler, in charge of the party, had to cut his way through to his men, killing several Indians. The same afternoon a Government wagon train was taken but recaptured about five miles from Sheridan.

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JUNE 24, 1869.

Our Cheyenne neighbors failed to call, and our numbers not being sufficient to take a respectable appearance before the noble red man, we passed on without an change of compliments.

Our line runs through about an average specimen of the plains, the once called American Desert. Our stock subsists nearly entirely on buffalo grass, which abounds everywhere. When the Indians have exterminated millions of cattle can be pastured on these plains. Water can be had in wells of moderate depth, and at this season we find a succession of ponds of drinkable water in ranches, but no running streams except a few of those dignified on the maps by the name of rivers. Some of these after running a hundred miles are still mere brooks which may be crossed at a single step, and in a few weeks they will be dried up, occasional pools retaining a supply for some time longer. Such is the purity of the air that the stagnant water of these pools remains drinkable for months. Wells, which are here put on high ground at one hundred feet depth, will have to be the main reliance for irrigating and the most constant winds for power to raise it to the surface. The soil is generally very feeble, but for half the distance from the Rocky Mountains to Leavenworth no farming can be done without irrigation.

C. J.

KANSAS, CITY, MO., June 30, 1869.

This city is situated on the south bank of the Missouri river, at the extreme west end of the State. It's site was well enough for "Westport Landing," as it was originally called, when Westport was only a way station on the great highway from Independence to Santa Fe; but labor required to adapt its uneven surface to the purposes of a populous town was incalculable. To cut streets through the solid bluff from twenty to fifty feet perpendicular was an immense task for tax-payers; but with the street cut and graded there remains the solid bank of earth, out of which any one proposing to build must begin by excavating his lot. Difficulties like this have hardly retarded the growth of the town. Spite of them, its population increased from 700 in 1846 to 5,000 in 1857, and over 7,000 in 1858. It has been estimated that the same rate of increase through the war that was maintained up to 1861, would have made the population in 1868 not less than 60,000. The most modest estimates make it at present a little over 32,000.

This city suffered severely during the war from the disorder in the neighboring counties. Here was a regular border warfarer between rebel bushwhackers and guerillas and Kansas red-legs, to keep up a state of terrorism. Agriculture was well nigh suppressed, and trade with it. A large extent of country was actually depopulated under the orders of the Federal General Ewing, doubtless for good military reasons. Some are malicious enough to say that Gen. E. had such interests in Leavenworth as to make it quite worth his while to give a check to the prosperity of her bustling rival.

I shall not attempt to describe Kansas City. Every time I have visited it I have found it either intolerably dusty or muddy. This time it is mud. These energetic people have had too much work on their hands to think much about such trifles as pavements and sidewalks. What they have answer a temporary purpose, and better will come in time. Men rush about with their trowsers tucked in their boots and ladies—well, I actually can't recollect ever seeing a lady in these streets. Doubtless they are here and do come out sometimes, for I see shop windows full of the goods and knick-knacks their souls delight in.

Seven railroads center in Kansas City, all now in operation and converging from every direction. Two lead direct to St. Louis on opposite sides of the river. Two in the same way to Leavenworth. One to Cameron, and the H. & St. J. R. R. and so on to Quincy and Chicago. The Kansas Pacific runs Denverwards, and last is the Fort Scott road, which looks towards Galveston and traverses one of the finest farming regions in the world.

The new bridge just completed and to be formally inaugurated July 3d puts the city in direct railroad connection with the East without a single transfer.

Nearly all, if not all, these roads traverse extensive coal regions, which must at no very remote period render this a capital manufacturing point. The needs of an immense agricultural region might be supplied from here, and men looking for investments of this kind will meet a hearty welcome. The extension of the Fort Scott Road to the line of the Indian territory will open extensive forests of timber, which will naturally find its way to this market, and promises to make an important business. Texas cattle will also find their way here, and it is not improbable that in a very few years the beef and pork interests in Kansas City may be second in amount to those of no city in the Union.

Kansas City contains half a dozen banks, four newspaper offices (three daily) and some fifteen or twenty churches. One of these papers, the *Evening Bulletin*, was burned on the 28th inst., at a heavy loss to its proprietors. There are penty of hotels, of which the Pacific is the best. Farther up on the hill is a new one, which looks "capacious enough to take in the next generation," but not yet christened nor opened.

Westport, four miles south, once important as the headquarters of border ruffianism, is now an insignificant suburb of what was once its landing. North of the river is Harlem, which has sprung up as a home for bridge and railroad hands, the site is low, unhealthy and subject to overflow, and is not likely to be permanently occupied for a town.

No visitor to Kansas City will fail to notice the stone from Junction City, Kas., so much employed in the newer buildings. When fresh from the quarry, it can be dressed with ordinary carpenters' tools, and hardening by exposure it makes a solid and durable wall. The facility with which it is ornamented leads builders to use it freely, and makes it of immense value to the towns which have access to it. The building now erecting for the First National Bank of Kansas City will be one of the handsomest edifices of its kind in the country, being entirely of this stone, white as marble, and most elaborately ornamented. An establishment here where the stone is sawed with circular saws, planed, and altogether handled as if it were anything but stone, will well repay a visit.

HITTY MAGINN.

ALLEGHENY SCHOOLS.

Regular Meeting of the Board of Control—Text Books Adopted—Salaries Fixed, &c.

A regular meeting of the Board of School Controllers of Allegheny City Schools was held yesterday (Tuesday) evening, June 6th, 1869.

Members Present: Messrs. Barr, Boyle, Barker, Beckart, Brown, Borland, Chadwick, Dunlap, Dennison, Eaton, Francis, Ingham, King, Kollock, Lea, Lockhart, Minneymeyer, Miller, Moul, Mussler, McRoberts, McCance, McConnell, McClinton, Oakley, Patterson, Pitcairn, Riggs, Sprague King Hodson, Torrence, Trimble, Walton, Wilhelm, White, Gerwig, Swift, Braham, Forrester, Hanney, Hardtmeyer, Hillerich, Ashworth, and President Clarke.

The meeting was opened with prayer by the President.

The minutes of the preceding meeting were read and approved.

The First, Second, Fourth and Fifth wards reported the names of the teachers elected.

The reports from the Visiting Committees from the several Local Boards were read and received.

SEVENTH WARD.

The member from the Seventh ward local board reported that in that ward there were three schools, one on Troy Hill, one on Spring Garden and the third at Woodville. During the past year there were ten teachers employed, three principals and seven assistants. The salaries paid were as fallows:

Three Principals at	$900	$2,700
One Teacher of German		700
One Assistant Principal		450
One Intermediate Teacher		400
Four Primary Teachers at	350	1,400
Total		$5,650
Total number of scholars enrolled		717
" Average attendance		438

THE TEXT BOOK QUESTION.

Mr. Swift Chairman of the committee on Text Books submitted the following report.

The committee on grades and text books would report, recomending;

1st That the grades for the ensuing year be the same as those addopted by the Board August 4th 1863, and soon after published in the "Rules for the Government of the Public Schools of the City of Allegheny."

Second. That the following list of text books be adopted for the ensuing year:

Osgood's Spellers and series of Readers. Burt's Practical English Grammar. Brooks' Primary Normal, Mental and Elementary Arithmetics. Ray's Higher Arithmetic. Ray's Algebra, first and second parts. Davies' Elementary Geometry. Mitchell's Geographies, (new series.) Anderson's History of the United States. Anderson's Manual of General History. Monroe's Physical and Vocal Training. Pinneo's Guide to Composition. Davies' Elements of Astronomy. Wells' Natural Philosophy. Cutler's Anatomy of Physiology. Winslow's Mental Philosophy. Woods' Botany. Sheppard's Text Book on the Constitution. Aiden's Citizens' Manual. Bryant & Stratton's Common School Bookkeeping. Loomis' Elements of Geology. Webster's School Dictionary.

MINORITY REPORT.

A minority report was presented by Mr. Ingham, from the Committee on Text Books, accompanying which was the following resolution:

Resolved, That the report of the majority of the Text Book Committee be amended by striking out Osgood's series of Readers, Spellers and Primers, and substituting in place those of Wilson's series.

The reports were accepted.

On motion, the majority report was taken up and considered *seriatem*.

Mr. Barker moved to amend by substituting Wilson's series for Osgood's.

The yeas and nays were called on the amendment, which was decided in the negative, by the following vote: Yeas 13, nays 31.

The question then recurring on the adoption of Osgood's series, the motion was decided in the affirmative,

Burt's Grammar was taken up.

Mr. McConnell moved to amend by substituting Clark's Grammar.

The yeas and nays were called on the amendment, with the following result: 22 yeas to 21 nays.

The question then recurred on the adoption of Clark's Grammar, with the following result: yeas, 25; nays, 19. So the book was adopted.

Dean's series of arithmetics were adopted in place of books recommended by the committee, by a vote of 25 yeas to 15 nays.

Geyott's Geography was also adopted instead of Mitchell's.

The remaing books recommended by the Committee were then adopted.

On motion of Mr. Boyle the Seventh Ward Board were authorized to employ teachers for the ensuing year at the same salaries paid last year.

Mr. Chadwick moved that each ward be allowed to elect a German teacher. Referred to Committee on Teachers and Salaries, with instructions to report at next meeting.

Mr. Denniston moved that the Committees meet hereafter in Common Council chamber. Adopted.

On motion the salary of the Janitor was increased from $100 to $150, to take effect from the first of July, 1869.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES.

The Secretary presented a statement of the receipts and expenditures for the past year as follows:

Receipts	$81,551 72
Expenditures	65,443 91
Deficit from last year	303 81
Present deficit	$4,196 06

SURVEY FOR THE YEAR.

Mr. Francis, Secretary, presented a summary for the year ending May 31, 1869, from which we extract the following:

Total Enrollment	9,397
Average monthly	5,962
Average monthly attendance	4,896
Per cent. of attendance	82 95-100
Per cent. of attendance on total enrollment	52 10-100
NIGHT SCHOOLS.	
Total enrollment	990
Average monthly enrolment	727
Average monthly attendance	421
Per cent. of attendance	58 47-100
Per cent. of attendance on total enrollment	42 27-100
Per cent on average monthly enrolment	56 71-100

The Board then adjourned.

PROPOSALS.

TO SEWER CONTRACTORS.—The Sewer Commission of the City of Allegheny are prepared to receive proposals for the construction of the following sewers, with their appurtenances, inlets, manholes, &c:

CONTRACT NO. 1,

Comprising about 2,000 feet of 12 inch and 15 inch circular pipe sewer, on Lincoln avenue, from Allegheny avenue to Hope street, along Hope alley to Western avenue, along Western avenue eastward to the line of West Common sewer.

CONTRACT NO. 2,

Comprising about 300 feet of 12 inch circular pipe sewer on line of Herron alley, between Montgomery avenue and north line of Denney property.

Drawings and specifications can be seen at the Engineer's office, City Hall. Bids must state the kind of pipe proposed to be furnished, (cement or Vitrified clay pipe,) and must be endorsed "Sewer Proposals, Contract No 1," (or No. 2, as the case may be,) and delivered on or before 3 P. M., July 8, 1869. Forms of proposals, on which forms alone the bids will be received, will be furnished at the Engineer's office. The Commission do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any bid.

By order of the Commission.

CHAS. DAVIS,
City Engineer.

CITY CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, July 2, 1869.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS

Will be received at THIS OFFICE until 3 o'clock P. M. on SATURDAY, July 10th, 1869, for grading and paving the following streets, avenues and alleys, viz:

GRADING AND PAVING

Ridge avenue from Grant avenue to Chartiers street.

Page street, 647 feet west of Fulton street, Fifth ward.

Murdock alley, from Frazier to Fulton street.

Gerst a ley from north line of Third street to north line of Kaufman's lot.

GRADING ONLY.

Jefferson street, from Shields alley to Monterey street.

Sarah street, from Union avenue to city line.

PAVING ONLY.

Evans alley, between Locust and Franklin st.

Wards alley, from Fulton to Sedgwick street.

Specifications can be seen in the office of CHAS. DAVIS, Esq., City Engineer.

jy3 W. M. PORTER, City Controller.

PROFESSIONAL.

G. W. DeCAMP,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
Office, No. 137 FOURTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh, (formerly occupied by Hon. Walter H. Lowrie,) will practice in the U. S. Circuit and District Courts, in the State Supreme and all the Courts of Allegheny county, and make collections in most of the adjacent counties. ja29:d78

WM. B. NEEPER,
ALDERMAN AND EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.
OFFICE, 89 FIFTH AVENUE.
Special attention given to conveyancing and collections Deeds Bonds and Mortgages drawn up, and all legal business attended to promptly and accurately.

SAMUEL McMASTERS,
ALDERMAN,
Ex-Officio Justice of the Peace and Police Magistrate. Office, GRANT STREET, opposite the Cathedral, PITTSBURGH, PA.
Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Acknowledgments, Depositions, and all Legal Business executed with promptness and dispatch. mh18

JOHN A. STRAIN,
ALDERMAN,
EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE AND POLICE MAGISTRATE.
Office, 113 FIFTH STREET, opposite the Cathedral, Pittsburgh, Pa. Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Acknowledgments, Depositions and all Legal Business executed with promptness and dispatch.

A. AMMON,
Justice of the Peace,
CONVEYANCER, REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENT.
CARSON STREET, EAST BIRMINGHAM.
Collection of Rents solicited and promptly attended to. my3:v60

JOHN W. RIDDELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office, 116 Diamond Street,
(Opposite the Court House,)
fe15:t44 PITTSBURGH, PA.

ARCHIBALD BLAKELEY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
No. 98 FIFTH STREET,
ap6:n90:d&F PITTSBURGH, PA

SHEETINGS AND BATTING.
HOLMES, BELL & CO.,
ANCHOR COTTON MILLS.
PITTSBURGH.
Manufacturers of HEAVY MEDIUM and LIGHT
ANCHOR AND MAGNOLIA
SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

EDMUND LARE, No. 124 Smithfield street, Sole Manufacturer of Warren's We Cement and Gravel Roofing. Material for

HENDERSON J. & BROTHERS, 266 Liberty street, Dealers in Drugs, Paint and Patent Medicines. ja5:30

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC AND MANDRAKE PILLS will cure Consumption, Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, if taken according to directions. They are all three to be taken at the same time. They cleanse the stomach, relax the livor and put it to work; then the appetite becomes good; the food digests and makes good blood; the patient begins to grow in flesh; the diseased matter ripens into the lungs, and the patient outgrows the disease and gets well. This is the only way to cure consumption.

To these three medicines Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, owes his unrivaled success in the treatment of pulmonary Consumption. The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs, nature throws it off by an easy expectoration, for when the phlegm or matter is ripe a slight cough will throw it off, and the patient has rest and the lungs begin to heal.

To do this, the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver, so that the Pulmonic Syrup and the food will make good blood.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the ducts of the gall bladder, the bile starts freely, and the liver is soon relieved; the stools will show what the Pills can do; nothing has ever been invented except calomel (a deadly poison which is very dangerous to use unless with great care,) that will unlock the gall bladder and start the secretions of the liver like Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

Liver Complaint is one of the most prominent causes of Consumption.

Schenck's Seaweed Tonic is a gentle stimulant and alterative, and the alkali in the Seaweed, which this preparation is made of, assists the stomach to turow out the gastric juice to dissolve the food with the Pulmonic Syrup, and it is made into good blood without fermentation or souring in the stomach.

The great reason why physicians do not cure Consumption is, they try to do too much; they give medicine to stop the cough, to stop chills, to stop night sweats, hectic fever, and by so doing they derange the whole digestive powers, locking up the secretions, and eventually the patient sinks and dies.

Dr. Schenck, in his treatment, does not try to stop a cough, night sweats, chills or fever. Remove the cause, and they will all stop of their own accord. No one can be cured of Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Canker, Ulcerated Throat, unless the liver and stomach are made healthy.

If a person has consumption, of course the lungs in some way are diseased, either tubercles, abcesses, bronchial irritation, pleura adhesion, or the lungs are a mass of inflammation and fast decaying. In such cases what must be done? It is not only the lungs that are wasting, but it is the whole body. The stomach and liver have lost their power to make blood out of fo d. Now the only chance is to take Dr. Schenck's three medicines, which will bring up a tone to the stomach, the patient will begin to want food, it will digest easily and make good blood; then the patient begins to gain in flesh, and as soon as the body begins to grow, the lungs commence to heal up, and the patient gets fleshy and well. This is the only way to cure Consumption.

When there is no lung disease and only Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are sufficient, without the Pulmonic Syrup. Take the Mandrake Pills freely in all billious complaints, as they are perfectly harmless.

Dr. Schenck, who has enjoyed uninterrupted health for many years past, and now weighs 245 pounds, was wasted away to a mere skeleton, in the very last stage of Pulmonary Consumption, his physicians having pronounced his case hopeless and abandoned him to his fate. He was cured by the aforesaid medicines, and since his recovery many thousands similarly afflicted have used Dr. Schenck's preparation with the same remarkable success. Full directions accompany each, making it not absolutely necessary to personally see Dr. Schenck, unless patients wish their lungs examined, and for this purpose he is professionally at his Principal Office, Philadelphia, every Saturday, where all letters for advice must be addressed. He is also professionally at No. 32 Bond street, New York, every other Tuesday, and at No. 35 Hanover street, Boston, every other Wednesday. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with his Respirometer the price is $5. Office hours at each city from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic each $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists. my19:151-d&F

DOCTOR WHITTIER CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES. That numerous class of cases resulting from self-abuse, producing unmanliness, nervous debility, irritability, eruptions, seminal emissions, and finally impotency, permanently cured. Persons afflicted with delicate, intricate and long standing constitutional complaints are politely invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. Experience, the best of teachers, has enabled him to perfect remedies at once efficient, safe, permanent, and which in most cases can be used without hindrance to business. Medicines prepared in the establishment, which embraces office, reception and waiting rooms; also, boarding and sleeping apartments for patients requiring daily personal attention, and vapor and chemical baths, thus concentrating the famed mineral springs. No matter who have failed, state your case. Read what he says in his pamphlet of fifty pages, sent to any address for two stamps in sealed envelope. Thousands of cases treated annually, at office and all over the country. Consultation by letter, personally or by mail. Office No. 9 Wylie street, (near Court House) Pittsburgh, Pa. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for *two stamps*. ap2

ELECTRICITY AS A CURATIVE.—Dr. A. H. STEVENS has been using Electricity as a SPECIAL REMEDY in curing chronic as well as acute conditions WITHOUT MEDICINE for more than TEN YEARS, with unbounded success. A PAMPHLET, including all particulars, with certificates and reliable references, will be sent to any inquirer.

A few furnished rooms vacant, for boarding patients in the Doctor's family, if applied for soon. Office and residence, 2,001 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA. my13:j22

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world: the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful. *black or brown*. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. my21:j62

EPILEPSY CAN BE CURED—Those having friends afflicted are earnestly solicited to send for a Circular Letter of References and Testimonials, which will convince the most skeptical of the *curability of the disease*. Address VAN BUREN LOCKROW, M. D., 36 Great Jones street, New York. mh19:g28-d&F

THE MARRIAGE RING.—Essays on the ERRORS OF YOUTH, and the FOLLIES OF AGE, in regard to SOCIAL EVILS, with certain help for the erring and unfortunate. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Pa. my21:j63-d&F

ICE.

ICE! ICE! ICE!
WM. KREBS,
ICE DEALER,
No. 55 Diamond Alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Orders addressed to W. KREBS, Eighth ward, Allegheny, will receive prompt attention. Wagons running in Pittsburgh and Allegheny. my15:116

HAIR AND PERFUMERY.

JOHN PECK, ORNAMENTAL HAIR WORKER AND PERFUMER, No. 133 Third street, near Smithfield, Pittsburgh. Always on hand, a general assortment of Ladies, WIGS, BANDS, CURLS; Gentlemen's WIGS, TOPEES, SCALPS, GUARD CHAINS, BRACELETS, &c. A good Price in cash will be given for RAW HAIR.
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hair Cutting done in the neatest manner. mh2 u9

MERCHANT TAILORS.

B. TIEGEL,
(Late Cutter with W. Hespenheide,)
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 53 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.
se26:v21

NEW SPRING GOODS.
A splendid new stock of
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &C.,
Just received by HENRY MEYER.
se14: Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield street.

ARCHITECTS.

BARR & MOSER,
ARCHITECTS,
FRUIT HOUSE ASSOCIATION BUILDINGS, Nos. 3 and 4 St. Clair Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Special attention given to the designing and building of COURT HOUSES and PUBLI BUILDINGS

MARSHALL'S ELIXIR.
MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE HEADACHE.
MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE DYSPEPSIA.
MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE COSTIVENESS.
Price of Marshall's Elixir, $1.00 per bottle.
Depot, 1301 Market street. M. MARSHALL & Co., Druggists, Proprietors.
For sale, wholesale and retail, by GEO. A. KELLY, Pittsburgh. fe1:d89-TTH 5

NOTICES.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO.
TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT,
PHILADELPHIA, PA., April 3, 1869.
TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

All Stockholders, as registered on the Books of this Company on the 30th day of April, 1869, will be entitled to subscribe for TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. of their respective interests in New Stock, at par, as follows:

First. Fifty per cent. at the time of subscription, between the 15th day of May, 1869, and the 30th day of June, 1869.

Second. Fifty per cent. between the 15th day of November, 1869, and the 31st day of December, 1869; or, if Stockholders should prefer, the whole amount may be paid up at the time of subscription, and each instalment so paid up shall be entitled to a pro rata of the Dividend that may be declared on full shares.

Third. That every Stockholder holding less than four shares, shall be entitled to subscribe for one share; and those holding more than a multiple of four shares shall be entitled to subscribe for an additional share.

Fourth. All shares upon which instalments are yet to be paid under Resolution of May 13, 1868, will be entitled to their allotment of the Twenty-five per cent. at par, as though they were paid in full.

my8:198 THOMAS T. FIRTH, Treasurer.

NOTICE.

CITY TAXES, 1869.

In accordance with Section 6th, Page 298 of City Digest,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

TO THE

CITIZENS OF PITTSBURGH,

That the assessments for 1869 of City, City Building, Special, Poor, Business, City School and Ward School Taxes and City Water Rents have been returned to me for collection.

The above taxes are subject to a DEDUCTION OF FIVE PER CENTUM if paid on or before the

First Day of August,

and TWO PER CENTUM if paid between the

FIRST DAY OF AUGUST

AND THE

FIFTEENTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER.

No deduction will be allowed on taxes paid between September fifteenth and October first.

An addition of five per centum will be made to all taxes unpaid October first, and an additional five per centum will be added to all taxes remaining unpaid on November first.

A. J. COCHRAN,
CITY TREASURER, 4th AVENUE.
PITTSBURGH, July 2, 1869. e5:k68

FOR SALE

VALUABLE
SUBURBAN LOTS IN 23d WARD
AT AUCTION.

FIFTY-ONE LOTS, desirably located at Marion station, on Second avenue, in the Twenty-third ward, city of Pittsburgh, fronting on the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad and the Monongahela river, will be sold at Public Sale on

SATURDAY, JULY 10th,

At 2 o'clock P. M. We confidently invite the attention of purchasers to the above property, as examination cannot but convince any party that the conveniences of the city and the pleasures of the country are here extraordinarily combined, having amongst others the following advantages Facility of access, being situated on the Connellsville Railroad and Second avenue, beauty of scenery, having extended views on the Monongahela river, convenience to schools, churches and society, being in the immediate neighborhood of Messrs. Hays, Laughlins, Scully, Anderson, Oliver and others.

Terms of Sale—One third cash; balance in one, two and three years, with interest, ten per cent. of the cash payment in hand. A special free train will leave the Connellsville Depot at one o'clock P. M. on day of sale. For further information and plan of lots apply to

JOHN D. BAILEY & BRO.,
No. 115 Fourth avenue.
H. B. SMITHSON, Auctioneer. fe28:d16

VALUABLE COAL LANDS IN VIRGINIA FOR SALE OR LEASE.—The undersigned, in pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of the county of Henrico, in the State of Virginia, made on the 3d day of May, 1869, will receive PROPOSALS IN WRITING, either for the PURCHASE OR LEASE, from and after the 31st DECEMBER, 1869, for the whole, or any part, of the COAL LANDS situate in Chesterfield county, Va., belonging to the Chesterfield Coal and Iron Mining Company.

The lands cost said Company more than $300,000. The mines which they contain have been and are now being profitably worked by the present lessees, and the property is considered of great value for its coal and iron ore.

The different tracts are known as follows:

"WOOLDRIDGE'S and FALLING CREEK," containing about TWO HUNDRED AND FOUR ACRES;

"BLACK HEATH," NINETY-NINE ACRES;

"BARKER and BRANCH'S," NINETY-NINE ACRES;

"HARVIE and HARRIS'," TWO HUNERED AND TWENTY-FOUR ACRES;

"CULLIN'S," SEVENTY-SIX ACRES;

"MARTIN'S," (one tract,) THIRTY ACRES;

"MARTIN'S," (another tract,) THREE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-SIX ACRES;

"SALLE PITS," TWO HUNDRED ACRES, and a COAL-YARD and LAND attached thereto, on James river, opposite Richmond, containing upwards of FOUR ACRES.

Inquiries and proposals may be addressed to the undersigned, Postoffice Box 342, Richmond, Va., until the 20th day of October, A. D. 1869.

It is recommended that the proposals be made as specific as possible, since the decree requires them to be reported to the Court for its approval or disapproval at the next term, commencing on the 25th day of October, 1869.

ANDREW JOHNSTON,
POWHATAN ROBERTS,
j1 Special Commissioners.

FOR SALE.

12 lots on Centre avenue, on line of street cars; 5 lots on Kirkpatrick street, on line of street cars; 3 lots on Linden street, on line of street cars; 1 large lot fronting on Wylie street; Two 3 storied brick houses 6 rooms each, lot 30 by 100 feet feet on Fulton street, near Centre avenue; will sell the whole for $5,000 cash, or will sell the houses separate at $2,500 each; frame house of 3 rooms on Mahon street, near the avenue; lot 24 by 100 feet; only $1,000 cash.

Two pressed brick front houses, with 6 rooms, well finished, gas and water throughout, fronting 44 feet on Wylie street. This property will sold low and on easy terms. Inquire of

M'CLUNG & RAINBOW,
Real Estate and Insurance Agents,
Nos. 195, 197 and 199 Centre avenue,
Dealers in Flour Grain, Hay, Mill Feed and General Produce of all kinds. je17:k60

"HOBOKEN" STATION PROPERTY
FOR SALE.

This beautiful situation cannot be surpassed for private residences in any direction, so close to both cities, being only eight miles up the Western Pennsylvania Railroad. Any person desiring information about this property can obtain it by calling at the office of the IRON CITY MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, 75 Federal street, Allegheny. Lots from one-half acre to five acres; also, small lots to suit purchasers. There is a good location for a manufacturing establishment, between the Railroad an Allegheny river. je15:k46

FOR SALE.
Near Osborn Station, on the Pittsburgh Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad,
TWO LOTS,
Containing About Two Acres Each,
ENQUIRE OF
W. MACKEOWN & BRO.,
195 Liberty Street,
mh15

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.—Situated in Allegheny township, Westmoreland county, 10 minutes walk from McKeans station, on the Allegheny Valley Railroad. Contains 104 acres, 60 of which are cleared; all under fence; balance valuable timber; underlayed with coal, 4 foot vein. Hewed Log House and Barn; an orchard of 140 trees, grafted; the place is well watered and in a good neighborhood. For price and terms apply to B. McLAIN & CO., No. 104 Fourth avenue.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW OPERA HOUSE.
LESSEE.....M. W. CANNING, Esq.
MANAGER.....Mr. CHAS. H. DUPREZ.
SUCCESS AND ATTRACTION UNEQUALED.
ONE WEEK MORE.
Commencing Monday Evening, July 5th,
and continue every night during the week.
TWO GRAND PERFORMANCES ON THE 6th—afternoon at 2½ o'clock, evening at 8 o'clock.
Second and positively last week of the gigantic
Duprez & Benedict's Minstrels,
Introducing on this occasion the great sensation burlesque,
BOSTON PEACE JUBILEE.
And two new extraordinary programmes by this famous Mammoth Troupe of 26 ETHIOPIAN ARTISTS, led by the great LEW BENED CT.
Twenty-five Cent Special Matinee Saturday afternoon, at 2½ o'clock.
Grand farewell bill Saturday night, July 10th, previous to the troupe's departure for Chicago and Philadelphia. jy5:183

GRAND CONCERT
AT
LAFAYETTE HALL.
TOERGES ORCHESTRA, consisting or 35 instruments, will give its
FIRST GRAND CONCERT,
Assisted by Madame BIEDERMANN, the celebrated Pianist from the Conservatory of Leipzig; Also, by Prof. WILLIAM POPE, at the above hall on
THURSDAY EVENING, JULY 8th.
Prices of admission, $1.00: Gallery, 50 cents. Seats may be secured at the music store of G. F. Toerge, No. 50 seventh avenue, without extra charge. jy3:135

FIFTH AVENUE HALL.—No. 65 Fifth avenue, opposite the Opera House, Pittsburgh, Pa., is the coolest and most desirable place of resorte. Liquors can be had at this place Pure and Good. The Billiard Rooms are on the ground floor in the rear.

PICNICS.

PARTIES GETTING UP PICNICS, private or public, attention is called to the beautiful grounds situated on the Pan Handle Road, at Mansfield. The grounds are unsurpassed for beauty and shade. A large platform, laid with flooring boards and in good order, on the ground. The best of order at all times preserved. Arrangements can be made at all times with the railroad for transportation. For particulars address

ELY WICOFF.
CONTINENTAL HOTEL,
je23:k93 Mansfield.

SUMMER RESORTS.

CRESSON SPRINGS.
Is Favorite Summer Resort,
Situated on the Summit of the ALLEGHENY MOUNTAINS, 2,200 FEET ABOVE THE LEVEL OF THE SEA, will be open for the reception of guests on the 15th day of JUNE. The buildings connected with the establishment have been entirely renovated and newly furnished. Excursion Tickets sold by the Pennsylvania Railroad, at Philadelphia, Harrisburg and Pittsburgh, good for the season. All trains stop at Cresson. TWO FURNISHED COTTAGES FOR RENT. For further information, address
GEO. W. MULLIN, Proprietor,
Cresson Springs, Cambria county, Pa.
jy5:167

STOCKTON HOTEL,
CAPE MAY, N. J..
Will open on the 24th of JUNE, 1869. This hotel has been erected within the past year, affords ample accommodation for nearly one thousand guests and is furnished equal to any of the leading hotels in the United States.
For terms, &c., until then, address,
PETER GARDNER, Proprietor,
No. 307 Walnut street Philadelphia.
je2:k15-WFM

UNITED STATES HOTEL,
CAPE MAY CITY, N. J.,
Will be opened for the season SATURDAY, May 29th. In all first class appointments, equal to any and yet affording to families all the comforts of a home. President Grant expects to visit Cape May this season and will stop at the "United States." Address,
my21:j94 AARON MILLER, Proprietor.

LEGAL.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.
By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny county, I will offer at Public Sale at the COURT HOUSE, in the city of Pittsburgh on TUESDAY, the 20th day of July, 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., all the estate, right, title, interest and claim of JAMES GRACY, deceased, at the time of his death, of, in and to all that certain LOT OF GROUND, situate in the village of Wilkinsburg, Allegheny county, said lot being marked and numbered 105 in James Kelly's general plan of the village of Wilkinsburg, and bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning on Main street, 264 feet from the southwest cor

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE GAZETTE *is furnished in the city the six days of the week for* 15 *cents per week; by mail,* $8 *per annum:* 3 *mos.,* $2.

Committed.—Alderman Strain, yesterday, committed for a hearing Thomas Shields, charged with the larceny of $15, on oath of Wm McClure.

Allegheny Councils.—A regular meeting of the Select and Common Councils of the city of Allegheny will be held in the Council Chamber, city building, this (Thursday) evening, at 7½ o'clock.

Entered by Burglars.—A jewelry store at No. 479 Liberty street, was entered by burglars on Tuesday night and goods, consisting of watches and jewelry, amounting to several hundred dollars stolen.

Arm Broken.—A Mrs. Hamilton, wife of Rev. Hamilton, pastor of the Methodist church in Temperanceville, had her left arm broken, yesterday, by falling from a box while hanging out clothes, which she had been washing.

Narrow Escape.—A young German, whose name we could not ascertain, a carpenter employed on Quinn's new building, Fifth avenue, while engaged on the roof, fell to the cellar. No bones were broken, but he was severely bruised and may have sustained serious internal injuries.

Second Ward School Teachers.—The School Board of the Second ward, city, at a meeting Tuesday evening, elected teachers for the ensuing school year, as follows: Principal, J. M. Pryor, re-elected; Misses McClean, Thompson, Wilkinson, Curry, Allen and Marshall, re-elected. Vacancies occasioned by the resignation of Miss Lewis and Miss McNeill have not yet been supplied.

Minister Deposed.—The Presbytery of Allegheny city, in connection with the Old School Presbyterian General Assembly, at a meeting held in Sewickleyville, on Wednesday, the first instant, deposed and excommunicated Rev. S. R. Kerr from the office of the ministry and membership in the Church for some indiscretion unbecoming the dignity of the ministerial function.

Mayhem.—John Deibold, charged before the Mayor, on oath of Jacob Glosser, with malicious mayhem, was arrested yesterday and confined in the lock up to await a hearing. It appears that the parties, who reside in the Twelfth ward, met at a hotel in the Fifteenth ward, Saturday, where they got into an altercation, during which Deibold bit off a portion of Glosser's ear.

Burglary.—The clothing store of Mr. J. Dietrich, on Smithfield street, three doors above Sixth avenue, was entered by burglars Tuesday night or Wednesday morning and $380 worth of clothing and furnishing goods stolen. The burglars effected an entrance through a transom over a door to a room back of the store and then forced the door between that and the store room open with a chisel.

The Minstrels.—Notwithstanding the warm weather Duprez & Benedict's Minstrel Troupe continue to draw large audiences at the Opera House. Their engagement in this city will positively close on Saturday evening. A grand Matinee will be given on Saturday afternoon, to which the admission will be twenty-five cents to all parts of the house. The troupe is one of the largest and best now traveling, and those who enjoy minstrel entertainments will not regret a visit to the Opera House during their short stay.

Temperance Movement.—A call has been issued for a meeting of all the temperance organizations in Allegheny county, on Friday evening 16th, inst. at Mozart Hall, on Seventh avenue. Business of importance will be before the meeting for consideration, and it is earnestly hoped that each organization will send a representative or attend in a body. A grand demonstration, the nature of which has not been divulged, is being arranged, and from all we can learn there promises to be a lively time in the cause this fall.

Probable Fatal Accident.—Mr. Washington Hawes, conductor on the new line of omnibuses running from Johnstown to Cambria City, was seriously, if not fatally, injured Saturday morning last at the former place. The omnibus, it appears, was about ready to start when the horses became frightened at the locomotive of a passing train, and the conductor, who was standing near them, in attempting to catch them was knocked down, tramped by the horses and two wheels of the omnibus passed over him.

Off for Europe.

Our friend Henry McCallum, Esq., of the well known carpet firm of McCallum Bros., Fifth avenue, left for Europe yesterday. We understands Mr. McCallum intends making quite a trip, visiting Paris, Switzerland, Rome and other cities of minor importance. He also intends arranging his business with foreign manufacturers of carpet, so that their house here at all times will receive their design in imported carpet. We wish our friend Henry a delightful trip and a safe return home to his numerous friends.

Coroner's Inquest.

Coroner Clawson held an inquest yesterday on the body of Mr. Higby, an elderly man, who for some years has been in the employ of the Allegheny Valley R. R. Co. as car carpenter, in which capacity he was engaged Tuesday, at the time he was killed. It appears that he was under a car on the siding examining it, and had neglected to put out the proper signal flag. While thus engaged an engine came upon the siding and struck the car which he was working at and started it in motion, by which he was knocked down across the track and the car passed over him. He was removed to the Greenwood Hotel, where he expired a few hours after the accident occurred. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

Sent to the Hospital.

Yesterday morning, between three and four o'clock, Billy Bracken was found by the mayor's police in a beastly state of intoxication. The officer endeavored to arouse him, but failed. He then summoned assistance, and procuring a wagon, conveyed the drunken man to the lock-up, where he remained until 7 o'clock, when his case was called up by the Mayor at the morning court. The prisoner was sent for, but stated that he could not walk. A commitment for forty-eight hours was then made out and placed in the hands of an officer, who, in order to get the prisoner to jail, had to procure a stretcher, upon which he was conveyed to the hill. The physician of the jail happening to be in when he arrived, examined him and discovered that one of his legs was fractured between the ankle and knee. The case was brought to the notice of Judge Sterrett, who ordered that the man be removed to Mercy Hospital.

THE COURTS.

The Grand Jury and Their Powers—Opinion by Judge Sterrett.

Thursday of last week the Grand Jury of the Quarter Sessions made a special presentment, setting forth a desire to enter upon the investigation of the "common rumor" of the violation of the sections of the penal code forbidding the using of public moneys by officers of the State for their own pecuniary advantage, and asking the counsel and assistance of the court in the premises.

Yesterday Judge Sterrett responded to the presentment as follows:

Gentlemen of the Grand Jury: In your communication, addressed to the Court, you state that common rumor and the public press, here and in other parts of the State, have for several years charged "that the 62d section of the penal code, which forbids the loaning of public money, &c., and the 63d section of the same code, which forbids any officer from depositing public money for his own advantage, &c., have been systematically violated," and desire to know whether you have the power to inquire and true presentment make in regard to these charges; and if you have such power, you request the Court to award the necessary process to bring before you such witnesses as you may desire to examine touching these charges.

Under our system of criminal procedure prosecutions are generally—indeed almost universally—commenced by information, supported by oath or affirmation. Upon this information,—setting forth the nature and character of the offense—a warrant of arrest is issued by the magistrate and the accused is brought before him for hearing, at which the nature of the accusation is made known to him—he hears the testimony of the prosecutor and witnesses face to face, cross-examines them, if he wishes, and may resort to the aid of counsel to assist him. If, upon the hearing, the magistrate is satisfied that probable cause has been shown against the accused, he is required to give bail for his appearance at the next session of the Court to answer the charge against him; and in default of such security he is committed to jail for trial. The information and proceedings before the magistrate are returned to the Clerk of the Court, and from them the District Attorney prepares a formal written accusation, called a bill of indictment, to which he appends the names of the witnesses to be called for the purpose of sustaining the charges contained therein. These formal accusations—thus prepared and laid before you—embrace nearly everything that the Grand Jury can properly be called to act upon. No system can present more efficient guarantees against the oppressors of power or prejudice, or the machinations of falsehood or fraud. The moral and legal responsibilities of a public oath, the liability to respond in damages for a malicious prosecution, are cautionary admonitions to the prosecutor at the outset. If the committing magistrate acts corruptly and oppressively in furtherance of the prosecution, and against the truth and justice of the cause, he subjects himself to prosecution. By the opportunity given to the accused of hearing and examining the prosecutor and his witnesses, he ascertains the time, place and circumstances of the crime charged against him, and thus is enabled, if he is an innocent man, to prepare his defense. These preliminary public examinations and investigations, by which the accused can be correctly informed, before he comes to trial, what is the offence which he is called upon to answer, are of inestimable value. It is by this system that criminal proceedings are ordinarily originated. The fitness and propriety of this mode of procedure, its equal justice to accuser and accused, renders it of almost universal application in the Criminal Courts of our country, and makes it unwise to depart from it, except under special circumstances or pressing emergencies.

There are, however, three or four modes in which criminal proceedings may sometimes be originated, but they occur so seldom that they are justly regarded as exceptions to the general mode of procedure already explained. These exceptions are stated by Judge King, in the opinion hereafter referred to, as follows, viz:

"The first of these is where criminal courts, of their own motion, call the attention of grand juries to and direct the investigation of matters of general public import, which, from their nature and operation in the entire community, justify such intervention. The action of the courts on such occasions rather bear on things than persons, the object being the suppression of general and public evils, affecting, in their influence and operation, communities rather than individuals, and, therefore, more properly the subject of general than special complaint—such as great riots, that shake the social fabric, carrying terror and dismay among the citizens; general public nuisances, affecting the general health and comfort; multiplied and flagrant vices, tending to debauch and corrupt the public morals, and the like. In such cases the courts may properly, in aid of inquiries directed by them, summon, swear and send before the Grand Jury such witnesses as they may deem necessary to a full investigation of the evils intimated, in order to enable the Grand Jury to present the offense and the offenders. But this course is never adopted in cases of ordinary crimes charged against individuals, because it would involve, to a certain extent, the expression of opinion by anticipation of facts subsequently to come before the courts for direct judgment, and because such cases present none of those urgent necessities which authorize a departure from the ordinary course of justice. In directing any of these investigations the Court acts under their official responsibilities, and must answer for any step taken not justified by the proper exercise of a sound judicial discretion.

"Another instance of extraordinary proceeding is, where the Attorney General, *ex-officio*, prefers an indictment before a grand jury without a previous binding over or commitment of the accused. That this can be lawfully done is undoubted. And there are occasions where such an exercise of official authority would be just and necessary, such as where the accused has fled the justice of the State, and an indictment found may be required previous to demanding him from a neighboring State, or when a less prompt mode of proceeding might lead to the escape of a public offender. In these, however, and in all other cases where this extraordinary authority is exercised by an Attorney General, the citizen affected by it is not without his guarantees. Besides, the intelligence, integrity and independence which always must be presumed to accompany high public trust, the accused, unjustly grieved by such a procedure, has the official responsibility of the officers to look to. If an Attorney General should employ oppressively this high power, given him only to be used when positive emergencies or the special nature of the case requires its exercise, he may be impeached and removed from office for such an abuse. The Court, too, whose process and power is so misapplied, should certainly vindicate itself by protecting the citizen. In practice, however, the law officers of the Commonwealth, always exercise this power cautiously—generally under the directions of the Court—and never unless convinced that the general public good demands it.

"The third and last of the extraordinary modes of criminal procedure known to our penal code is that which is originated by the presentment of a Grand Jury. A presentment, properly speaking, is the notice taken by a Grand Jury of any offense from *their own knowledge or observation*, without any bill of indictment being laid before them at the suit of the Commonwealth. Like an indictment, however, it must be the act of the whole Jury, not less than twelve concurring in it. It is, in fact, as much a criminal accusation as an indictment, except that it emanates from their own knowledge and not from the public accuser; and except that it wants technical form, it is regarded as instructive for an indictment. That a Grand Jury may adopt such a course of procedure without a preliminary hearing of the accused, equally true that in making such a presentment the Grand Jury are entirely irresponsible, either to the public or to individuals aggrieved, the law giving them the most absolute and unqualified indemnity for such an official act.

"Your power, you will observe, is limited to the case in which you act 'from your own knowledge or observation,' or upon matters given you in charge by the Court."

In some of our sister States greater latitude has been sanctioned, but in this State the power of the Grand Jury to investigate charges of a criminal nature has never been extended beyond the limits already indicated.

In 1845 the Grand Jury of the city and county of Philadelphia requested permission to send for witnesses for the purpose of investigating alleged misdemeanors in the officers of the Board of Health, which was refused by Judge King, then President of the Court, in a very lengthy and able opinion, from which the principles already stated have been quoted. The doctrine distinctly held in that case, and followed by our Courts ever since, is that the Grand Jury have no power to receive individual accusations from any source not preferred before them by the responsible public authorities, and not resting in their own personal knowledge, sufficient to authorize a presentment.

Within the last few days the Grand Jury in Philadelphia submitted the following inquiry to the Court: "*How far, if at all, can the Grand Jury take official action in cases where violations of law are, by common rumor, said to have been committed by individuals or by corporations when no complaint has been made under oath by any prosecutor before a magistrate, according to the usual practice in criminal cases?*"

The learned Judge of that Court, after quoting the opinion of Judge King, defining the powers of the Grand Jury, the District Attorney, and the Court, proceeded to instruct the jury that they had no power to take official notice of and investigate criminal charges based upon common rumor—that their power was limited to matters brought to their notice in the ordinary manner, or in one of the exceptional modes already mentioned.

If there is any truth in the rumor and newspaper accusations to which you refer, it is an easy matter for some one cognizant of the fact, to make an information and proceed in the usual way. It was never designed that the Grand Jury should be clothed with inquisitorial powers, or be converted into a detective organization for the purpose of setting on foot prosecutions suggested by common rumor or newspaper articles.

If such powers could be legitimately exercised by the Grand Jury, it would be used as a cover for persecution by the malicious and cowardly. Until the Legislature sees fit to so enlarge your powers as to embrace the inquiries suggested by you, it is plainly our duty to keep within the limits which have hitherto been regarded by the Courts as defining and limiting the powers of the Grand Jury.

For these reasons, gentlemen, we think it would be unwise for you to enter upon any investigation on these grounds. I make these remarks without regard to to merits or demerits. In fact I know nothing about the matters to which you refer, except the general and vague rumors which form the basis of your own action. And guided by the precedents which we have been following for the past twenty-five years strictly, I think it would be unwise for the Grand Jury to depart from those land-marks and enter upon the investigation. We therefore advise you that you have have no power to do it.

Oyer and Terminer—Judge Sterrett

WEDNESDAY, July 7—The case of the Commonwealth vs. John Fisher reported yesterday, was resumed and concluded. The jury returned a verdict of guilty and recommended the prisoner to the mercy of the Court.

The next case taken up was the Commonwealth, vs. Geo. W. Hoyle, indicted for rape, Annie Hoyle, his daughter, being prosecutrix. The offence was commited on the 28th day of June, in the city of Allegheny, and the details were too disgusting for publication. On trial.

Common Pleas—Judge Stowe

WEDNESDAY July 7.—In the case of Owens vs. Robb & Herron, a motion for a new trial was made and reasons filed.

Country Homes at Popular Prices.

Mr. D. S. Williams, one of our shrewdest, most responsible and experienced Real Estate dealers, has just purchased the well known and beautiful tract of country known as the Woolslayer place, near Bloomfield. For this large piece of property, containing twelve acres more or less, the sum of $96,000 was paid. Although comparatively high figures, still Mr. Williams proposes to so lay out and divide the ground that eligible sites for homes may be secured at very moderate figures, and on ten years time for payment. These lots are now ready for sale and as property is advancing so steadily in that section we anticipate that they will be greedily taken up by purchasers. The lots are laid out 20 by 137 feet and and are offered at $600 each. The reader will readily perceive what a rare chance there is here presented for investment and for securing a home. Mr. Williams elsewhere in our columns advertises a large number of valuable pieces of real estate, which are worthy the attention of those desiring to purchase. Further information may be obtained by calling at his office in the 17th ward.

Installation at St. Louis.

The Rev. C. A. Dickey, late of the Fourth U. P. Church, Allegheny, was installed as pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, at St. Louis, on Sunday last. Sermon by Rev. S. M. Morton; charge to the pastor by Rev. S. J. Nicolls, D. D.; charge to the people by Rev. Z. Nelson, the retiring pastor. The occasion was one of great interest, and assembled a very large congregation. The most gratifying results are hoped for, from the zealous and effective labors of Mr. Dickey in the new field which accepts him with the most cordial welcome.

OIL MATTERS.

The Great Oil Strike at Tionesta—The Gazette Farm on the Belt—Parker's Landing — The Titusville Herald's Monthly Oil Report.

On what is known as the Jamison flats, about one mile above Tionesta, on the Allegheny river, there was struck on Tuesday of last week an oil well at the depth of two hundred and fourteen feet. Since then it has been steadily pumped, producing on an average twenty-five barrels per day, of light green oil of 47 gravity. Considerable excitement was occasioned in the neighborhood, inasmuch as the locality may be regarded as a new field, although several highly producing wells were operated in the neighborhood in the early part of the oil excitement. Some eight or ten leases of adjoining property have been made, and high figures have been offered for sites in fee simple. Some of the leases have been taken in the borough of Tionesta and Tubb's Run, which flows into the Allegheny, directly opposite the well now producing. Other leases have been secured farther back on the hills, on the Tionesta side of the river.

The "Sower's Farm," containing one hundred and twenty acres, and which attained considerable notoriety some years ago, from its large producing wells, adjoins the Jamison flats, and has suddenly found new value. The wells upon it were abandoned when the price of oil so materially declined as to render unprofitable the operation of anything less than hundred barrel wells, and since then have received no attention. This tract is considered as one of the finest and most desirable sites in the oil region for operating, has the advantage of covering the centre of the belt, and is crossed by a railroad and fronts on the river. It has both high lands and low lands suitable for boring. The "Sowers Farm" is owned exclusively by the Pittsburgh GAZETTE firm, who have not yet either leased or disposed of any part of it as has been announced in the oil regions.

Shrewd oil operators seem to regard the new territory with favor, and are busily engaged in leasing and buying in the neighborhood. The exhaustion of the old regions has forced them to find new fields, and we should not be surprized if other great discoveries should follow in places now little suspected of containing petroleum. The Jamieson well cost sixteen hundred dollars in its sinking, is located on a twenty acre lease, and owned by Messrs. Knapp, Dunham & Gleason.

The vicinity of Parker's Landing is attracting much attention and many new wells are being put down. The daily average yield of that district has been about two hundred and fifty barrels during the past fortnight. Much new development is going on in that section.

The monthly report of the Titusville *Herald* will appear either next Saturday or Monday. This journal is the recognized organ of the oil interests, and a faithful one it is too. Its Commercial Editor, Samuel Blakely, Esq., is a gentleman whose integrity, fairness and honesty of purpose have never been questioned by those who best know him. He devotes nearly all his time putting in hard labor, in gathering data for the monthly report which is a leading feature of the *Herald*. It is generally thought that the forthcoming report will develop an increase over May, but a decrease of several hundred barrels in comparison with April: however, no one can tell in advance of its publication what result the figures so carefully gathered will produce when the balance is struck and the truth made apparent.

A Flourishing Condition.

The "Ben Franklin," of Allegheny, while one of the youngest, justly bears the reputation of being one of the strongest Insurance Companies soliciting the patronage of the public,—a gratifying evidence of the result which is certain to follow proper management in these affairs. The latest proof of its prosperity and flourishing condition is found in the announcement of a dividend of one dollar and fifty cents per share, out of the profits of the last half year, payable to stockholders after Wednesday next.

The promptness and satisfaction with which the business of this company with its patrons is conducted, is the great reason why it has been so uniformly successful and returns such handsome dividends. The Directors are all men of the highest character for integrity, and the Secretary, Mr. Geo. D. Riddle, understands his department so well that all are pleased who have business intercourse with him. The office of the Company is located at No. 41 Ohio street, Allegheny, and for a safe, reliable home institution, we can heartily recommend the "Ben. Franklin" to the attention and patronage of our practical business community.

Death of an Old Citizen.

We are very sorry to notice in our obituary column the death of Mr. Francis Beatty, which took place yesterday at his residence, near Fairview, Indiana township, this county. Mr. Beatty was a very excellent and highly respected citizen. He was, for a long number of years, a ruling Elder in the Reformed Presbyterian congregation of Deer Creek, an office which he filled both with honor to himself and the Church. He was the father of a large family of children, all the survivors of whom are occupying respectable positions in society. Although a very humble and unobtrusive gentleman, his death will be deeply felt in the neighborhood, and lamented by a large circle of friends and acquaintances.

Alleged Larceny.

Edward Burns made information before the Mayor, yesterday, charging Nicholas Hoy, proprietor of a saloon in the Diamond, with the larceny of $50. He alleges that he went into the saloon kept by the accused while under the influence of liquor, and remained until morning, when he discovered that he had been robbed of his pocketbook, containing $50. It was alleged by the defendant that Burns came into the bar room and fell asleep on a chair, and that his friend took his watch and gave it to the bar keeper to keep until he got sober. Burns was then taken to a room, where he remained until morning, when the watch was returned to him. The case was discharged.

In a New Role.

Barney Duffy, the principal witness in the Bell arson case tried in this county some months since, has entered the prize ring. A fight was arranged between Duffy, who now hails from Cleveland, and Burns, from this city, and was to have taken place near Wheeling on the 30th ult., but for some reason it was postponed, and on Saturday last the principals, accompanied by their backers and a number of sporting characters, chartered a boat at Zanesville to take them to Jackson's Island, where the fight was to take place. The police got wind of the affair and arrested the principals and the backers and lodged them in jail.

Meeting of the Ohio Presbytery—Charges Against a Minister.

About two months ago a communication appeared in a morning cotemporary reflecting severely upon the management of the Western Theological Seminary in Allegheny. The article created considerable inquiry and discussion, and speculation finally rested upon the Rev. S. P. Linn, a minister of the Presbyterian Church and a former student of the Seminary, as the author. Mr. Linn is a member of the Ohio Presbytery, and at a meeting of that body held in April last, at Mansfield, the matter was brought up. It was stated that there were rumors afloat somewhat detrimental to the author's ministerial reputation, and a committee was accordingly appointed, consisting of the Rev. John Kerr, the Rev. Mr. McClelland and Mr. A. M. Marshall, (an elder in Dr. Jacobus' church,) to investigate these rumors, and truthfulness of the report in reference to the authorship of the communication. This Committee presented a report at another meeting of the Presbytery held in June. Rev. Mr. Braddock was then substituted as a member instead of the Rev. Mr. McClelland, and the Committee instructed to prepare charges against him.

A third meeting of the Presbytery was commenced Tuesday morning in the Lecture Room of the First Presbyterian Church, Wood street, (Rev. Mr. Scovel, pastor,) at which the Committee, through their Chairman, the Rev. Mr. Kerr, presented a report, embodying charges and specifications against Mr. Linn. The charges were two in number. First, unministerial conduct, and second, indiscreet and immoral conduct. The charges were accompanied by lengthy specifications, together with a list of the witnesses to be called in a trial of the case.

The reception of the report caused a discussion, which extended throughout Tuesday and Wednesday, the remarks at times becoming quite spicy and sharp. The main point of difference seemed to be that the specifications were founded on common rumor and extended over a length of time, which was unconstitutional, and that some of them pertained more to the jurisdiction of the Cleveland Presbytery, the acts alleged having occurred within the bounds of that organization The case was at length settled by the reception of the report with one or two amendments, and the accused cited to appear for trial on Tuesday, July 27, at the First Presbyterian Church.

Leg Broken.

An accident occurred yesterday at the new jail building by which John Kimmel, a stonemason, employed on the building, had his right leg broken and left shoulder dislocated. He was at work on the wall, when the derrick used for hoisting stone, dropped in consequence of one of the ropes becoming detached, and struck him on the shoulder, causing him to fall from the wall into the cellar, a distance of ten or twelve feet. In his descent his leg caught in the scaffolding and was severely fractured near the hip joint. He was removed to the office of Dr. McCook, who reduced the fracture and adjusted the dislocated joint, after which the unfortunate man was removed to his residence on Carson street, East Birmingham.

The rapidity with which PLANTATION BITTERS have become a household necessity throughout the civilized nations, is without a parallel in the history of the world. Over five million bottles were sold in twelve months, and the demand is daily increasing. Rich and poor, young and old, ladies, physicians and clergymen, find that it revives drooping spirits, lends strength to the system, vigor to the mind, and is exhausted nature's great restorer. It is compounded of the choicest roots and herbs, the celebrated Calisaya or Peruvian Bark, etc., all preserved in St. Croix Rum. It is sold by all respectable dealers in every town, parish, village and hamlet through North and South America, Europe and all the Islands of the Ocean.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price. TH.S.T.F.

For Sale at all Grocery Stores.—Marvin's Crackers, Marvin's Jubilee Cakes, Marvin's Milk Biscuit, Marvin's Manilla Jumbles, Marvin's Ginger Cakes, Marvin's Toast Biscuit. Everything in the bakery line that you want for family use. Ask for Marvin's. Marvin's store is No. 91 Liberty street. Wholesale and retail trade supplied at the lowest cash rates.

Lama Lace Points cheap, to close the stock. Bates & Bell.

I. X. L.—Geo. W. Hubley, No. 68 Federal street, has added to his variety of House furnishing goods an entirely new double inverse rotary Ice Cream Freezer, called the "I. X. L," which is a quick and effectual freezer, surpassing all competitors, and cheap. TH

Corsets, Hoop Skirts, Parasols and Ladies' Undergarments, in full assortment and attractive plaids. Bates & Bell.

Opportunity to Make Money.—Twenty men or ladies wanted, of good address, to canvass for the most popular Sewing Machine now in use. Apply, after three o'clock, at Office of Howe Sewing Machine, No. 4 Sixth street, late St. Clair. 7:THS

Low Prices for Summer Goods. Bates & Bell.

Printed P. K's, worth one dollar, closing out at 50 cents. J. M. Burchfield & Co., No. 52 St. Clair street.

Extra Quality Bleached and Unbleached Muslins at 12½ cents. Bates & Bell.

Remnants of dress goods, silks and poplins and wool goods, cheap at J. M. Burchfield & Co.'s.

Constitution Water is a certain cure for Diabetes and all diseases of the Kidneys. For sale by all Druggists. TTHS:T.

Special Reductions in Summer Dress Goods. Bates & Bell.

The place to get White Lime, Calcined Plaster, Hydraulic Cement, is at **Ecker & Caskey's, 13 Smithfield street.**

Japanese Silks assorted plaids. Bates & Bell.

—The National Convention of the Beta Theta Pi Literary Fraternity, is in session at the Supreme Court Rooms at Columbus, O. Nearly all leading Colleges and Universities in the country are represented. Gen. R. W. Smith, of Chicago, is President, and A. Maxwell, of the Indiana State University, is Secretary. The proceedings are secret, but an open session will be held Thursday night in the Senate Chamber, when an oration will be pronounced by Dr. E. B. Stevens, A. M., of Cincinnati, and a poem by Rev. J. H. Lozier, A. M., of Indianapolis. A banquet will conclude the proceedings. Chicago will probably be selected for the next annual Convention.

THE New York *Sun* says: "It is remarkable that Mr. Raymond—enjoying as good health as he did—should have passed the last afternoon of his life in selecting a burial place; and a still more striking coincidence was his saying—as the *World* reports—to Mr. Mekill, on the morning of his death, and when he appeared perfectly well, that he would prefer a death by apoplexy to any other. It is a tradition of the eloquent James Otis, of Revolutionary fame, that he had often expressed a desire that when his time should come to die he might be struck by lightning; and that one day he stood in the front doorway of his house, with the door open, as a small cloud passed over. One single thunderbolt only fell from it, and that struck him and killed him instantly."

MARRIED.

DITHRIDGE—LEWIS—On Tuesday evening, July 6th, at the Union Baptist Church, by Rev. James H. Montgomery, of Xenia, Ohio, GEO. W. DITHRIDGE and HARRIETT M. LEWIS, both of this city.

MERCER—HOLLINS—On Wednesday, June 7, 1869, by Rev. W. P. Moore, Mr. M. B. MERCER and Miss MARY E. HOLLINS, both of Allegheny City.

NOBLE—BLAYNEY—On Tuesday, July 6th, 1869, by Rev. John Douglas, D. D., Mr. D. NOBLE, of Allegheny, and Miss FANNY BLAYNEY, of Pittsburgh.

McNEIL—FISHER—On Thursday, July 1st, 1869, by Rev. John McMillan, at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. THOMAS McNEIL, of Pittsburgh, and Miss JANET FISHER, eldest daughter of William Fisher, Esq., of Allegheny City, Pa.

DIGNAM—O'GRADY—On Tuesday evening, July 6th, at St. Paul's Cathedral, by Rev. J. F. Devlin, Mr. FRANK J. DIGNAM of Columbus, Indiana, and Miss ANNIE O'GRADY.

DIED:

BLACK—On Tuesday evening July 6th, Mrs. ELIZABETH BLACK, wife of the late Elijah Black, in the 60th year of her age.

The funeral will take place from the residence of Mr. J. B. Moore, No. 38 Chatham street, on THIS AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock. The friends of the deceased are respectfully invited to attend.

FOALE—On Tuesday, July 6th, at 4 P. M., JOHN W. FOALE, aged 26 years.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his mother, on Second avenue, THIS MORNING, at 9½ o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

TATE—Wednesday morning, July 7th, at 4½ o'clock, SAMUEL F. TATE, in the thirty-seventh year of his age.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, No. 44 James street, Allegheny City, THIS AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

HIGBEE—On Tuesday evening, July 6th, 1869, from injuries received on the A. V. R. R., J. P. HIGBEE, in the 60th year of his age.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, No. 7 Kennedy's Row, Beaver avenue, Allegheny, TO-DAY, at 9 o'clock A. M. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

BARKER—Tuesday night, July 6, 1869, at 12 o'clock M., SARAH JOSEPHINE, infant daughter of Wm. H. and Amanda H. Barker.

Funeral will proceed to Allegheny Cemetery from residence of her parents, Hillside, near M. E. Church, South Pittsburgh, TO-DAY, July 8th at 3 o'clock P. M. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

BEATTY—On Wednesday afternoon, July 7th, 1869, FRANCIS BEATTY, in the 75th year of his age.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, Indiana township, on FRIDAY MORNING, July 9th, at 10 o'clock. Carriages will leave the office of Fairman & Samson, No. 133 Sandusky street, Allegheny, at 7 A. M.

MCELROY—At East Liberty, J. M., infant son of John H. and Bella McElroy, aged 11 months and 11 days.

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished.

REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D. D., Rev. R. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner of SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $2 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

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SIMON JOHNSTON,

Corner Fourth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

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HENRY G. HALE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that his

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